DISCOVERY
and
EXCAVATION
in
SCOTLAND

1986

Published by
The Council for
British Archaeology
Scotland
DISCOVERY AND EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND 1987

REGION

DISTRICT

SITE NAME (p) Name of Contributor

Type of site or find

NGR (2 letters, 6 figures) Report

Sponsor: SDD : HBM, Society, Institution etc, where appropriate

Name of Contributor (Where more than one, please indicate which name should appear in the list of contributors)

Address
NOTES FOR CONTRIBUTORS

1 Contributions should be brief statements of work undertaken - not interim reports.

2 Each contribution should be on a separate page, typed or clearly handwritten and double spaced.

3 Two copies of each contribution are required, one for editing and one for NMRS to check details.

4 The final date for receipt of contributions in the current issue is OCTOBER 31, for publication on the last Saturday of January following. Contributions from current or earlier years may be forwarded at any time.

5 The Editor reserves the right to shorten published contributions. The unabridged copy will be lodged with NMRS.

6 The Editor cannot normally enter into correspondence with Contributors, and no proofs will be sent, because of the tight timetable and the cost.

7 Enquiries relating to published items should normally be directed to the Contributor, not the Editor.

8 Contributions should be sent to Mrs E Proudfoot, Hon Editor, Discovery and Excavation in Scotland, CBA Scotland, c/o Royal Museum of Scotland, Queen Street, Edinburgh, EH2 1JD.

Please use the following format:-

REGION

DISTRICT

SITE NAME (p) Contributor

Type of site/find

NGR Report

Sponsor: (if appropriate)

Name of Contributor

Address
Editors: Edward V. W. Proudfoot

Discovery and Excavation in Scotland has always been one of CBA Scotland's (formerly Scottish Regional Group) most important contributions to the archaeological record in Scotland. Its success initially was largely due to the strenuous efforts of the first editor, Dr Margaret Stewart, and, although Margaret has not been directly involved with 'D & E' for some years her death earlier this year will prove a great loss.

Changing times have produced changes in provision for archaeology and emphasis today tends to be on survey rather than excavation, as the pages of this year's issue of 'D & E' show. Members have, perhaps, not thought some of their recent projects suitable to record in these pages, but it would indeed be of value to include even small projects, field walking as well as surveys, including graveyard surveys. In fact, a great many Manpower Service Commission projects, not intrinsically archaeological, also may be relevant, for example restoration of historic buildings and castles and many industrial projects. It would be valuable if members could send in such information, so we can compile at least a partial record of such work. Detailed reports are not necessary - and this year a separate format sheet has been included to help those who have not contributed reports before. Contributions should be forwarded whenever ready, but in any case by October 31 for inclusion in the current issue.

Although the standard of entries generally has been improving steadily, a considerable help, for which the Editor is grateful, a number of full-time archaeologists are less co-operative, since they fail to report at all. In these days, when public support for archaeology is urgently needed this is not helpful, especially when so many of the projects are publicly funded. Unreported projects known to the Editor include, Whithorn, Backhouse Burn, Elginhaugh, Strageath, Stidriggs, Isle of Mull, Rullion Green and Loch Tay Crannog - some dating to 1985. Reports have not been received from Grampian and Highland SMRs, Institute of Maritime Studies, University of St Andrews, Border Burghs Archaeology Project, Bradford and other university departments.

Last year the compilers were unable to provide the usual Bibliography, and so we are delighted this year to publish a double-issue Scottish Bibliography to maintain this service to our readers. We are also pleased to include the report from RCAHMS, including the NMRS, as usual. Once again grateful thanks are due to Ian Fleming (not Ian Scott, as erroneously published last year) of NMRS, who checked grid references and helped solve a variety of problems.

EDWINA V W PROUDFOOT - Editor
BERWICKSHIRE DISTRICT

EYEMOUTH FORT (Eyemouth p) D H Caldwell, G J Ewart
16th Century Artillery Fortification
NT 943 649
Limited excavation concentrated on parts of a range of buildings and associated earthworks lying towards the N and E of the promontory and which apparently date from the French occupation of the site between 1557 and 1560. Remains of a substantial rectangular stone structure measuring some 10m NS and 6.4 EW were uncovered alongside protecting earthworks to the W and N.
Sponsor: Royal Museums of Scotland

FAST CASTLE (Coldingham p) K L Mitchell
Kitchen, Well
NT 861 710 (Discovery Excav Scot, 1985, 1)
Excavations have been completed within the room designated as the 'kitchen' to the north of the hall. At least three occupation levels have been established, composed of clay and clay rubble floors interspersed by ash destruction levels. The earliest use of this room appears to date to the late 15th Century, corresponding with the lowest levels discovered in the lower court yard. Fragments of window glass found in the latest floor confirms the use of the room during the 17th Century.
The well, located on the mainland, was cleared out to its base, 3.78m below the surface. With difficulty the water table was lowered by means of syphoning and a large quantity of rubble was removed. The upper half contained over a hundred pieces of timber, but the scarcity of finds in the bottom half suggests the well was cleaned out, possibly in antiquity. Two occupation levels were uncovered round the area of the well, apparently confirmed by coping stones found near the base of the well. The foundation of a low, slightly curved, clay-bonded wall was discovered half-way between the well and the base of Hawksheugh Hill. It is assumed this revetment was built to protect users of the well from falling rocks.
Sponsor: Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society

ETTRICK & LAUDERDALE DISTRICT

EILDON HILL NORTH (Melrose p) 0 Owen
Hill Fort and Hut Platforms
NT 554 328
Small scale excavations were undertaken in advance of consolidation work on the western approaches to the fort. The classification of defensive systems and entrances below is consistent with that used by RCAHMS, Inventory for Roxburghshire, No. 597. Seven areas were opened as follows:-
1) Entrance 2, through inner circuit of defensive system A. The ramparts on either side of the entrance were much degraded. They were built wherever possible along the top edge of natural rock scarps. Their construction was variable in character but generally, deep, rock-cut postholes defined their limits while their core comprised soil and rubble, roughly faced in places with larger stones at foundation level. Rock-cut slots marked the position of probably double gates. The surface of the track through the entrance was bedrock, and unmetalled. No traces were found either of structures or activities immediately within the entrance. A quarry pit was located immediately inside rampart A.
BORDERS

(2) A two-phase, rock-cut hut platform within rampart A. In both cases the rock was cut at the back of the platform and the quarried material was used to level up the front of the platform. In the early phase, two occupation levels containing much pot including one complete cooking pot were found, but no hearth. In the later phase, on the surface of the trampled stone-packed floor, there was evidence of bronze working. There were no structural remains associated with either phase, apart from the cut platforms themselves.

(3) A trench across rampart A and into the interior of a hut platform backed against it. The rampart construction resembled that at entrance 2, but was relatively insubstantial. The hut platform post-dated the rampart. One relatively thick occupation level was discerned.

(4) Long trial trench to establish existence of defensive system C. Only one rock-cut post hole was found, and this may have been associated with an adjacent hut platform.

(5) Trench across site of defensive system C. A discontinuous shallow slot of rectangular section provided inconclusive evidence of a palisade trench.

(6) Trench across site of defensive system B. No construction was found. A steep scarp formed a natural line of defence, made more pronounced by the presence of a sheep track along the top edge. A fragment of a wasted rampart occurs where the scarp was less steep, SE of area 6.

(7) Hut platform within defensive system C. The platform was levelled up at the front with gravel, backed against gently sloping bedrock. Traces of a curvilinear slot were found round the back of the platform. No occupation level survived, but finds of pot, industrial waste and flint flakes were made, and there were scanty traces of a hearth.

A small assemblage of Roman artefacts was retrieved during the work, but in every case, Roman material overlay Native occupation.

Sponsor: SOD - HBM - CEU, University of Durham

ROXBURGH DISTRICT

DUNION HILL (Bedrule p)  
J S Rideout  
Fort, Quern, Stone Axe  
NT 626 191 The final season was carried out from April to June 1986. Excavation of Houses 1 to 4 and the road was completed and work continued on the rampart. Here the trench was extended eastwards and an entrance to the fort was uncovered. The entrance was apparently simple; no gate structure was found. To the W of the entrance the rampart was constructed of soil faced with stone but to the E it continued as a narrow dry-stone wall. Further E two trenches were opened to determine the line of the wall; it continued eastwards before turning uphill, probably to meet with an inner line of defence. The course of this inner defence, noted in earlier fieldwork, was investigated in two trenches. In one, where the wall appeared to have crossed a gully, a bank of rubble projected from a rock outcrop but did not block the gully, suggesting that it had been used as an access route into the fort. In the other trench a low bank of rubble, probably the remains of an insubstantial Wall, had been cut into by an unrecorded house (House 6). The house was
exposed, revealing a ruinous stone wall, similar to those of Houses 1, 2, 3 and 5, partial internal paving and a hearth comprising flat sandstone slabs edged with upright stones. As part of a plan to date the site by archaeomagnetic dating, a trench was opened in a house (House 7), located uphill from Houses 4 and 5, and another similar hearth was found. As in previous seasons there were few finds; they included a Neolithic stone axe from a rampart trench and a beehive quern from a pit in House 2.

**Sponsor:** SDD - HBM - CEU

**BORDERS/CENTRAL**

BOWMONT VALLEY (Morebattle p)  
R J Mercer  
NT 840 195  Area Survey in April 1986 was conducted as a continuation of this project to produce an archaeological map and catalogue of the Bowmont valley. Thirteen sites (field systems) were planned at 1:1000, 63 sites of all periods (enclosures, settlements, etc) at 1:200, and 64 individual structures of all periods (largely houses) at 1:50.

**Sponsor:** SDD - HBM

TWEEDDALE DISTRICT

WARD COTTAGE (Drumelzier p)  
N Fojut, P Love  
Bivallate Enclosure  
NT 139 344  On the slight rise to the south of Ward Cottage is a badly mutilated oval enclosure, some 30m by 50m, with traces of two ditches and intervening banks. Quarry scoops and animal trampling have severely obscured any detail, but there may be an entrance to the N. Best seen from slopes of Tennis Castle, and only then (as when discovered) in low light and frost.

**Sponsor:** SDD - HBM

CENTRAL REGION

FALKIRK DISTRICT

LOCHGREEN (Falkirk p)  
G B Bailey  
18th Century Family Graveyard  
NS 817 772  A small walled family graveyard situated by Lochgreen Farm was recorded during a survey of the area. The lintel above the entrance bears the inscription 17 WS AM & B 51. The first initials are those of William Spiers.

**Sponsor:** SDD - HBM

WATLING LODGE (Falkirk p)  
Roman Fortlet  
NS 862 797  A small excavation was undertaken to the south of the Roman fortlet prior to private development in order to assess the archaeological potential of the area. Terracing for a tennis court had removed all the stratigraphy immediately to the south of the fortlet. At a distance of 16m from the fortlet two large stone-packed post-holes were found. The date of these is unknown although three sherds of Roman pottery were found in their vicinity. 6.2m of the road issuing south from the fortlet were also uncovered. Although not sectioned, two distinct phases of substantial road metalling could be discerned. On the west some kerb stones were found in situ, with a roadside ditch flanking
the eastern side this gave a width of 4.8m for the second phase road.

A section placed across the fortlet ditch gave similar results to those obtained by Breeze in 1973. The Phase II road metalling ran over the silted up ditch; the roadside ditch cutting the fill of the fortlet ditch.

CASTLECARY (Falkirk p)
Mound
NS 914 799 The oval shaped tree covered mound surrounded by a ditch reported in *Discovery Excav Scot* 1974, p63, is a pit ting from the old Laurieston Colliery.
Sponsor: Falkirk Museum

STIRLING DISTRICT

LOCHARD (Aberfoyle p)  P Dale, E Proudfoot, R Mowat
Logboat
NN 465 021 On 14th September 1986 a logboat was discovered on the bed of Loch Ard, 3m S of a previously-recorded crannog (*Discov Excav Scot* (1965), p32-3) and at a depth of about 5m. A section of the boat measuring some 3.7m in length was clearly seen; one end has been destroyed but further timberwork and heaped stones may indicate the location of the other.
Sponsor: Forth Valley Sub-Aqua Club

SPITTAL (Drymen p)  L Main
Footprint Rock (Possible)
NS 507 972 'Footprint' which may be due to natural weathering is located at the western end of a long ridge of natural rock outcrop. Nearby quarry for two millstones.

TOMBANE (Drymen p)
Cup Marked Stone (Possible)
NS 508 968 Single possible cup mark on upper surface of large stone which has been incorporated into dyke.

CARBETH (Strathblane p)
Coins
NS 530 793 Seven coins/counters of various dates, the most recent circa 1951, but including a silver groat of Henry VI found under corner foundation of old building. Modern deposition.

MUGDOCK CASTLE (Strathblane p)
Castle
NS 549 771 Two short excavations undertaken prior to restoration work to north-west tower involved clearance at first floor level. Following the insertion of a vault into the ground floor of the original 14th Century tower, the first floor was converted to kitchen use. The remains of a fireplace arch probably re-using earlier masonry. Slop chute in north wall. Area of original hearth intact in north-west corner comprised small rounded stones of burnt sandstone. Considerable quantity of animal bones (many butchered), clay pipe fragments, and late Medieval pottery. A turner of Charles II was recovered from the spoil tip.

The north curtain wall was traced at its junction with the north-east tower where it was established at 1.45m wide. Evidence of inner cobbled courtyard.
CENTRAL

STIRLING CASTLE (Stirling p)

Demolition Debris and Middens

J Cannell

NS 790 940 A brief excavation took place immediately N of the great hall after pipe-laying work had exposed dense midden deposits. In a small trench, 2.6m NS by 2.0m EW by up to 1.6m deep, the steeply S to N sloping bedrock had been partially levelled up prior to construction of the great hall annexe and the inner castle wall in the mid 16th Century. Above further levelling dumps between the two walls was a thick layer of rubble including two large stone balls, each c 0.45m diameter. The debris may have come from the early chapel, immediately to the W, replaced in 1594. The remainder of the deposits included a well stratified series of 17th to 18th Century bone middens from the great hall kitchens, amongst which was found the finely worked stone head of a bishop.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

CASTLETON 4d (St Ninians p)

R Morris, M van Hoek

Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop

NS 855 881 About 7m SE of Castleton 4c is a single cup and one ring, 8cm in diameter on horizontal rock. It has been re-covered.

CASTLETON 5e (St Ninians p)

Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop

NS 855 881 About 8m NE of Castleton 5a is a single cup and one ring, 9cm in diameter on a very large domed outcrop sloping 20°S where carved.

SOUTH MAINS FARM (St Ninians p)

D H Caldwell, G J Ewart

Post Medieval Pottery Kiln

NS 855 905 An elaborate survey and sampling strategy was completed on this plough damaged 17th Century pottery production centre in order to assess the archaeological potential of one field to the N of the farm buildings. This work saw the combination of a variety of field techniques and post excavation analysis, which included a resistivity survey and the detailed examination of the contents of some 150 sample pits. The material collated enabled the identification of certain archaeological features which survive beneath the plough soil and which include at least two kilns as well as associated trackways, pottery dumps and areas of hard standing.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

DOUHE CASTLE (Kilmadock p)

J Cannell

Cobbled Surface, Circular Vault, Pit

NN 728 010 It is proposed to lay out a new visitors car park on marshy ground some 250m N of the castle. Two machine dug drainage trenches across the E of the area proved archaeologically sterile.

An area 3m NS by 5m EW, in the NE corner of the courtyard between the ruined E range and the gatehouse, was cleared of modern debris. A disturbed cobbled surface, perhaps divided NS by a light partition, was provided with a shallow drain through its entrance into the courtyard. The area may be the remains of a small stable block.

The circular vault of the NE tower within the gatehouse has long been identified as a well chamber. Excavations inside the vault exposed the massive stone foundations of the tower. A central pit filled with dumped burnt material measured 1.65m diameter at the surface, narrowed sharply to 1m. 0.3m diameter at a depth of 0.85m, and continued downwards a
CENTRAL/DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY

Further 0.8m through undisturbed subsoil. Undoubtedly not a well, the pit may have held a large post used in the construction of the tower.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

BARBUSH QUARRY (Dunblane & Lecropt p)

Stone with Hollow

NN 782 021 Large stone, broken on one edge, 69cm by 70cm by 27 cm deep. Hollow probably originally central, diameter 34cm, depth 10.5cm. Hollow well formed, possible mortar stone. At present adjacent to Quarry Site Office.

Stone Object, Perforated

NN 785 025 Stone weight, possibly loom. Broken in antiquity. 76mm by 49mm and 22mm thick. Central hole 20mm diameter. Donated to Stirling Smith Art Gallery and Museum.

KINBUCK QUARRY (Dunblane & Lecropt p)

Two Quern Stones

NN 795 049 Upper stones of two fine rotary querns found in quarry some years ago have been donated to the Stirling Smith Art Gallery and Museum.

DUMFRIES & GALLOWAY REGION

WIGTOWN DISTRICT

BARHOBBLE (Mochrum p)

Church & Sculptured Stone Fragments

NX 310 494 Further excavations confirmed that the east west building in the enclosure is a small single-chamber church built of stone with clay mortar, internally 4.6m wide by 10.8m long with south doorway. It was later reduced to a chapel 6.4m long by insertion of a cross wall and a new south doorway made east of the latter. Positioned centrally against the east gable is an altar with a surviving height of c 0.3m into which were built some human bones. Finds of sculptured stone are a small fragment of cross shaft with stopped-plait interlace of the Whithorn school from the rough paving of the chapel floor, and a cross slab of the Anglo-Norse period inserted in the structure during the building of the new south doorway.

FALHAR (Whithorn p)

Flint Knife

NX 468 391 A slug knife 43mm long in brown flint found during a surface search. With Mrs Vance, Portyerrock.

NEWMILNS FARM (Wigtown p)

Stone Mould

NX 408 551 One half of a bipartite stone mould for a decorated spindle whorl, found in a ploughed field. Glasgow Art Gallery & Museum A8608.

KNOCK 3C & D (Glasserton p)

Rock Carvings

NX 366 405 1m E of the engravings of Knock 3A (Morris R W B, 1979 The Prehistoric Rock Art of Falloway and the Isle of Man) are two steeply sloping parts of the outcrop ridge on which are carved: C) 3 cup and one rings; 3 cup and three rings, one with part of a fourth ring. D) a faint
double spiral; and a small spiral elongated to form a wavy groove that encloses a cup and one ring with a tail from the cup to the ring.

**BLAIRBUY 7B** (Glasserton p)
Rock Carvings
NX 371 414  In between Blairbuy 1 and 7 is an almost horizontal outcrop sheet, now fully re-covered, that shows the faint remains of 2 cup and one rings, one small arc, one pear shaped device with cup and tail, two small spirals, one spiral that ends in a wavy groove, one S-shaped spiral, and a very faint cup and five rings.

**BLAIRBUY 2** (Glasserton p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 372 411  Only 35cm S of the group of carvings described by Ronald Morris (1979) is a cup and one ring (diameter 9cm) with two pairs of short parallel grooves from the ring. One such pair connects with a partial ring, broken off at the rock's edge. The carved surface slopes 10° to the E.

**BIG BALCRAIG 3** (Glasserton p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 376 443  About 150m SW of the now completely covered Balcraig 1 site and in the next field is an outcrop partly split by turf. On it are 13 cupmarks of which 3 have one ring and 1 has three, possibly four rings and a tail from its central cup. This part slopes 11° to the NE.
NX 375 444  Some 200m NW of Big Balcraig 3 is another large outcrop in the same field showing a number of cups and natural solution holes.

**CLAUNCH 4** (Sorbie p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 427 481  Possibly part of Claunch 1 (Ronald Morris, 1979) but sloping 10° to 16° ENE is an outcrop carved with one single cup, two cups with one ring, two with two rings, one with three, and two cups have four rings, all very much weathered.

**CLAUNCH 3** (Sorbie p)
Cup and Ring Rock
NX 428 485  A smooth block or slab, now sloping 16° SW, lies just SW of the wood. It has one cup and one ring and one cup with three rings. There may be two more cups. (Possibly the same as carvings reported previously at Kilstare).

**GALLOWS OUTON 2** (Whithorn p)
Rock carvings
NX 449 420  In the next field SE of the spiral site here is a large and irregular outcrop sloping 11° NE having one cup and one ring with a tail from the ring that is joined to another groove that is cupmarked. There also is a set of two concentric rings, the outer ring very broadly pocked and the inner one being rather faint. There is no central cup.

**BROUGHTON MAINS 2B** (Whithorn p)
Rock Carvings
NX 452 453  In addition to the group of inscriptions on the SW sheet (Rock B) described by Ronald Morris (1979) are 2-cup-and-one-rings, a faint cup surrounded by two irregular rings, and the two part rings noted by Ronald Morris prove to enclose one rosette of midget cups each. In
DUMFRIES

one case there is a faint central cup, the other example has a short groove from its central cup, its rosette being incomplete.

NITHSDALE DISTRICT

CLÄCKLUI KNOVE (Kirkconnel p) F Newall
Homestead
NS 713 159 A complex of rectangular and a sub-rectangular enclosure, and three boat shaped turf wall huts is enclosed within a turf wall.

LITTLE KIRKLAND
NS 732 159 On E bank of a stream, against a turf enclosing dyke are a rectangular, and a boat shaped enclosure.

STEWARTRY DISTRICT

TORRS 3A (Kirkcudbright p) M van Hoek
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 679 452 An engraved outcrop ridge, first reported probably by F R Coles in 1894 (Morris 1979), has been relocated. It bears at least 71 cupmarks, four of which have one ring and one has two rings. There also is a possible single groove. The rock slopes from 3° to 19° where carved.

HIGH BANKS (Kirkcudbright p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 709 489 About 10m SSW of the main group of inscriptions is an isolated cup and two rings, 11cm in diameter and broken off at the rock's edge. It slopes 33° to the S.

HIGH BANKS (Kirkcudbright p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 709 489 a) Some 250cm W of the main group of engravings is an outcrop sloping 4° N with a cupmark surrounded by three very faint rings and some eleven small cups. b) Only 320cm W of the quarry is an outcrop sloping 5° N having a cup and two incomplete rings and two single cups, one of which has faint traces of two rings. A complete ground plan of the whole site will be available shortly. More carvings have been noted recently.

CULDOACH (Kirkcudbright p)
Cup and Ring Marked Outcrop
NX 708 525 One additional cup and one ring, 8cm in diameter, just NW of the main group as described by Ronald Morris (1979). It slopes 14° NE.

ANNANDALE & ESKDALE DISTRICT

ANNAN HILL (Annan p) L J F Keppie, J J Walker
Roman Temporary Camp
NY 192 653 Further work (Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 12) established the width of the E gate at 8.2m. There was no evidence for a gate structure. The ditch on the N side of the camp was located, and the NE corner. The camp can be seen to have measured c 98m NS by c 140m over the ditches, an area of 1.37 ha (3.38 acres).
Sponsor: Mouswald Trust

FIFE REGION

DUNFERMLINE DISTRICT

DALGETY BAY (Dalgety Bay p) E Proudfoot
Short Cists, Inhumations, Dagger
NT 155 834 Two Bronze Age short cists were located by Muir Homes Ltd during housebuilding. The area had been much disturbed on previous occasions, but it appeared probable that there had been a mound.

Cist 1, oriented EW approximately, was luted at the corners and around the top edges. Internal dimensions 90cm by 55cm; 65cm deep. The cist contained a crouched skeleton, head to the E.

Two metres to the E and some 0.5m higher was a second cist. Internal dimensions 115cm minimum length by 71cm; 60cm deep. It contained a crouched skeleton, head to the W, accompanied by a bronze dagger, (Treasure Trove). Fragments of the hilt were found and traces of the sheath were noted. A deposit of powdery material could be seen over half the area, and was particularly thick over the pelvic area. The skeleton lay on a pebble floor.

Both cists were made of local, waterworn sandstone.

Sponsor: Fife Archaeological Index

NORTH EAST FIFE DISTRICT

ST ANDREWS (St Andrews & St Leonards p) D Hall
Clydesdale Bank, 78 South Street
NO 509 165 Monitoring of construction of an extension to the bank was carried out. Natural sand was encountered at 1.4m below modern ground surface overlain by garden soil. No archaeological evidence was noted.

St Leonards School Playground
NO 512 165 Monitoring of resurfacing of the playground was carried out revealing a stone wall possibly part of St Leonards Chapel, 0.20m below modern ground level. (See next entry)
Sponsor: SUAT - SDD - HBM

ST ANDREWS (St Andrews & St Leonards p) E Proudfoot
SOUTH STREET, St Leonards Chapel
Walling
NO 512 165 During redevelopment of the courtyard entrance area of St Leonards School two stretches of stone wall footings (0.2m below the modern surface) and a paving stone (0.4m below the surface) were recorded. Green glaze pottery and bone fragments were recovered from the soil adjacent to the first stretch of wall. The wall was probably part of the original frontage of St Leonards Chapel. (Reported to SUAT. See previous entry)
Sponsor: Fife Archaeological Index

ST ANDREWS (St Andrews & St Leonards p) H McFadzean
EAST BAY
FIFE/GRAMPIAN

Chert Implement
NO 521 163 Found in shingle, a heavy, side-beaked, multiple implement made from grey and tan chert. 74mm by 57mm by 28mm, lightly rolled.

CRAIL (Crail p) D Hall
Kirkwynd Hall, Kirkwynd
NO 614 078 Trial trenching was carried out in advance of a housing development by N E Fife District Council. Natural clay was encountered at 0.50m below ground level. The remains of a stone property boundary wall were located of probable 19th Century date.
Sponsor: SUAT - SDD (AM)

THIRDPART (Crail p) E Proudfoot
Stone Axe
NO 588 068 Area A finely polished stone axe was found in ploughsoil. Donated to Crail Museum. Brought to FAI for recording. 105mm long by 28mm maximum thickness.
Sponsor: FAI

SCOTSCRAIG BURN (Ferry Port on Craig p) R Candow, E Proudfoot
Pounders, Flint Flakes
NO 453 278 On S facing slope on N side of burn in a recently ploughed field small concentrations of stone, flint, shell and bone, including pounders and worked flint.

GRAMPIAN REGION

BANFF & BUCHAN DISTRICT

ABBOT OF DEER (Old Deer p) J A Stones
Cistercian Abbey
NJ 968 481 An application to develop the land between the guardianship site and the estate wall prompted a small excavation to estimate the extent of medieval activity in that area. Some medieval features were found, particularly to S of the Abbey buildings and to W, where the line of the main drain was identified. To E of the Abbey there was no trace of structures, and it seemed that burials may have been confined to the guardianship area.

OLD RATTRAY (Crimond p) H K & J C Murray
Burgh, Castle
NK 088 579 Nearly two thirds of castle mound excavated revealing foundations of main 13th Century phase with perimeter wall including two mural buildings and harbour-side entrance, and a multistoried building freestanding on mound centre. Coin and ceramic dating 13th to early 14th Century. After destruction c 1308 some secondary occupation including possibly industrial kilns.

Large, scale trial trenching in burgh area between castle and church revealed possible medieval to late medieval occupation floor. Pottery kiln found with pottery at all stages of production: 13th Century date indicated by partly fired imitation of Grimston type vessel in local fabric. Magnetometer survey being undertaken to identify further kiln sites.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM
KINCARDINE & DEESIDE DISTRICT

TANGLEHA’ COTTAGES (St Cyrus p)  

NO 768 647  Human remains were reported as being exposed in a section of raised beach 250m SW of Tangleha’ Cottages. Subsequent excavation revealed most of an E-W aligned extended adult inhumation buried in a 0.6m deep grave. The grave had been cut by a pit connected with the limestone burning industry but the presence of blocks of limestone on the original surface of the grave probably implies a date of between 1700 and 1800 for the grave. 

Sponsor: Grampian Regional Council

MORAY DISTRICT

THOMSHILL (Birdie p)  

Ditch  

NJ 210 573  Continuing work (reported Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 19), C M Daniels and team from Newcastle excavated putative gate and found that ditch narrowed significantly but without trace of post holes. Evidence from elsewhere on site indicates that ditch must have been c 5m in width and assumption is that the top metre of site has been eroded by a combination of wind blow and ploughing. No dateable artifacts found but some carbon recovered.

BELLIE (Bellie p)  

Cropmark, Ditch, Paving  

NJ 354 610  On the east side of the Spey behind Bellie Kirkyard, the curved cropmark joining two straight lines, previously noted during aerial reconnaissance, was intersected in five places by C M Daniels. A shallow ditch, c 2m wide and with a vertical face on the outer and a sloping face on the inner was exposed. Parallel to the inner edge there was a 75cm wide pavement of flat sandstones. The ground is exceedingly difficult to dig into and it is postulated that the stone pavement was the base for a turf wall. In view of the scale and precision of the work it is probable that this was a Roman marching camp of unusual type.

ELGIN (Elgin p)  

Hill Terrace  

NJ 211 627  Trial trenching was carried out in advance of a housing development by Moray District Council. Natural sand was encountered at 0.20m below modern ground level. No archaeological evidence was
Butcher Lane, Creamery Site

Pit

NJ 215 627 Trial trenches were cut in advance of supermarket development. Natural sand was encountered at 0.20m below the modern ground surface. One large pit was encountered of possible medieval date but produced few finds.

Sponsor: SUAT SDD - HBM

SPYNIE PALACE (Spynie p)

J H Lewis

Medieval Episcopal Palace, Kiln, Wall

NJ 230 658 A series of trial trenches revealed vestiges of stone buildings outside the N, E and possibly the S walls of the palace, cobbled roads leading to the E and S entrances, and an outer precinct wall and perhaps a ditch adjacent to the S range, SW tower and W range. 120m W of the palace, on the shore of a drained sea loch, were found a probable drying kiln and a wall, believed to be part of an 18th Century cottage.

Sponsor: SDQ. - HBM

CITY OF ABERDEEN DISTRICT

ABERDEEN CITY & PARISH

BAKER STREET

D H Evans

Well, Ice House

NJ 935 065 Redevelopment of this part of Gilcomston led to the location of the old Gilcomston Well, which was built in 1775 as part of a piped water supply to a number of cisterns in the burgh of New Aberdeen. When this was supplanted in the 1840's by a new water supply, the old granite lined chamber found a new use. It was capped with a domed brick coping and converted into an ice house. By the turn of the century it had fallen into disuse and was largely forgotten.

Sponsor: Aberdeen Art Gallery & Museum

GALLOUGATE, 53-59

Medieval Burgh, Industrial Remains, Kilns, Chapel

NJ 940 065 Major excavation in the entrance court of St Paul's Episcopal Church, in advance of redevelopment. The site occupies a key position on the frontages of one of the principal streets in the medieval burgh and backing on to the Common Loch.

Excavation revealed a long and complex sequence of occupation, beginning in the early 13th Century, with the deposition of extensive deposits of midden material. The first yard surfaces were laid down in the late 13th or early 14th Centuries. In the late 14th Century the area was divided into plots by the erection of stone boundary walls. One of these plots was used for some industrial process, perhaps connected with the leather working industry. The entire yard was heavily cobbled, and the bases of at least three kilns or ovens were set into this cobbled. By the early 17th Century the use of the frontages had changed to domestic housing. Excavation revealed the backs of two substantial stone houses, separated by a tunnel entry. Further back in the yards new buildings were being erected in the 'backlands'. In the later 17th Century the frontage buildings were shortened and rebuilt, with massive cellars. Meanwhile in the backlands, partly derelict buildings were
being used by blacksmiths and cobbler's as workshops. In 1721 the site was bought by the Episcopal Church, and several of the plots were combined, backland buildings were cleared, and a new chapel built. Between 1757 and 1782 the street frontage was rebuilt, and a new tunnel entry into the yards was built. Thereafter most of the former yard area became the entrance court to the church. In 1843 a new manse was erected, and finally in 1866 the church itself was rebuilt.

Sponsor: Aberdeen City Art Gallery & Museums, SDD - HBM

ST PAUL'S CHURCH, LOCH STREET
D H Evans, J Stones
Survey & Photographic Record
NJ 940 065 This fine episcopal church, built in 1866-67 by MacKenzie, was one of two redundant religious buildings due to be demolished as part of the central redevelopment scheme. A survey and photographic record of the building was made.

Access to the other building, a mid 19th Century Evangelists' Union Chapel, could not be gained until the day before demolition. Unfortunately in its last use it had been so effectively partitioned and converted into offices and stores that none of the fabric of the interior of the building was visible, and no vestige of its liturgical arrangements was left.

Sponsor: Aberdeen City Art Gallery & Museums

CASTLE STREET, 18
D H Evans
Buildings, Kiln
NJ 944 064 Survey work and excavation on a terrace of 17th and 18th Century housing behind the Castle Gate. Terrace was originally constructed c 1650 and substantially rebuilt c 1750. Further rebuilding at the southern end of the terrace took place c 1830. Documentary evidence shows that the whole terrace was being rented for multi-tenancy occupancy by the mid 19th Century. Excavation produced a useful sequence of post medieval material, including wasters and kiln furniture from a local slipware kiln in the mid 19th Century.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

UPPERKIRKGATE, 42
J C Murray
Medieval Pit
NJ 941 064 Dangerous condition and subsequent demolition of this listed frontage afforded a rare opportunity to examine a frontage site on Upperkirkgate. Natural, almost directly below floor level was overlain by a thin layer (c 3cm to 5cm) of medieval occupation.

A pit, located near the frontage, c 1m in diameter and c 1m deep, had a c 5cm layer of thick red clay lining the bottom. A small amount of 13th to 14th Century pottery was recovered.

HIGHLAND REGION

LOCHABER DISTRICT

ISLE OF RHUM (Small Isles p)
C R Wickham-Jones, D Pollock
Farm Fields, Kinloch
Mesolithic Activity
NM 403 998 The third season of excavation opened a trench of
HIGHLAND

approximately 350 square metres around an area of better preservation identified in 1985. A complex series of pits, together with post holes and at least one bedding trench for upright timbers, were uncovered.

To the N the area of mesolithic activity is bounded by a wet flush, now infilled with peat, originally a running burn. Along its S banks the dumping of both gravel and larger stones took place in early prehistory and a deposit of birch may also be artificial.

Samples submitted for radiocarbon dating from both this dumping and a selection of the features elsewhere on the site. Five C14 determinations were obtained from the 1985 excavations; these provide added evidence for mesolithic activity in the mid sixth millennium BC and suggest that it continued, sporadically at least, into the third millennium BC. Two of the dates place the neolithic clearance excavated in 1985 into the early second millennium BC.

Sponsors: SDD - HBM, NCC, Robert Kiln Charitable Trust, Soc Ant Scot, George Morton Ltd, Savacentre (Edinburgh)

DAIL NA CARAIDH (Inverlochy p)  G Harden
Hoards of Flat Axes & Dagger Fragments
NN 12 76  The deposits of flat axes and dagger fragments found by individuals and during excavations between 1981 and 1984 have been awarded to Inverness Museum following a Treasure Trove decision.
INVMG.986.18

SKYE & LOCHALSH DISTRICT

INVERARISH, RAASAY (Portree p)
Stone Axe
NG 55 35  A ground but not polished axe was found during agricultural work at Mill Park, Inverarish. It is 10cm long, 5.4cm wide at the blade, tapering to 2.4cm wide at the butt, with a maximum thickness of 2.4 cm.
One side of the axe has been used as a whetstone in the recent past.
Donated to Inverness Museum
INVMG.986.009

ROSS & CROMARTY DISTRICT

CHARLESTOWN (Killearnan p)  R Rieder, G Harden
NH 635 485  A ground but not polished axe was found during drainage works in a field close to the minor road along the north side of the Beauly Firth. It is 12cm long, 5.2cm wide at the blade, tapering to 2cm wide at the butt, with a maximum thickness of 1.8cm. Donated to Inverness Museum by the finder.
INVMG.986.026

TAIN, ARTHURVILLE (Tain p)  D Vass, G Harden
Stone Axe
NH 773 811  A ground and polished axe was found during building works at this site. It is 11cm long, 6.4cm wide at the blade, tapering to 1cm at the butt, with a maximum thickness of 3.6cm. Retained by finder.

DINGWALL, HIGH STREET (Dingwall p)  J MacLeod, G Harden
Iron Axe
NH 549 587  An iron axe blade was found during construction works at the edge of this High Street frontage. Found apparently over 2m below the present ground surface amongst a layer of charcoal and shells, it has been tentatively identified as a medieval carpenter’s axe (Museum of London Catalogue Type II). The blade is 15.5cm long, 12.3cm wide at the cutting edge, and 5cm wide at the join with the shaft which consists of a tubular socket 2cm internal diameter and over 10cm long.

Dingwall Museum Trust

NEWHALL POINT (Resolis p)  Mrs Selby, G Harden
Stone Support for Free Standing Cross (Possible)
NH 709 670  A rectangular masoned stone, with a central rectangular hole through it has been discovered whilst digging a garden at the Point. The stone measures some 0.6m by 0.4m by 0.12m with the central slot some 0.22m by 0.1m in size. It was found adjacent to the area recently excavated by D Reed for SDD - HBM where an early Christian graveyard was discovered. Retained by finder.

GLEN OF SCOTSBURN (Logie Easter p)  D W Ross
Hut Circles, Field System - Survey
NH 731 786 (Centre)  A well defined prehistoric settlement and field system, on gently sloping SE facing moorland, recently ploughed for afforestation. Reported by Mrs J Durham.

Hut Circle ‘A’ - ‘Scooped’ house platform, internal diameter of 12.5m NE-SW by 10.5m, with pronounced back and forescarps each 1.8m high, with tumbled revetments. No evidence of stone walling. Entrance on the change of slope to the NE. What appears to be a later clearance cairn on the SE edge of the platform.

Hut Circle ‘B’ - ‘Scooped’ house platform, much obscured by peat. A fairly well defined wall (1.8m wide) with occasional outer facing stones is visible below the entrance on the NE, and on the change of slope to the SW, enclosing a platform 9.5m in diameter. Some 3m outside the wall on the SW lies a distinct (1.0m high) quartz boulder. The contemporary field system of about 2 ha consists mainly of three large interconnected curvilinear dykes forming three large fields, two of which are subdivided by two straight lengths of stoney banks. Clearance cairns occur within the dykes, and outside to the NW.

A small rectangular grouse butt lies close to the forest road.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM

Homestead, Enclosure, Survey
NH 728 784  A group of three probably prehistoric enclosures lie just to the south of the new forest road, in unploughed land. Located by reporter.

Enclosure ‘C’ - ‘Scooped’ circular enclosure partly destroyed by the new forest road. Much obscured by heather, it measures 16.0m in diameter within a strong bank up to 3.0m wide and 1.1m high. It cojoins and probably overlies -

Enclosure ‘D’ - A ‘scooped’ and stone walled oval enclosure. Deep heather and bracken obscure details, but it measures approximately 16.5m NE-SW by 12.5m, within a wall of up to two courses of outer facing stones on the SE downhill side. Large inner facing boulders of up to 0.6m high visible on the upper NW side.

15
HIGHLAND

Enclosure 'E' is not levelled into the hillside, approximately 14.0m in diameter, within a stone wall much obscured by deep heathers, its condition and proximity to Enclosures 'C' and 'D' suggest that it may be contemporary. No trace of associated field systems was seen.

CULBIN (Kiltearn p) A A Woodham
Decorated Crescentic-Bladed Flanged Bronze Axe
NH 567 637 Found after first ploughing of boggy plateau. Finder and landowner have agreed to lend axe for display in Dingwall Museum.

BALBLAIR CHAPEL (Resolis p) D Reed
Burials
NH 708 670 Following trial excavations the burial area under threat for housing construction was examined. Extended human burials were found in EW and NS orientations. Sandstone uprights were found associated with the burials and a shallow circular ditch marked the boundary for the graveyard. C 14 dates from the skeletons were c 10th to c 11th Centuries. There was no evidence of a chapel within the excavated area. Sponsor: SOD - HBM

BADENOCH & STRATHSPEY DISTRICT

LOCH INSH, KINCRAG (Alvie p) J Wordsworth, G Harden
Fieldwalking Collection
NH 827 047 to 829 049 A quantity of flintwork has been collected from the banks of the shore of this loch, largely consisting of flakes and a few cores.
INVMG.985.123-127

DUNACHTON (Alvie p)
Fieldwalking Collection
NH 822 045 A quantity of flintwork and a fine whetstone were recovered during salvage work along the line of a drainage ditch between the new A9 and the B9152. The flints were associated with a layer of charcoal showing in the side of the ditch about 0.2-0.3m below the present ground surface.
INVMG. 985.128-9

KNOCKGRANISH (Duthil & Rothiemurchus p) G Harden, R Gourlay
Hut Circles
NH 915 146 Two hut circles within an area of open birch wood were discovered. Both are small, c 7m in diameter with grass covered walls up to 0.3m high. Neither had well defined entrances.

INVERNESS DISTRICT

STONEY FIELD (Inverness & Bona p) A Ross, G Harden
Fieldwalking Collection
NH 694 455 to 695 458 A number of fieldwalking excursions to these ploughed fields have produced a quantity of flintwork. This includes cores and flakes, 16 scrapers with various edges retouched, 3 possible arrowheads, 9 flints with straight edge retouch, and 5 microliths. There are also a few flakes of quartz and a quartz core, as well as a couple of gun flints. Several sherds of medieval pottery in local fabric were also
INVERNESS ROYAL ACADEMY (Inverness & Bona p)

Fieldwalking Collection

NH 666 418 Several flints were collected during a fieldwalking excursion to this ploughed area. They included a microlith and retouched piece as well as a number of flakes and chunks.

INVERNESS BURGH (Inverness p) G Harden

17-33 Friars Street

Pit, Flue, Medieval Sherds

NH 663 455 A watching brief during redevelopment of this site followed the excavation of two trial trenches in the area (Discovery Excav Scot 1985). A foundation trench by the SW boundary of the site cut through a large feature filled with layers of clay, sands, charcoal, burnt clay and large stones. The feature was probably sub-rectangular, over 3m wide and 4m long. Excavation revealed a stone lined possible flue, 0.55m wide and 0.3m high without any obvious roofing remaining. This stone feature had been set into the base of a large concave sided pit, within which the layers contained a few sherds of medieval pottery and burnt bone.

Sponsor: Inverness District Council

Market Lane, 32A Church Street

Charcoal, Burnt Clay, Layers

NH 666 453 The foundation trenches for a very small building being re-erected in this lane revealed layers of charcoal, red burnt clay, and sand and gravel, reminiscent of the medieval layers revealed during excavations in Castle Street in 1979. These layers were only visible to a depth of 0.6cm - some of the concrete foundations already having been poured into the trenches. No finds were recovered to accurately date these layers.

Sponsor: Inverness District Council

14-28 Eastgate

Watching Brief

NH 668 452 The demolition of this block of shops, just outside the supposed boundary of the medieval burgh, did not reveal any traces of archaeological interest.

Sponsor: Inverness District Council

CRAIG PHADRIG (Inverness & Bona p) D Gentles, G Harden

Iron Age Hill Fort

NH 640 453 Part of the trench excavated in 1972 at the NE end of the fort by Small & Cottam (Discovery Excav Scot 1973) was reopened to allow archaeomagnetic dating to take place. This project was part of a research programme by Doug Gentles of the Physics Department of Newcastle University from whom further information may be sought.

BUNTAIT (Kiltarlity & Convinth p) G Harden

Hut Circle

NH 402 314 To the north of an area of known field clearance heaps (NH 43 SW 4) is a single hut circle. It is c 8m in diameter, with the wall surviving to c 0.3m in height, a possible entrance to the south.
HIGHLAND

NAIRN DISTRICT

EASTER GALCANTRAY (Croy & Dalcoross p) G D B Jones, I Keillar
Ditch, Post Holes, Pottery
NH 810 483 (Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 27) Further excavation by Pro-
Fessor Jones confirms general Roman appearance of ditch. Evidence of
manual backfilling. Many square post holes, massively chocked, in
interior of site. The only pottery which is easily identifiable appears
to be Medieval. Topographical and geological investigations continue.
Carbon dating still awaited. Further work necessary to conclusively
establish the character of this controversial site.

NAIRN PARISH
Aerial Reconnaissance
NH 875 555 to NH 855 535 Stretching south west from Nairn for a
distance of 3km a complex of huts, large defended enclosure, and what
appear to be many barrows, including a square enclosure similar to the
Heathrow Romano-British site.

SUTHERLAND DISTRICT

SHEIGRA (Eddrachilles p) J R Sherriff
Cairns
NC 205 621 On moorland about 300m W of the recorded cairn at NC 208 620
are two cairns each measuring about 5m to 6m in diameter and 0.6m high.

KEOLDALE (Durness p)
Cairn
NC 390 663 Situated on the summit of a small glacial knoll to the SE of
the main road is a small turf covered boulder cairn measuring 6m in
diameter.

LAIRG (Lairg p) D Reed, D Ross
Bronze Age Hut Circle
NC 594 049 A survey of a bronze age hut circle was carried out in
advance of road realignment. The building was turf covered with a
maximum wall height of 7m, a diameter of 12m and a possible entrance on
the east side.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM

CARNLIATH (Golspie p) P Love
Broch
NC 870 013 Excavation prior to consolidation at this Guardianship site
examined outworks to the NW of the broch. Despite thorough Victorian
disturbance, a tentative chronology was established for the site. The
Bronze Age was represented by a beaker fragment and later cist with food
vessel and shale washer necklace. Pre-broch settlement, shown by post
holes, predated the construction of the broch and attendant ring wall,
while later Iron Age activity included the division into outbuildings of
the area between the broch and outer wall by the addition of cross walls.
A previously unrecorded circuit wall was identified downslope of the main
outworks, and the site produced evidence of shale and iron working.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM
CAITHNESS DISTRICT

DALE MOSS, WESTERDALE (Halkirk p) A Foxon
Carved Stone Ball
ND 13 51 Marshall (Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 108 (1976-77), 40-42) Type 9c, 6 domed bosses each with cross-hatching, the interspaces decorated with incised lines following the shape of the bosses and a central dot. Found 6ft down in a peat moss during hand cutting of peat in about 1910 by a farm worker. In private hands.

LOTHIAN REGION

CITY OF EDINBURGH DISTRICT

CRAHOND ROMAN FORT (Edinburgh p) N Holmes
Watching Brief
NT 190 766 Contractors' excavations on the site of the former café at the corner of Crahand Glebe Road and Crahand Road North revealed no trace of Roman occupation. The only feature located comprised a number of large boulders, apparently laid deliberately. A sherd of medieval pottery was found wedged between two of the boulders.

Roman Road, Associated Buildings, Coins
NT 192 768 Excavation was completed in the area to the E of the fort, where work had been carried out by Mr C Hoy on behalf of the Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society (Discovery Excav Scot, 1981, 85). Details of the road and drainage gullies were recorded, indicating a continuous process of repairs and partial relaying which appear to have kept it in use until comparatively recently. In addition post-Roman structural remains were located. [Shortened from a long report, Ed]
Sponsor: City of Edinburgh District Council

EDINBURGH CASTLE (Edinburgh p) D Grove
Butts Battery
NT 251 735 An early 18th Century gun battery, excavated to examine the gun platforms and their relationship to the surrounding levels. The discovery of earlier, more substantial platforms 450mm below the present ground level seems to indicate a remodelling of the battery, probably in the mid 19th Century, (when a road was build close to the E of this battery). This is supported by the artifactual evidence and a close examination of the surrounding architectural detail. A general rise in the level of the Castle wall at this point is evident and the turnpike stair leading from this battery to the western defences (both the stairway and the turret housing the stair) were raised, which was also associated with a rise in ground level, and consequently the gun platforms.

Sallyport Guardhouse
A Mid 18th Century Building
In advance of consolidation and display the Sallyport or Back Guard house on the western defences was excavated. The excavation revealed a single chambered building 5m by 5.5m with a doorway to the W. No internal divisions were detected, the only internal features were the fireplace, forming a projection to the N in the N wall, and a central brick drain, running from the E wall straight through the building and out under the
LOTHIAN

threshold stone. A shallow stone cut drain runs along the W side of the building and originally returned at both N and S corners, but both have been truncated.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM

EAST LOTHIAN DISTRICT

TRAPRAIN LAW (Prestonkirk p) P Strong
Fort, Rampart
NT 581 746 Excavation of a short sector of the lower rampart at the E end of Treprain Law revealed at least three phases in the construction commencing with two parallel palisade trenches replaced by a bank and a ditch. Over these a further earthen bank with an outer stone revetment was built after a period of abandonment. This later refurbishment may be connected with an area of large flat slabs set tightly together on the line of the bank and a posthole, suggesting the possibility of a gateway.
Sponsor: East Lothian Antiquarian & Field Naturalists Society

LONG CRAIGS (Dunbar p) R M Spearman
Long Cist Burial
NT 664 792 In May 1986 human bones in a stone slab cist were discovered by a member of the public at the base of the sea cliff at Long Craigs. Excavation revealed a long cist partially destroyed by marine action. The cist had been inserted into soil on top of a once more extensive storm beach and had subsequently been covered by landslides from the sea cliff. These landslides made it impossible to fully excavate the burial and only the lower half of the skeleton could be removed. The body had been laid on its back with its head to the SW. Lintel stones of the cist were 70cm across. No artefactual remains were found in the grave. The bones are in the Archaeological Bone Collection of the Royal Museum of Scotland and a full report has been deposited in the National Monuments Record of Scotland.
Sponsor: Royal Museum of Scotland

MID LOTHIAN DISTRICT

SOWBURN RIG (Borthwick p) R C Callander
Cairnfield
NT 347 557 (Centre) Near the headwaters of Middleton South Burn 370m SW of Sowburnrig (centre of Cairnfield), 285m above OD, on level ground to the NW of the Moorfoot Hills in an area of unimproved peat moorland is a cairnfield of some 50 cairns about 160m NS by 70m EW. Averaging between 2m and 4m in diameter and generally less than 0.5m high. Practically all the cairns are peat covered, the depth averaging 0.2m.

WEST LOTHIAN DISTRICT

NIDDRY CASTLE (Kirkliston p) J Reid
Dressed Stones, Building Remains
NT 095 743 The excavation began in June 1986, to search for dressed and carved stones for use in restoration work at Niddry Castle. More than 400 such stones, from fireplaces, door lintels, jambs, sills, corbels, which were originally in the Castle, have been found. They had been
incorporated into the farmhouse.

In addition ten quoin stones of Jacobean design, originating from Stanyhill Tower house on the Hopetoun Estate were found, incorporated into farm buildings.

Victorian pottery, tools, nails, roof tiles, horseshoes, a saddle, and bones have been found. A flagstone floor of a building with upright timber sleeper beams (300mm by 100mm) has been found, but is not yet dated.

**ORKNEY ISLANDS AREA**

**GARSON SHORE** (Stromness p)  
*D S Lynn, B Bell*

Settlement  
HY 268 092 Further pottery finds were made in January 1986. These included a rim sherd which has been identified as probable Unstan ware. Therefore a neolithic provenance, with some affinity to Knap of Howar, is suggested. All finds are deposited in Tankerness House Museum (Accession No THM 1986.01) with a fuller updated report. Sponsor: North of Scotland Archaeological Services

**BARNHOUSE** (Stenness p)  
*C Richards*

Neolithic Settlement  
HY 306 124 The first season of major excavation commenced this spring after trial excavation had revealed the remains of a large, late Neolithic settlement, being severely damaged through annual ploughing. Four structures have been recognised in a confined area of investigation, being part of a larger settlement complex lying adjacent to the Loch of Harray. Large amounts of grooved ware, flint and bone have been recovered, together with stone axes, skail knives and a macehead. An important discovery is that of worked pitchstone, being the first examples from Orkney. A final season of excavation is planned for the coming spring. Interim reports will be available from the contributor. Sponsor: SDD - HBM

**ORKNEY SURVEY PROJECT - SUMMARY**  
Transect M3, Mainland

A programme of fieldwork and excavation was initiated in 1984, specifically designed to locate Neolithic settlement patterns within a transect running through Sandwick, Stromness, Stenness and Orphir, mainland. Systematic fieldwalking, employing a strategy of runs 25m apart and 50m in length, is utilised to detect surface scatters of material culture which may relate to various levels of Neolithic settlement and activity areas. This field method is supported by geophysical survey and small scale sampling excavation.

**BARNHOUSE** (Stenness p)  
Neolithic Settlement  
HY 306 126 A large discreet surface scatter of flint, burnt bone and stone was located adjacent to the Loch of Harray, approximately 150m N of the Stones of Stenness, covering approximately 65m by 90m. A complete surface collection and geophysical survey was undertaken in March 1985. This produced a large amount of worked flint, burnt animal bones, two polished stone axes and a single piece of Arran pitchstone. A large number of magnetic anomalies were revealed by the geophysical survey.
which coincided with surface densities of material. Therefore areas of 5m by 6m, 2m by 5m and 1m by 10m were excavated to examine particular magnetic anomalies, which revealed an undisturbed Neolithic land surface beneath the ploughsoil. In this surface were set the lowest stone courses of cellular buildings of similar nature to Skara Brae. Bounded by the drystone walling were areas of redeposited clay, occasionally burnt. Pits and hearths were noted external to the structures.

Finds include approximately 180 sherds of grooved ware, 100 flints, numerous burnt bone of deer and bos, fragment of polished stone axe (import) and stone knives, potlids and hammerstones. Significantly the grooved ware decoration is produced solely by incision, typical of the earliest phase of Skara Brae. Both decoration and certain fabrics are identical to those recovered at the adjacent Stones of Stenness.

SEATTER FARM 1 (Stromness p)
Flint Scatters
HY 262 128 A large, clearly defined scatter of flint and burnt animal bone, located on a south facing slope near Seatter farmhouse. The flint assemblage appears to contain both a Neolithic and Mesolithic component.

Farm 2
HY 267 128 A clearly defined scatter of flint, stone and burnt animal bones located on a southerly slope, adjacent to the Loch of Stenness. Total surface collection produced significant spatial variation in the densities of different materials. Geophysical survey by proton magnetometer revealed discreet sub-surface features. The flint assemblage consists of retouched and waste material. A Neolithic date for this site is indicated by the presence of one complete and two fragments of polished stone axe.

QUEENA CROSSROADS (Sandwick p)
HY 261 166 A small scatter of flintwork, the entire assemblage being formed of waste flakes.

SKAILL HOME FARM (Sandwick p)
HY 234 183 Undefined spread of flint and animal bone. A single example of the small Skara Brae type scraper may suggest a relationship between the two sites. Skara Brae lies approximately 500m to the NW.

UNSTAN (Stenness p)
HY 284 117 Small concentration of flints, situated approximately 150m NE from the Tomb of Unstan.

SWANBISTER HOUSE 1 (Orphir p)
HY 354 053 Undefined spread of flints, mainly scrapers and retouched pieces. Also a flake of fine polished stone axe.
House 2
HY 352 058 Undefined spread of retouched and waste flakes.


TOFTS NESS (Lady p) - S J Dockrill
Bronze Age Settlement Mound
HY 760 470 Excavation continued in advance of agricultural improvement,
ORKNEY/SHETLAND

and revealed a well preserved round house and annexe surrounded by a burled soil containing evidence of ard cultivation. Dating evidence suggests a late bronze age context for this building complex. Trenches transecting the S and E edges of the mound produced evidence of two structures and substantial midden deposits dating to the early bronze age.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

SHETLAND ISLES AREA

KEBITSTER (Tingwall p)

O Owen, C Lowe

Settlement

HU 457 455 A fourth period of excavation took place. The exterior of the substantial post-medieval structure was investigated. It was founded on massive stone blocks which protruded below the bottom course of the 1m wide walls, and is likely to have been a two-storeyed building. There was only one entrance at the western end. Above the door a richly decorated armorial panel of sandstone was built into the wall. The work is sophisticated, shows ecclesiastical influences, and is likely to date from the late 15th Century or early 16th Century on stylistic grounds. It bears the Latin inscription 'sine paulusper'. A small gold tag was dropped just outside the door.

The remains of later stone built sheds were found backed against the S wall of the large house, but these were in use after its abandonment. The house cut through the remains of earlier medieval, rectangular stone structures, contained within an enclosure wall. Midden material found outside and stratigraphically below the western entrance of the large house is likely to date from the Norse period. The house overlay a sub-rectangular wooden structure, aligned W to E, which may conceivably be the remains of an early Christian Chapel. Wood lined boxes were found beyond the eastern wall of this structure. A piece of porfido verde antique, possibly part of a reliquary base, such as those known from St. Ninian's Isle and Jarrow, was found nearby.

Immediately N of the large house a stone built, multi-cellular structure of at least two phases was located. It is likely to date from the late Iron Age on the basis of its pottery and structural type. The major linear cell had a paved floor overlying a clay floor with a hearth. The entrance was probably in the west. The building was infilled with destruction material and much burnt stone. As with all areas at Kebister, it was rich in artefactual remains. To the E of this structure there was an area densely packed with complex negative features, pits, troughs, postholes, gullies and drains, often superimposed on each other, and many cutting a thick spread of burning. E of these features, part of a well built stone platform located in the section, indicates that there may still be more structures to unearth at Kebister.

Prehistoric cultivation marks were found below all areas excavated in 1986 to the N of the large house.

Three thermoluminescent survey dates for the earliest structure so far excavated have been obtained, and they all suggest that it is Neolithic.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM - CEU

BYRELANDS (Dunrossness p)

H Exton

Pres Soc of Antiquaries of Scotland
SHETLAND

HU 381 160 [Excavation by contributor] Oval in plan, house and enclosure 30m by 17m. House 17m by 8m, with two hearths, two principal chambers and about four smaller recesses. Entrance towards NNE away from the worst weather, located at the junction of the house wall and the enclosure wall. House wall average thickness 2.5m existing to an average height of 0.8m with inner and outer sandstone faces of rough blocks and with a core of a mixture of earth, rubble and peat ash. The enclosure is bounded by a single wall of average thickness 0.4m. The site is located about 200m to the N of the Loch of Brow on a steep slope. Principal finds - heavy sherds of black, carinated pottery with steatite tempering, characteristic of the 6th Century BC. Rough stone tools and other artifacts, with some indication of iron working. A small hone and other stone tools partially smoothed. Incomplete steatite pendant made from a broken armlet. A specimen of pure willow charcoal 8 grams in weight from traces of intrusive fire in part of collapsed wall core. An ovoid piece of prepared clay about 3 kg in weight. Numerous quartz scrapers and cores, two pieces of a split flint pebble and three pieces of black pumice. The excavation has been taken down to about six inches above the original land surface. No evidence of any other occupation has been found. This site has a rather larger enclosure than usually associated with a dwelling of this type and appears to have been abandoned prior to any overlay of later fort or broch architecture.

Lower occupation layer exposed, probably Bronze Age (radiocarbon dating awaited) on site of dwelling only, not enclosure. Average depth below upper occupation layer 7 inches. Lower layer consists entirely of very hard clay floor uniformly associated with red peat ash. (Full report lodged with NMRS, Ed)

BRECKS (Dunrossness p)
Settlement
HU 396 149 A sub-oval grassy mound approximately 20m by 11.5m. The long axis is roughly in a southeasterly direction and the surviving height of the perimeter is about 0.75m, with a suggestion of an entrance towards the SE. The site is approximately 33m S of croft buildings.

HELIR (Northmavine p)
Promontory Structure
HU 382 924 On a flat topped promontory linked to the shore by a cliffed and dangerous ridge, a rectilinear enclosure, now turf covered, approximately 25m by 20m. Within the enclosure, abutting the landward side, are foundations of a sub-divided rectangular structure approximately 5m by 15m.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM

SUAE FIELD (Nesting p) R Leask, M Blance, B Smith, N Fojut
Prehistoric House & Boundaries
HU 461 516 Oval house c 10m by 8m, with entrance to SSW and traces of internal alcoves. A small irregular yard is defined by large boulders, and a much larger area surrounding the site is partially defined by stone walling; robbed out on the SE. A small spring lies immediately outside the inner yard.

FINNISTER (Nesting p)
Prehistoric Houses & Walling
HU 464 516 Double celled house, fairly well preserved, with traces of a
SHETLAND/STRATHCLYDE

Linking passageway and internal orthostats suggesting a 'clover leaf' plan for each element. The cells are rather small, each about 4m by 3m. Traces of discontinuous walling, possibly field boundaries, are visible nearby.

Two further houses, almost entirely ruined, lie downslope near the margin of present-day cultivated land.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

STRATHCLYDE REGION

ARGYLE & BUTE DISTRICT

BUTE, RHUBODACH (North Bute p) A Foxon
Bronze Dagger
NS 02 73 Bronze hook tang dagger of Cypriot origin, probably early Middle Cypriot. Found eroding from a bank of earth 1945-46. (Discovery Excav Scotland 1976, 68). Glasgow Art Gallery & Museum A8624.

ROTHESAY (N Bute p) P Holdsworth
Mill Street
Trial excavation
NS 086 645 Trial excavation in advance of development revealed that basements to 19th Century cottages had destroyed any archaeological deposits at street frontage where natural was encountered at 0.70m. At the back of the plots was a rich brown soil devoid of finds.
Sponsor: SUAT - SDD (AM)

SURVEY OF CUP MARKS - Buteshire Natural History Society

LENIHALL (N Bute p) D Boag
Cup Marks
NS 01 67 On edge of raised beach, boulder with one 4in cup, one 6in cup and one 7in cup with ring; 4 other cup marks.
NS 01 67 4 cups on earthfast boulder at the edge of the raised beach.
NS 01 67 Boulder with 2 cup marks, N of burn near the shore.
NS 013 682 One cup mark on upstanding stone 4ft high; on hill above ruined farm house.

GLENMORE FARM (N Bute p)
NS 026 698 1 cup mark on boulder on hill above the farm.

SCARREL (N Bute p)
Cup Mark
NS 022 664 Cup mark on boulder which has been moved.

UPPER ETTRICK (N Bute p)
NS 036 675 Two stones, one about 15ins by 8 ins built into the walls of the farm yard, with cup marks.
NS 039 682 Two fairly large cup marks on earth fast boulder 5ft by 3ft.

ARDNAHOE (Kingarth p)
NS 066 574 Fairly large cup mark on side of cave. 18 cups found on cliff face outside cave 1985.
STRATHCLYDE

LITTLE KIMORY (N Bute p)  
NS 040 594  One cup and ring and one cup mark on rough schist rock near the shore.

KILMICHAEL (N Bute p)  
NS 00 70  15 cup marks on out crop of schist; cups found under turf so are deep and clear cut.

Neolithic Axe Head  
NR 99 73  Black stone polished axe head, evenly made and very smooth, 16cm long, 5cm wide, tapering to 3.5cm at butt end; chipped at butt end but water rolled, smoothed. No sign of use on sharpened end. Irish type. Found below highwater mark on shore.

LENIHULINE (N Bute p)  
NS 006 693  15 cup marks on lintel stone which has collapsed over the chamber of the Neolithic burial cairn (Henshall But 3).

KERRYTONIA (Kingarth p)  
D Marshall  
Bronze Age Cairns  
NS 111 563  Two small Bronze Age cairns were ploughed out by farmer, very few stones found in them. Reported by Bryce, PSAS Vol XXXVIII, p74.

GLECKNABAE (N Bute p)  
W F Cormack  
Mesolithic Core  
NS 007 682  Among the shells eroding from beneath the neolithic chambered cairn here was found a flint core 35mm high. Chalky white patina and small bladelet scars probably indicate mesolithic period. In Rothesay Museum.

LITTLE KILCHATTAN (Kingarth p)  
Mesolithic Site  
NS 105 565  A dark patch about 75m long on the top of the bluff, beside a stream, yielded about 200 patinated and stained flints, including cores, scrapers, blades and two microliths. An unpatinated thumb nail scraper with Mrs. Lyon, Little Kilchattan; remainder in Rothesay Museum.

DUNLOSKIN (Dunoon & Kilmun p)  
E B Rennie  
Recessed Platform  
NS 161 789  Platform 24 of the Dunloskin-Ardnadam Group was excavated. The platform had been initially built to support a timber framed hut whose dimensions were 8.5m by 7.5m. The position of the post holes had been fixed and the stonework of the platform then built around the front posts. This front revetment was built of large boulders and had stood over 1m high. After the abandonment of the hut, there was an extensive collapse of the revetment and a 'slumping' of the earthen back bank over the rear floor.

No dating material was found from Period 1, and so only the amount of collapse and the consolidation of the 'slumping' indicates that a considerable period of time elapsed between the two periods and between the 2nd period and the present. Platform 24 is in the same group of Recessed Platforms as Platform 9.

C14 Dates
Platform 9  
NS 164 789  (Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 37) Charcoal from the hearth of
the Period 1 floor has now been dated:

**GU - 2063** Dunloskin Hill, Platform 9 DP9/24 - 4725 ± 150bp

**GU - 2064** Dunloskin Hill, Platform 9 DP9/24 - 4570 ± 150bp

Sponsor: Cowal Archaeological Society

**CARRADALE (Saddell & Skipness p)**

Charcoal, Pits, Stone, Sherds

NR 792 386 In December 1985 charcoal layers and pits were noticed in a section in the river bank where a loop of the Carradale Water has been enlarged and altered in shape over the last twenty years. Site 'A' presents a dense black layer of solid charcoal sloping steeply down from present ground level for more than a metre and levelling out just above boulder clay. Following the same direction is a broad band of brown soil containing charcoal and fragments of human bone. A hammerstone and part of a flat centrally pierced stone disc were retrieved from the brown layer and from the clay below it enough sherds to complete the profile of a 14cm diameter, plain, flat-based vessel, probably late Bronze Age. One rim sherd of a larger pot was found in a fall of earth. Site 'B' is about 50m distant and separated by a fast eroding neck of land and consists of two pits, one U-shaped and the other tilted bowl-shape. Both contain heat split stones in a matrix of soil and charcoal. The limits of the second appear to be defined by unburned stones and there is a deposit of similar rubble in the middle with pieces of charcoal up to 1cm in size amongst it. A third layer is just appearing about half way between the two.

**RHONADALE WOOD (Saddell & Skipness p)**

Charcoal Burner's Platform

NR 788 382 A possible charcoal burner's platform has been found in plantation on the hillside opposite the above site.

**SOUTH LEAGHNABAN (N Knapdale p)**

Enclosure

NR 783 921 In April 1985 a Forestry Commission worker reported large blocks of stone showing some sort of pattern as felling of conifers was taking place at the S extension of the Barr Ban ridge c 400m WNW of S Leachnaban deserted settlement. Subsequent clearing of brash over the severely disturbed ground disclosed an area of about 10m diameter surrounded by what appears to be the remains of a wall lm to 2m thick with several outer and inner facing stones still in position and a number of loose slabs in the interior.

Sponsors: Natural History & Antiquarian Society of Mid Argyll, Forestry Commission, RCAHMS.

**KILMAHUMAIG (N Knapdale p)**

Mr & Mrs M Murray

Rock-Cut Basin

NR 787 937 On a newly uncovered rock outcrop in the garden of Kilmahumaig House, an oval rock-cut basin, 25cm by 27cm by 0.15cm. The basin has a rounded bottom, and the rim is not level as the SE facing rock surface is uneven. C 30cm SE there is a possible cup mark, and c 10cm on either side of the basin there are small (1cm diameter) holes, in the SE of which a tiny piece of iron survives. The basin is close to the NE-SW boundary wall and the rock sheet appears to run under this, but no additional features have been found on the continuation so far uncovered.

Sponsor: Natural History & Antiquarian Society of Mid Argyll
STRATHCLYDE

GLENREASDELL MAINS, KINTYRE (Saddell & Skipness p) J G Scott

Cist
NR 859 582 By permission of the Skipness Estate, Cist 2 of the Bronze Age cemetery excavated by the RCAHMS in 1963-64, PSAS 101 (1968-69), 111-18 - was located and reopened between 8 and 12 May 1986. The S end of the cist was proved to consist not of a single slab but of two separate slabs. Several fragments of cremated bone were recovered.

TEMPLE WOOD STONE CIRCLES (Kilmartin p)

Car Park
NR 826 978 (Discovery Excav Scot, 1985, Editorial) A report has been sent to SDD (HBM) on the exploratory excavation carried out between 22 and 30 April 1985 prior to the construction of a car park. Features and finds encountered were of recent date only.

MINARD (Kilmichael Glassary p) P F Gladwin

Former Ferry Buildings
NR 977 951 An investigation of surviving structures associated with the former 'Chapel' ferry across Loch Fyne was undertaken in the spring of this year. This ferry formerly ran from Brainport Point to Kilbride Chapel on the Strathlachlan shore. A total of 5 structures were identified. Some excavation was carried out on 3 of these and a few small finds were recorded. The project was halted prematurely owing to weather, but it is hoped to continue the work in the spring of 1987.

ISLAY, KENTRAW (Kilchoman p) M Perrons

Cist, Food Vessel, Flint, Inhumation
NR 266 629 A cist was found when making a silage pit in a grass covered mound. Its dimensions were 4ft 2 ins by 1ft 11 ins by 1ft 11 ins. The floor was covered about 2 ins thick in small pebbles. The cist was sealed with clay.

It contained a broken food vessel and close to it, upside down, a smaller pot 21 ins in diameter. A collection of bones from a second burial had been pushed to one end. There was a small flint. Site formerly known as Fairy Hill.

LOCHAN FEARPHORM (Kilmartin p) A Foxon

Flint Scraper

LERAGS (Kilmore - Kilbride p) C Hunter

Kerb Cairn, Possible
NM 841 250 Situated in hill pasture approximately 250m NNE of the known kerb cairn at NM 841 248 (Argyll Vol 2 - Lorn : No 61) and 450m NW of Achall Farmhouse is a possible kerb cairn. A circular arrangement of boulders, diameter c 5m to the outside. Unlike the known cairn these boulders are of local lava stone, not granite; a feature of the W arc is four elongated boulders placed close together on edge, the most southerly being displaced and lying flat. The largest boulder is 1.5m in length and all three project from 0.5m to 0.7m above the turf on the outer side. One rounded boulder on the NE arc protrudes 0.8m above the outer turf. Other boulders are low and partly covered by turf. The interior appears to be level with the exterior except for two turf covered boulders, and
for a bank of turf covered stones on the inner side of the W arc.
(Possibly stock enclosure noted by OS, Ed)
Sponsor: Lorne Archaeological & Historical Society

CLACHADOW, GLEN LONAN (Kilmory & Kilbride p) D A F Campbell
Two Hut Circles
NM 944 283 Situated about 100m behind the remains of the Dun at
Clachadow, in a tangle of forestry, one well defined circle of stones
representing the base of a wall, and measuring 5.8m in diameter. There
were several large stones in the circle, especially in the southern arc,
the largest measuring 65cm broad by 50cm high, the next 40cm broad by
40cm high, and the next 45cm broad by 40cm high. Nearby to this
structure was what appeared to be a levelled circular platform measuring
7m in diameter, and possibly representing the remains of a similar
building.
Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society

GLEN NANT (Glenorchy & Inishail p) K Cannock
Hut Circle
NN 012 297 A circular bank containing set stones and smaller rubble 5m
to 5.5m in diameter and approximately 0.5m in height.

Hut Circle
NN 010 305 An oval bank of earth and stones 5.2m external length and
4.2m external width with an approximate width of wall of 0.8m. The
height of the bank averages 25cm. An entrance is clearly visible on the
west side overlooking the River Nant.

House Foundations
NN 015 291 A low turf bank oblong in shape with rounded corners
approximately 8m long and 4.5m wide with an opening in one long side.
Bank concealed amid dense bracken. There is no obvious stone present.

House Foundations
NN 013 296 Stone foundations of a building rectangular, but possibly
with rounded corners. Dimensions approximately 8.5m by 5m. The stone
only protrudes slightly above ground level and bracken cover is dense
making exact surveying difficult.

TAYNUILT (Glenorchy & Inishail p)
Lost Settlement, Possible
NN 016 309 Several heaps and scatters of stones along a slight valley
with a small burn running alongside possibly mark the remains of a
settlement marked on the Arrowsmith Map of 1807 and also the Thomson Map
of 1824 as 'Crocknacapi' or 'Cocknacapi'. Traces of cultivation and
remains of field boundaries close by may have been connected.

NEAR BRIDGE OF AWE (Glenorchy & Inishail p)
House Foundations
NN 024 008 Stone foundations of a rectangular building with rounded
corners of dimensions approximately 5m by 5m, only slightly protruding
above the surface of a levelled platform amidst heavy bracken cover.

Hut Circle, Possible
NN 023 008 A turf bank 1m wide and 0.30m in height forming a horseshoe
shape 5.8m across at the widest part and 6m long. No visible stone in
the bank.
Recessed Platforms
NN 024 008 Two platforms recessed into a steep slope above the River Awe.

a) 6.6m from back to front lip and 8.2m wide, cut into the slope, is approximately 1.5m deep. The front is boulder revetted to a height of over 1m.
b) 7m from back to front lip and 7.2m wide, cut into the slope, approximately 1m deep. Some revetment with very large boulders.

Enclosure K Connock, M Pearson
NN 022 312 The foundation stones of a 'D' shaped enclosure formed with very large undressed boulders standing up to 0.3m above the present soil level. Measurements are approximately 12m in length and 9m at the greatest width. A wide entrance exists at the centre of the curve of the 'D'. The long straight edge is overlain by an apparently much later field wall. Near the centre but slightly closer to the top of the 'D' is a circular setting of smaller stones, possibly on edge, with a diameter of about 1.0m. A small collapsed structure 3m by 2m, but of different construction and later date, lies against the field wall some 5.0m distant.

Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society

SCARBA, CANAS NAM BAIRNEACH (Jura p)
Deserted Settlement
NN 687 027 On the south coast of the Island of Scarba the overgrown remains of at least five square or rectangular drystone buildings, and upwards of eleven small circular stone structures. These latter (measuring c. 1.5m in diameter) resemble the cleits found on St Kilda and used for storing sea birds. Of the sub-rectangular buildings one had three semi-circular additions on the outside wall, possibly indicating several phases of building. As there is no arable land nearby the settlement would be occupied seasonally as a base for gathering sea birds from the adjacent cliffs.

Sponsor: Lorn Archaeological & Historical Society

CLYDESDALE DISTRICT

CASTLEDYKES (Carstairs p)
Roman Finds
NS 928 442 A Bronze Ae 4 of the Emperor Constantine was found near the fort. This coin is a commemorative issue of the period AD 330-346. On the obverse is the inscription 'Constantinus Max. Avg.' and a portrait of the Emperor Constantine wearing a laurel wreath. On the reverse is a wreath surrounding the following inscription, Vot./XX/Mult/XXX. The wreath is surrounded by another inscription 'Constantinopol'. There was a mintmark, but the coin is too badly worn to tell where it was minted. This coin is of particular interest as it is the second 4th Century coin to be found at Castledykes in recent years. In the possession of the sponsor.

HALLBAR TOWER (Carluke p)
Enclosure Wall
NS 839 471 Work has continued on the N side of the enclosure wall. The area was found to have been well disturbed in the Victorian period down to a depth of approximately a metre. In this layer of brownish grey soil
that extended over the whole area fragments of 18th - 19th Century pottery was found. In this same layer a number of plain buttons were found as well as a fragment of a decorated one. A piece of dress jewellery was discovered with its inlay still intact. In addition to the finds previously described there was some clay pipe stems, a bowl of a clay pipe with a thistle decoration on it and some window glass. Some finds of earlier periods were found mixed up with the later material. These included 17th and 16th Century pottery.

Beneath the grey brown layer there was a layer of orange clay with flecks of coal in it. In it were found more pieces of late Medieval pottery, several nails, a strip of bronze and a piece of decorated bronze. Cut into this layer about 1m from the W end of the trench was found a cutting going EW from the piece of stone work visible on the surface. It is probable that this feature is a robber trench and could mark the original position of the wall of a structure.

Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society

HYNDFORD HOUSE (Lanark p)

Hyndford House
NS 881 437 An investigation was made of Hyndford House, Lanark, during the conversion of this building into flats. The house is known to date back to at least 1650. The main investigation concentrated on the roof area and this revealed many interesting details. The original roof beams survived in most areas. These were marked with Roman numerals to aid construction. A similar technique was employed at Jerviswood House, near Lanark, which dates from the same period. The original sarking survived with the oak nails still in position, however the roof had been redone in the 19th Century with Ballachulish slate.

In the deafening underneath the floorboards six pots were found. These varied in height from about half an inch up to three inches. They were all internally glazed and appeared to date back to the 17th Century. They were probably used as ink wells or medicine jars. They have been sent away for further analysis, and so has a section of roof truss, as it is probably Baltic Pine.

A piece of reused carved stone was found in the roof area, possibly from a door of an earlier building.

LANARK, 5 Ridgepark Drive

Wall
NS 877 441 Further work was done on the wall in Mr Roy Mason's garden. The wall was still heading diagonally across the garden and is now thought to be a field boundary rather than the wall of a house. More medieval pottery was found as well as a piece of a 17th Century clay pipe, a piece of German salt glaze and a worn 18th Century coin.

Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society.

HALLTOWN OF NEMPHLAR (Lanark p)

Bastlehouse Survey
NS 856 444 A survey of this house shows it to be of 16th to 17th Century construction and it is interpreted as of the bastle tradition and style of building. The original masonry of the house is almost entire and the barrel vaulted basement is unaltered with the exception of a blocked up stair. Details of the original building and the various alterations were noted.
STRATHCLYDE

A lintel stone, excavated in the garden, is alleged to have come from a fireplace in the south gable, upstairs. It shows a shield with the initials GF and DL and the date 1607, perhaps Forrest & Lockhart, prominent local families in the 17th Century.

Construction of local sandstone, built as random rubble. Upper floor modernised and still occupied [Full report NMRS & author, Ed]

GLENDOCH (Crawfordjohn p)
Bastle House
NS 870 188 The excavation of this ruin is now finished, (Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 39), and included several new sections outwith the building. The complete plan at ground level was established, giving a building 16.25m by 7m with a separate room at the W end. The main entrance with a doorstep and two in situ door jamb stones plus an iron pintle hinge survives; this gave access to the smaller room. The possible foundations of an internal stair are noted immediately on the left of the entrance. The cobbles in the smaller chamber exposed last year are shown to date to the 18th Century, as are those outside the entrance. The doorways, windows, quoins and wall head cornice are shown to have been finely worked red sandstone, the doors and windows having chamfered corners. The building had glazed windows and a slated roof, wooden pegs being used to fix the slates, but an 18th Century repair was shown to have been done using iron nails.

Additional finds include three spurs, in poor condition.
Sponsor: Biggar Museum Trust, Lanark & District Archaeology Society

SNAR (Crawfordjohn p)
Foundations
NS 862 200 Limited excavation of this much disturbed site produced no conclusive evidence as to its architectural style. (Discovery Excav Scot 1983, 27). The plan at ground level was established showing two phases of construction. (1) A rectangular building 7.9m by 5.9m, the walls 1.2m thick standing to a height of 1.2m above the floor surface. A possible entrance on the SE corner of the E wall. (2) An additional room built on the S end, the E walls of both phases being in line, this room measures 4m by 5m, the walls are 1m thick and 1.2m high, and an entrance exists in the NE corner. The floor surface in phase 1 is the natural bedrock but in the phase 2 area two separate cobble types are noted, an irregular patch and a level patch which leads to a drain which discharges through the W wall. The existing structure is random rubble greywacke; no dressed sandstone is evident. A reference in the Old Statistical Account states that both chambers were barrel vaulted and were entire at that time.

GLENCHAR (Crawford p)
Bastle House
NS 946 139 This ruin is now interpreted as being a bastle house. (Discovery Excav Scot 1983, 26). The house measures 9.5m by 6.35m with walls 1m thick, the curvature of a barrel vault clearly evident. A ground floor entrance is on the W wall, immediately inside and to the left are five steps of a stair which led to the upper floor. Sandstone from the door was robbed out but the stone with the draw bar hole in it was found. A grip or gutter runs down the centre of the ground floor discharging through a drain in the S wall. Late additions to the ground floor include a fireplace, and are attributed to the 18th Century, as is
the extensive area of cobbling outside the entrance. Several other remains in the immediate vicinity may also be houses, possibly a 17th Century fermtoun, seen as turf covered foundations. An arrangement of associated field systems and earth bank enclosures are noted. Finds so far from the excavation include 16th, 17th and 18th Century coins, remains of fifteen 18th Century wine bottles, 17th Century pottery, whorls, pins, buckles and buttons. Slate from the site cannot definitely be attributed to the roof.

Sponsors: Biggar Museum Trust, Lanark & District Archaeology Society, Society of Antiquaries of Scotland.

SOUTH WOOD (Crawford p)
Foundation
NS 959 093 Preliminary investigation of this site suggests it may fit the category of bastle house. The ruin is seen as the turf covered remains of a rectangular building measuring approximately 13.5m by 5.5m, built of lime mortared rubble greywacke.

TINTO HILL (Covington & Thankerton p) H McFadzean
Chert Flake, Graver
NS 957 356, NS 958 360 Beside a footpath a nosed thick flake and a possible graver, both flaked in radiolarian chert.

THANKERTON (Covington & Thankerton p) Chert Implements
NS 979 384 Clyde river gravels near Thankerton. A clutch of rolled implements, in radiolarian chert.

CUMNOCK & DOON VALLEY DISTRICT

UPPER WHITEHAUGH (Muirkirk p) H McFadzean
Anvil Stone, Possible
NS 627 300 From the stream gravels a symmetrical, oval cobble, micaceous sandstone, 161mm by 122mm by 72mm; on one side a central depression, 40mm diameter, 13mm deep.

ROMAN ROAD SURVEY (New Cumnock p) W Lonie, F Newall
An ancient road with Roman characteristics has been traced continuously from the banks of the Garclaugh Burn, E of Street, NS 656 146, to the banks of the Hall Burn at Mounthope, NS 638 151. To the W mound and hollow can be seen passing through former plantation; and beyond, the broad cambered mound resumes to pass under Roughside field boundary, NS 633 153, and fade in rough pasture to N, running roughly in the direction of the ford on the Muirfoot Burn, NS 625 154. No continuous trace could be established to W.

However, a not dissimilar road, preceding the mapped Lowesmuir to Lowesmuir Mount road, is traceable from just W of the stream S of the Mount, passing through Forest S of the above road to reach Lowesmuir, and pass to a now ruined bridge to the N, at the approach to which deeply developed hollow ways ran to the river on either side of the 18th Century (possible) bridge approach, NS 612 159 to NS 602 172.

These road lengths are in the 8.6m to 10m wide category.
STRATHCLYDE

CUNNINGHAME DISTRICT

ARRAN, Machrie Moor (Kilmory p) A Haggarty
Stone Circles
NR 912 324 The final season of work at stone circles Sites I and XI involved extending the area under excavation to incorporate the two former trenches (Discovery Excav Scot 1985, 41-2).

At Site I postholes representing the complete circuit of the former timber circle directly underlying the stone circle were located, as was a further concentric ring of postholes outwith the stone circle. The central features thought to be two phases of pits resolved themselves into a c 6m diameter ring of large postholes with scoops, presumably to facilitate the erection of the timber uprights. Within Site I a further posthole ring was found which was not concentric with the other three.

Several new lines of stakeholes which possibly indicate the use of hurdle fences were found.

Many more finds of pitchstone and flint were made and some pit features produced large amounts of pottery.
Sponsor: SDD - HBM

BRISBANE GLEN (Largs p) E M Patterson
Linear Earthworks
NS 228 642 The steep E side of the glen, immediately E of Tourgill Farm Steading is traversed by a conspicuous ditch or linear earthwork 240m in length which runs in a generally SE direction. For 180m from its base the ditch is compound and has a W profile with a central ridge which is lower than the margins. Its overall width at the base is 15m, and the depth varies from 2m to 6m. The topmost 60m is a single ditch rising to where it bifurcates, curves eastwards and disappears on open moor. The ditch is mainly in till, but where it traverses two basalt lava scarps it has rock flanks. It appears to be artificial and there is no evidence that it was cut by surface or sub-glacial water. Rough lynchets N of the base of the ditch may represent excavated material, and a small area of rig and furrow occurs on the SW side of the ditch near its top. The earthwork has no defensive potential, and may mark a boundary. Three hill tracks cut across the line of the trench, two of them being carried across the ditch by embanked infill.

NS 222 648 On the W side of Brisbane Glen ca 100m NW of the ruins of East Grassyards Farm Steading, a ditch occurs which is similar to that at Tourgill but is shallower and shorter. At its upper end, on gentle slopes, it bifurcates to the N and disappears. Rig and furrow markings lie between this ditch and East Grassyards Steading.

No connection was traced between this earthwork and that above Tourgill Farm.

EAST KILBRIDE DISTRICT

ROCKCREST (E Kilbride p) T C Welsh
Enclosure, Rig & Furrow
NS 605 567 W of Rockcrest on a rectangular promontory overlooking Catgill Ravine, traces of a sub-rectangular enclosure, especially on S and SE approach, suggesting denuded defensive work. Ridge and furrow, which are distinct in the locality, cross the site obliquely.

34
KITTOCHSIDE (E Kilbride p)

Remains of Barrow
NS 610 570 On a slight elevation, the remains of a barrow 16m diameter are revealed by the terminals of rigs and the deflection of rigs to S in a field of distinct EW ridge and furrow.

Double Walled Homestead
NS 610 568 On a ridge between a shallow gully and the steep hillside, a semi-circular enclosure open to the gully edge, and possibly reduced in extent by quarrying. The walls are closest on E and S, with a wide gap over gradually sloping ground on W, and incorporate several natural outcrops. The interior is up to 10m across. It appears to be a denuded example of the enclosures in *Discovery Excav Scot* 1974, 55 and 1984, 30.

SHIE LOANS FARM (Avondale p) H McFadzean

Long Cairn
NS 630 365 A robbed long cairn, 41m by 4.5m approximately, on the E bank of a small stream, NE of the deserted Shie Loans Farm. Also a possible redding heap close by.

GILMOURTON (Avondale p)

Loom Weight
NS 659 398 Perforated pebble of fine grit in the River Avon gravels. Possible loom weight 72mm by 60mm by 31mm. Perforation 4mm diameter.

HALL'S BURN (Avondale p)

Lugged Mortar
NS 651 366 Near the mouth of the burn, in the stream bed, lower half of a lugged mortar, of white marble; one of the detached lugs found nearby. Outer and inner surfaces roughly worked. Diameter of flat base 220mm; external wall slope 60°; estimated wall thickness 60mm; outside diameter across break 360mm.

SIDE HILL (Avondale p)

Cairn
NS 680 370 This cairn contains an appreciable amount of vitrified stone.

CITY OF GLASGOW DISTRICT

GLASGOW CITY AND PARISH J H McBrien

Greyfriars, Shuttle Street

Pits, Service Trenches
NS 597 652 Rubbish pits of 17th Century date cut through a truncated cultivated soil horizon. Post-excavation and documentary research work has revealed that the site of the Glasgow Greyfriars Monastery was not that suggested by Mr Eric Talbot (*Discovery Excav Scot* 1969), but rather was situated 80m to the E at the junction of Shuttle Street and Shuttle Lane.

Rottenrow

Foundations, Pits
NS 599 654 Rescue excavation took place in advance of development by Strathclyde University on the site of 'The Auld Pedagogy', a 15th Century building associated with the earliest classes of Glasgow University. The foundations of the 19th Century Lock Hospital were uncovered and were
STRATHCLYDE

found to shelve into the hillside towards the street frontage. In back
yard areas, pits of 18th and 19th Century date were excavated, and were
found to be cut into hillwash deposits in excess of 1.20m in depth. A
crushed sandstone and mortar lens containing 15th to 16th Century pottery
was identified in a sondage at a depth of 2.30m below present ground
level.
Sponsors: SUAT - MSC

HAMilton District

CADZOW (Hamilton p)
Earthwork
NS 734 534 Further work has been started on the earthwork to find its
date and something about the internal structure. A trench 5m by 5m has
been opened on top of the earthwork parallel to the one opened by Mark
Wallace. So far no dateable objects have been found. Only one modern
horseshoe and a piece of iron have been found. A number of features have
been recorded. The larger holes are probably for a palisade and the
smaller holes stake holes either for a pen or temporary shelter. Work is
still in progress on this site.
Sponsor: Lanark & District Archaeological Society

KILMarnock & Loudon District

MAINS CASTLE (Galston p)
Clearance Cairns
NS 608 348
a) A stone and turf covered clearance cairn 5m by 5m.
b) 12m to the S of a) a stone and turf covered mound 14m by 4m, possibly
a clearance bank, situated on a small area of rough pasture within the
substantial natural esker bank, extending W from Mains Castle
promontory fort.

CAIRNSAIGH (Galston p)
Structures, Kiln
NS 609 354 In the vicinity of the modern shearing pen -
a) At the SW corner a circular structure with turf and stone bank, 1m by
3m high on its S side and 1m by 0.5m high on its N side and 4m by 4m
internally. Possibly a kiln, its flue passage to the E.
b) On the E side of a small knoll 200m E of a), a sub-rectangular turf
structure 6m by 5m within a bank 0.2m high.
c) 80m to the S of a) a circular turf and stone banked structure, 5m by
5m.
d) A probable further circular structure lies between a) and c),
originally 5m by 5m, but partly destroyed by an access track.
Sponsor: Strathclyde Field Survey Group

AVON WATER (Galston p)
Stone Structure
NS 597 330 Ruinous stone structure on the W bank of the Avon Water near
a confluence of three small tributaries. A circular stonework, c 7.5m
outer diameter, 1.2m wall thickness, encloses the remains of a smaller,
near circular stone structure c 2.4m outer, diameter and truncates to the
W the much depleted remains of yet another circular stonework, also c
7.5m outer diameter.

**KAIMS OF AVON** (Galston p)
Enclosure
NS 607 346 Within a sheltered hollow on the most westerly of an arcuate belt of morainic mounds which stretch from the mouth of the Dipple Burn in a WNW direction towards Watstone Hill, a trapezoidal enclosure approximately 27m by 32m, situated c 90m from the Pomefield Burn. Only one course of earthfast boulders is visible as a surface feature.

**CAIRNSAIGH** (Galston p)
Long Cairn
NS 617 363 On the W bank of the Avon Water near a bridge at the foot of Cairnsaigh Hill, a long, robbed cairn. Earlier spelling on W Forrest's Map of 1786 - 'Carnseoch'.

**CAIRNSAIGH FARM** (Galston p)
Cairns
NS 613 358 In a field S of Cairnsaigh Farm, remains of three cairns compounded with redding stone.

**KYLE & CARRICK DISTRICT**

**AYR BURGH PARISH**

**SEABANK ROAD**
Foundations
NS 332 222 An excavation was carried out between February and April at the site of an old Sea Scout Hall. The trench ran parallel with the outerside of part of the remaining Cromwellian Citadel Wall. 19th Century structural foundations were found to be resting on natural.

**ST JOHN'S TOWER**
Foundations, Coffins, Carved Stones, Coins
NS 333 220 Work which began in October 1985 is still being continued at the site of the 13th Century St John the Baptist Church. Excavations to date have exposed the foundations of the N and S nave walls, a foundation line for the S side aisle and the S transept wall. The foundations for six nave piers and the moulded base of one have been uncovered. There is evidence of a timber floor pre-dating a stone one inside the nave and S isle. Two early medieval stone coffins and numerous grave slabs with incised decoration have been recovered. A securely stratified coin sequence has been established dating from the 13th Century to the present day.

**SOUTH HARBOUR STREET**
Foundations, Pit
NS 336 221 A second excavation was carried out between November 1985 and April 1986 inside the shell of a 19th Century burnt-out warehouse. Foundation cuts for large sandstone plinths relating to an early 19th Century structure had removed much of the underlying deposits. The only notable feature was a late medieval pit cut into natural sand deposits and backfilled with building debris. A stakehole sequence supporting a possible wooden platform had been used in connection with industrial
purposes, its exact function as yet unknown.

SOUTH HARBOUR STREET (Loudon Hall)

Hearth, Foundations, Gulleys

NS 336 221 Excavation on this site has been in progress from May 1986 in advance of local authority landscaping. Situated behind Loudon Hall, a restored 16th Century town house, the site is located just outside the early medieval burgh and its harbour.

Evidence of a sequence of well stratified deposits sealed below a 0.4m layer of wind blown sand has been found. Beneath this a simple stone hearth and associated wall line foundations were revealed. The removal of subsequent layers has uncovered a series of gulleys and other cut features in connection with a floor surface. Pottery of the 13th Century has been found.

Sponsor: SUAT - MSC

DUNDONALD CASTLE (Dundonald p) C J Ewart

Medieval Castle

NS 363 345 The first major season of excavation in advance of an extensive programme of reconstruction and restoration, concentrated on the S half of the site as defined by a mid 15th Century barmkin wall which encloses the summit of the hill to the E of the late 14th Century tower build by Robert II.

The complexity and antiquity of this important Stewart stronghold was confirmed with the discovery of two previously unknown construction phases both of which were much obscured by later building on the site.

The earlier of the two so far identified is defined by a massive vitrified rampart which was traced immediately to the E of the barmkin wall. The other is a long hall-like structure or range of structures in stone which predates the barmkin wall and associated S range, and which probably co-existed with the tower.

Elsewhere, the basement chambers of the S range were excavated along with the remains of a wide forestair which allowed access from the inner courtyard to the first floor of the tower.

Of the wide range of objects retrieved, most reflected the occupation of the site during the 15th, 16th and 17th Centuries, but several artifacts from the late Iron Age, including a bronze brooch fragment, pottery and part of a shale bracelet were also found.

Sponsor: SDD - HBM

MONKLANDS DISTRICT

SUMMERLEE HERITAGE PARK (Old Monklands p) T Ward

Iron Works

NS 729 655 The excavation of the site of Summerlee Iron Works being undertaken as part of an open air museum development at Coatbridge, is now in its second season. The iron works were founded in 1836 and eventually had a maximum of eight hot blast furnaces. The works closed in 1930 and were demolished in 1939. The site was then backfilled to a depth of about 5m. The dumped overburden has been removed by machine and excavations to date have revealed a series of Lancashire boiler bases, the foundations of an engine house and a blast house, five heating stoves (for heating the air blast to the furnaces) and the remains of four
furnaces. These all show two phases of iron smelting. A network of underground flues and ducts has also been exposed as well as surface drainage channels leading to the nearby branch of the Monklands Canal. Finds include hand tools, a pair of iron workers' clogs, a leather jerkin and many types of bricks. [Full report with NMRS, Ed]
Sponsor: Summerlee Heritage Trust, Monklands District Council, Manpower Services Commission.

RENFREW DISTRICT

CARSLAVEROCK HILL (Kilbarchan p) F Newall
Enclosure, Hut
NS 385 643 An isolated steep sided hillock carries a vestigial turf mound some 1.8m wide, peripheral round the W end, but cutting across the hillock, to enclose an area some 22m NS by 45m EW. Within, a secondary mound some 3m from the W end, sub-divides the enclosure. Against the W rampart are the vestiges of turf hut foundations. A track, 3m wide, ascends the N face of the hillock from W to E to reach a rough unenclosed E end just outside the enclosed area

BAROCHAN HILL (Houston p) L J F Keppie, F Newall
Romon Fort
NS 413 690 A third (and final) season of excavation investigated an area behind the W gate of the fort (Discovery Excav Scot 1984, 34 & 1985, 49). The zone immediately behind the gate had been utilised for industrial purposes. As had been suspected in 1985 the road leading in from the gate did not proceed directly into the interior of the fort; it formed a T-junction with the intervallum street. Beyond the intervallum numerous postholes indicated the presence of one or more buildings aligned on the fort's W rampart. Small finds confirmed the occupation of the fort in the later 1st Century AD.
Sponsors; Hunterian Museum, Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Glasgow Archaeological Society.

STRATHKELVIN DISTRICT

AUCHINLECK (Cadder p) A Foxon
Pottery
NS 642 695 Sherd of green glazed pottery from ploughed field.
Glasgow Art Gallery & Museum A8621

KIRKINTILLOCH (Kirkintilloch p) P Holdsworth
93-99 Cowgate
Post-Medieval Features, Pottery
NS 654 739 Trial excavation in advance of development revealed a number of late post-medieval features cut into the natural deposits of sand. A small quantity of unstratified late medieval pottery was found.
Sponsor: HBM - SUAT - SDO

TAYSIDE REGION

PERTH & KINROSS DISTRICT
TAYSIDE

LOGIERAIT CHURCHYARD (Logierait p)

Gravestone
NN 967 520 On the S side of the mort safe enclosure in Logierait Churchyard is a rectangular slab stone five feet in length bearing faint traces of design in relief on both sides. This includes a Celtic cross on one side and borders of probably interlace design. It would appear to be late medieval.

ORWELL PARISH

Grave Slab
NC 146 638 (Graveyard) part of an 18th Century Grave Slab from Orwell, Kinross, has been transferred from Kirkcaldy District Museum to Perth & Kinross Museum Service. The fragment is part of a shaped slab and bears a kilted figure in relief on one side, and skull on the other. Acc No 1986.63.

MANSFIELD ESTATES

BALBEGGIE (St Martins p)

Stone Axe
NO 16 29 (Area) A greenstone axe found several years ago while clearing stones from a field in the above vicinity has been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1986.80. The axe is 8cm long, blade width 5.4cm

PERTH, BURGHMOIR (Perth p)

Medieval Knife Handle
NO 087 235 Part of a decorated medieval bone knife handle found in a garden has been donated to Perth Museum Acc No 1986.91. The section is part of a scale tang handle with one pin remaining. The upper surface is decorated with incised diamonds bordered by parallel lines and cross slashes.

SALUTATION HOTEL (Perth p)

Heraldic Stone
NO 119 234 An ornately carved and brightly painted heraldic stone in high relief some 90cm high by 65cm wide and 30cm deep is being kept in the grounds of the Salutation Hotel, South Street, Perth. It bears a blue shield with the three white mullets of the Murray family, and a central symbol resembling a tub with pestle. Above the shield is the legend 'DM 1662 SM' which is believed to refer to a recorded David Murray, apothecary, who owned property in that area. There is a spray of laurel to the right of the shield, and a palm frond on the left. Above is a winged cherub head and below a snarling lion's head, forward.

MURTHLY (Little Dunkeld p)

Flint Spearpoint
NO 097 385 A grey flint spearpoint, snapped off at base and with a broken tip was found in field by railway line. Length 7.1cm, width 2.7cm (maximum). Item is still in the possession of the finder.

ARDOCH (Braco p)

Roman Pot Sherds
NN 840 100 Two sherds of pottery found on the surface of the defences of Ardoch Roman Fort were brought in for identification. One was part of a rusticated cooking pot, the other possibly part of a flagon. The
pieces remain in the possession of the finder.

**TULLIBARDINE** (Blackford p)

Medieval Ewer Fragment

NN 909 139  A bronze foot from a medieval ewer or pot in the form of an animal paw was found near the former site of Tullibardine Castle. Several pieces of scrap bronze, including pieces of broken vessels have been found in the vicinity over several years. The foot is in the possession of the finder.

**HILTON FARM** (Orwell p)

Medieval Coin

NO 107 040  A gold demi of James I was found on Hilton Farm, Kinross, some years ago, and is still in the possession of the finder.

**PERTH & KINROSS**

Macehead

Provenance unknown. Half of a cushion macehead of highly polished dark metamorphic rock was brought in for identification. The macehead was broken across the central perforation. It remains in the possession of the finder.

**ABERNETHY** (Abernethy p)

Medieval Pottery

NO 190 165  Approximately 100 sherds medieval pottery, including a few rim and base sherds. Mainly white gritty and Perth local (one small sherd, possibly French). Surface finds from within burgh. In possession of finder.

**KIRKTON OF MAILER CEMETERY** (Forgandenny p)

Heraldic Stone

NO 109 200  Heraldic stone re-used as gravestone, carved with impaled arms of John Ross of Craigie and his wife Agnes Lyon. Illegible inscription along top of stone. Name 'McCulloch' incised on one edge (his grave). Dimensions - height 0.485m, width 0.43m, thickness 0.14m.

**TOMBUIE COTTAGE** (Kenmore p)

Cup and Ring Carvings

NN 793 442 (Area)  Some 500m SE of Tombuie Cottage is a large (outcrop) rock, aligned NS. On its sloping (20°) E face are two almost obliterated double rings in horseshoe form, their gaps facing down the slope. They have a very small central cup each.

**PERTH BURGH - PARISH**

Canal Street, III. Property Boundaries

NO 118 233  No sign of the southern defences of the town were discovered. The earliest period of occupation dates from around 1200. The site was soon marked out with property boundaries which along with some land sub-divisions survived with little change into modern times. Sponsor: SDD - HBM - SUAT

**ANGUS DISTRICT**

**ARBROATH** (Arbroath & St Vigean p)

High Street, 166-178
TAYSIDE

Well, Cobble Pavement, Old Ground Surface, Hill-Wash
NO 643 410 The site lies on the W side of High Street just S of the junction with Applegate, and was excavated in January 1986 in advance of redevelopment. The ground sloped steeply down from E to W. At the E end, along the High Street, natural sand appeared on the surface. Further W was an early modern well, built of large round beach cobbles, unmortared, and an early modern cobble pavement. At the W end of the site was an old ground surface sealed by 1.4m of hill-wash and garden soil. Finds included medieval pottery and tobacco pipes.

High Street, 200-212
Boundary Ditch, Old Ground Surface, Pits
NO 642 411 This site lies on the W side of High Street and the N side of Applegate. It was excavated in January and February 1986. The ground sloped gently down from E to W. At the E and S ends of the site, along High Street and Applegate, natural sand appeared on the surface. In the N part of the site natural sand was covered by a buried soil horizon and cut by a boundary ditch. The ditch fills contained white gritty ware and other medieval pottery. These were sealed by garden soil. W of these was a group of pits, medieval and modern.

Sponsor: SUAT - SDD (AM)

BRANKAM HILL (Lintrathen p)
J R Sherriff
Deserted Settlement
NO 298 556 On the S side of Brankam Hill there are the remains of two adjacent rectangular buildings defined by low turf covered wall footings. The E building measures 8.5m by 8m overall with walls up to 2m thick, and has an entrance on the S side. The W building measures 9.5m by 5.5m, has been sub-divided and has an entrance on the S side.

Stone Setting
NO 300 559 Towards the E side of the summit of Brankam Hill is a setting of 8 stones comprising two four posters set together. The NE setting measures roughly 1.5m square whilst the other, 3m to the SW, measures 1m square.

Four Poster, Kerb Cairn
NO 301 557 38m NW of the previously recorded kerb cairn is a four poster which, like the kerb cairn is built on an artificial platform. The platform measures 10m NE-SW by about 5m and the position of the four stones, the largest of which is on the W side, suggests a setting in the region of 1.5m square.

1m NW of the four poster are the remains of a probable kerb cairn measuring 1.75m in diameter. The cairn comprises a kerb of large boulders with the largest (fallen), situated on the SW. The cairn is partially surrounded at a distance of 0.75m to 1m from the kerb by a ring of 4 partially buried boulders.

House Platform
NO 301 559 On the E side of Brankam Hill there is a small round house set on an artificial platform measuring 12.6m E-W by 9.6m. Internally the house measures about 7.5m to 8m in diameter within a low rubble wall, turf covered and up to 2m thick with an entrance in the SE.

Deserted Settlement
NO 302 560 On the E side of Brankam Hill adjacent to an old trackway are the remains of a rectangular building represented by low turf covered wall footings. The main mass of the building measures 10.7m by 5.5m over
walls up to 2m thick and there is a centrally placed entrance on the S side. At the E and W ends there are the footings of attached outbuildings.

Round House
NO 302 561 On the NE flank of Brankam Hill there are the remains of a large round house measuring 18.7m NW-SE by 17.3m over a low rubble wall up to 2m thick. The outer wall face is composed of large boulders but the inner face has been largely robbed, probably to construct the building whose amorphous remains lie in the N half of the Hut circle. The entrance is in the SE.

WELLBANK (Kirriemuir p)
Rig & Furrow
NO 348 563 Remnant plot of varying wavelength aligned NW-SE.
NO 349 565 Remnant plot of varying wavelength aligned NW-SE.

CASTLEHILL WOOD (Kirriemuir p)
Rig & Furrow
NO 354 565 Large plot of varying wavelength aligned NW-SE.

Stone Setting
NO 358 564 420m NNE of Balstard Steading are the remains of a stone setting comprising one standing and several prone boulders in a rough circle 4.7m in diameter.

Deserted Settlement
NO 360 564 600m NE of Balstard Steading are the remains of two rectangular buildings represented by turf covered wall footings. The buildings lie on either side of a drainage gully with the E building measuring 8.6m by 6.5m and the W building 12m by 8m.

CASTLE HILL (Kirriemuir p)
Cairn
NO 362 564 700m NE of Balstard Steading are the well preserved remains of a round cairn measuring about 15m in diameter and 1.5m high. A slight central hollow and a robbed section on the S side reveal a mass of waterworn boulders.

MEAMS HILL (Kirriemuir p)
Rectangular Structure
NO 374 572 About 90m SE of the ring cairn on the NE side of Meams Hill is a small sub-rectangular structure measuring 5m NE-SW by 4m over low, turf covered wall footings.

Round House
NO 373 572 On the E flank of Meams Hill are the remains of a large round house measuring 18.5m by 19.5m over a rubble wall retained by a massive outer kerb. The house is terraced into the hillside and there is no apparent sign of the entrance.

BALNAGARROW (Kirriemuir p)
Cairns
NO 376 574 250m NW of Balnagarrow Steading there are the remains of a disturbed round cairn measuring 10m to 12m in diameter. The cairn comprises a mass of small boulders and has been robbed on the N side. 15m to the SW and about 50m to the W are two possible cairns measuring 5m
TAYSIDE

and 6m in diameter respectively.

Deserted Settlement
NO 375 574 320m WNW of Balnagarro Steading there are the badly disturbed remains of a compartmented long building measuring 45m by 9m over low turf covered rubble walls up to 1.5m wide.

AUCHNACREE (Fern p)
Flat Axe
NO 46 63 A Coles type Ba bronze flat axe has recently been found in the possession of a private individual. The axe bears a label stating that it was dug up at Auchnacree, and it is possibly an undeclared part of the EBA hoard found in 1921. (Callander, PSAS 56, 1921-22, 351-364)

TURIN HILL (Rescobie p)
Cup and Ring Marked Boulder
NO 5/3 534 One of the outer kerbstones on the S side of the central dun-like structure on the summit of Turin Hill has at least 14 cup marks, one of which is ringed on its upper surface.
Sponsor: Soc Antq, Scotland - RCAHMS

BALGAVIES AREA (Guthrie & Aberlemno p)
Flint Industry
NO 53 51 & NO 54 51 In March 1986, 1,000 of the flints reported in previous years were donated by the finder, Mr David Henry, to Angus District Museums. A catalogue has been prepared by the reporter and a copy has been obtained by NMRS. Finds in the past year include waste material of Arran and non-Arran pitchstone and a correlation has now been established between two of the concentrations of artifacts and two previously recorded ring ditches.

MONTREATHEMOHT MOOR (Kinnell p)
Cairns
NO 590 540 The moorland W of the Wireless Station has recently been improved and during ploughing at least three small cairns measuring up to 2m in diameter were noted.

BONNYTON (Maryton p)
Structures
NO 661 556 50m S of the farmhouse at Bonnyton on the E bank of a small stream are the remains of two roughly rectangular platforms which have been terraced into the natural slope.

BUCKIEMILL (Lunan p)
Fort
NO 696 525 The promontory fort first noted by the RCAHMS in 1978 (Lunan Valley and Montrose Basin, No 167), was surveyed with a report deposited with NMRS.

MONTROSE BURGH & PARISH
Watching Brief
NO 714 579 Between May and September 1986 a watching brief was undertaken in the Standard Press Close Sheltered Development area. Controlled excavation was limited to 3m² area towards the rear of the site but most of the 550 sherds of medieval and post-medieval pottery were recovered from machine dug trenches. The area consisted of about 1,700m² of 1m deep midden deposits although pits were recorded in section. No
structures were noted but pottery types included gritty wares, Scarborough ware and East Anglian pottery.
Sponsor: Angus District Museums

WESTERN ISLES AREA

NORTH UIST

EILEAN OLAVAT (N Uist p) I Armit
Island Settlement
NE 750 753 This promontory site, jutting into Loch Olavat was discovered during field survey in 1985 and consists of what was originally a walled island surmounted by the grassed over remains of a very dilapidated drystone structure. Excavation of the site, during summer 1986, has revealed a complex structural sequence which can be divided into 3 distinct phases although earlier deposits may well underlie those so far exposed. The earliest phase is represented by an approximately circular drystone structure of slight construction, which has been partially exposed this season and which has yielded pottery characteristic of the early centuries AD in the Hebrides. This phase was followed by the construction of two small cells, at least one of which was corbelled, which again have produced characteristic later IA pottery. The most notable finds from the corbelled cell have been the profusion of metal working remains found in and around it. Triangular crucibles, clay moulds for casting pins, blades and other objects have been recovered as well as quantities of slag and charcoal. Other finds relating to the early phases include a clear glass melon bead, fragments of iron and bronze, pumice and stone polishers, pieces of red pigment and fragments of burnt bone.

The metal working phase was followed by the construction of a rectilinear slab built structure into the rubble of previous buildings and incorporating part of the corbelled cell. The building technique closely resembles that of secondary structures on a number of Hebridean sites, such as Dun Culer in Barra and Traigh na Berie in Lewis, and is here associated with a change in pottery decoration.

EILEAN DOMHNUILL A SPIONNAIDH (N Uist p)
Island Settlement
NF 746 753 During this summer's excavations at Eilean Olavat, a trial excavation was carried out at the neighbouring site of Eilean Domhnuill Spionnaidh, recorded as an island dun of the later prehistoric period by the Royal Commission Survey (RCAHMS, 1928, No 180), the centre of which was dug into by Erskine Beveridge in the early 1900s (Beveridge 1911, p198, No 66). The site is a small low island linked to the S shore of Loch Olavat by a substantial stone causeway, with a raised mound of approximately 15m diameter in its centre previously interpreted as the remains of a central dun. Visible stone, taken to confirm this hypothesis by the RCAHMS, belongs instead to intrusive medieval longhouses and to Beveridge's spoil heaps.

A trial trench from the water's edge to the centre of the island was excavated in an attempt to establish the nature of the walling and to help establish the relationship between this site and Eilean Olavat. It soon became clear that the 'mound' in fact represented the original shoreline of the island and that the impression of a central massive
WESTERN ISLES

stone structure was illusory. The relatively large quantity of pottery from the excavations consisted predominantly of highly decorated sherds characteristic in form and decoration of Neolithic Hebridean pottery from other sites in North Uist, including the chambered tombs of Unival and Clettravel and the island site Eilean an Tighe. Towards the centre of the island was located part of a curving wall of a possibly oval structure. From this structure came the same characteristic Neolithic pottery, heavily grooved and incised.

In addition to the pottery quantities of flint, chert, charcoal and burnt bone were recovered.

Sponsor: Society of Antiquaries of Scotland, Russell Trust.

LEWIS

HABOST (Barvas p) A Foxon
Stone Ball
NB 511 639 Unevenly smoothed ball of orthocite found in a souterrain in 1942. Glasgow Art Gallery & Museum A8616.

SOUTH SHAMBOST (Barvas p) M R Ponting, G R Curis
Quartz Pieces
NB 233 461 Erosion of peat by rainwater exposed 12 pieces of quartz, 1 core, 7 struck flakes and 4 others - near the rectangular stone setting associated with the stone circle (Discovery Excav Scot 1983, 39, 1984,43)

TRAIGH NA BERIE (Uig p) D W Harding, I Armit
Broch and Secondary Structure
NB 103 351 The second season of excavations (Discovery Excav Scot 1985) carried out at Easter 1986 concentrated on the secondary structure occupying the broch interior. This structure is built by a distinctive technique whereby large flat upright slabs are revetted against a mass of material against the inner broch wall and the wall is then heightened by the addition of more conventional horizontal coursing using the slabs as a base. Variations in walling and the rebuilding of the entrance suggest multiple building phases. This structural type has its closest Hebridean parallel at Dun Cuier in Barra dated by the excavator to the 7th to 8th Century. The Berie example has, however, a more complex cellular plan and is reminiscent in both layout and building technique of Pictish period structures in the Orkneys.

The broch itself is a ground galleried circular structure 18m in overall diameter with walls totalling 3.5m in width. The most significant feature of this season's work was the discovery of a clear scarcement ledge, 35cm in width, below which is the top of a lintelled entrance from the broch interior into the gallery, all sealed below the secondary structure. It has become clear that the original broch floor levels are at least 1m below the present ground level and below the adjacent Loch na Berie. We have, therefore, considerable problems of retrieval but clearly enormous potential for the survival of organic materials in a primary broch context sealed in antiquity. It has also been possible to begin excavation of apparently primary deposits on the only marginally displaced capstones of the upper gallery floor.

Finds, mainly from secondary contexts, have included bone and bronze pins, clay 'spindle whorls', antler pegs, a number of iron objects and a
western isles

blue bead. Pottery has been abundant and has included sherds with distinctive Iron Age decoration.

KNEEP (Uig p)  I Armit
Probable Wheelhouse & Midden
NB 098 366 During the Easter 1986 excavations at the Traig na Berie broch, Mr & Mrs Leviseur of Kneep reported the appearance of substantial stonework and midden material in the face of sand dunes on Kneep beach which had been eroded in the severe winter gales. Consequently the eroded section was cleaned, drawn and photographed, revealing a deposit some 26m in length comprising a midden, 1m in depth, of dark sandy material containing many intrusions and with copious quantities of bone, pottery, marine shell and burnt material. Adjacent to this midden, and sealed by a thick layer of dark sand, is a drystone structure, provisionally interpreted as a wheelhouse, its curved wall being dug into and revetted against sand on the pattern of many Hebridean wheelhouse sites. At present the structure appears to be virtually intact and the fallen stonework represents only the wall backing. Unfortunately the rate of erosion is such that in the past two years at least 2.5m of these dunes has been lost and the structure is therefore in imminent danger of destruction. Pottery of characteristically Iron Age type as well as bone, marine shell, and a bone bobbin were all found in the section indicating a site with considerable potential.

VALTOS (Uig p)  M R Ponting
Cupped Stone
NB 089 369 A roughly polygonal stone, approximately 22cm by 25cm by 11cm thick was found on W side of drystone wall overlooking Camas na Clibhe. It has a depression 8.5cm diameter by 3cm deep ground into one face and a depression 8.5cm by 2cm deep in the other face.

TOLSTA CHAOLAIS (Uig p)
Cupped Stone
NB 194 377 A beach stone in the shape of a spheroid, 19.5m by 17.0m by 9.5cm, was found in a drystone wall by Mr Norman MacLeod of Tolsta Chaolais. It has 2 cup shaped depressions, each 7cm diameter by 1cm deep, one ground into the centre of each of the two flattened faces.

GREAT BERNERA, KIRKIBOST (Uig p)
Cup Marks, Fish Trap
NB 191 337 At the SE corner of the promontory Rubha nan Sidhean and 5.6m from a natural rock gully with walling infill for a fish trap are 8 cup marks, 9cm to 16cm diameter and 2cm to 8cm deep on bedrock mostly below high water mark.

ST. KILDA (Harris p)  N Emery
Post-Medieval Blackhouse, Midden
NF 099 993 The first season of excavations took place in the Village Street of Hirta, the main island of the St Kilda group. A mound between Blackhouse H and Cottage 8 was examined and proved to be the much reduced remains of an 1830's improved blackhouse. In the area of human habitation was a central hearth, with a series of beaten clay floor surfaces. A stone wall (talan) divided this area from a byre. The
WESTERN ISLES

floor, which was slightly lower than the human quarters, was criss-crossed with stone capped drains.

The building was demolished in the 1860's, and a cottage built over part of it. The site became a rubbish dump, probably up to the evacuation in 1930. Leather shoes, textiles, etc., were recovered.

Sponsors: NTS; Durham University.

CORRIGENDA

DISCOVERY & EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND 1985
Page 46 : St. James' Road. In the last sentence, for 1750 read 1645-6

DISCOVERY & EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND 1982
Page 32 : For no 325 528 read No 352 528
The contributions below were received too late to include in the main text, but have been added here so that the 1986 list of work will be as complete as reasonably possible. NGRS have not been checked by NMRS.

**BORDERS REGION**

**TWEEDDALE DISTRICT**

**FLINT HILL** (Stobo p)  
T G Cowie, C R Wickham-Jones, R Knox  
Chert Outcrop, Possible Prehistoric Extraction Site  
NT 136 407  
An outcrop of chert has been located on a spur of Flint Hill by Mr R Knox. The screes downslope of the outcrop include artifactual flakes and suggest the presence of a prehistoric extraction site. Chert such as this was commonly used to supplement flint throughout prehistory in SE Scotland, though no extraction sites have previously been located.  
Sponsor: Dept of Archaeology, Royal Museum of Scotland

**MANOR BRIDGE** (Peebles p)  
Lithic Scatter  
NT 230 398  
A sizeable number of worked chert and flint flakes, including microliths, and a possible anvil stone, have been collected by Mr R Knox from soil exposures on and around an outcrop overlooking the Tweed just NE of Manor Bridge. Artifacts with finder.  
Sponsor: Dept of Archaeology, Royal Museum of Scotland

**PEEBLES** (Peebles p)  
Lithic Scatter  
NT 240 404  
A sizeable number of worked chert and flint flakes, including microliths, have been collected by Mr R Knox from the area of the footpath along the north bank of the Tweed just W of Hay Lodge Park, Peebles. Artifacts with finder.  
Sponsor: Dept of Archaeology, Royal Museum of Scotland

**STRATHclyde region**

**Argyll & Bute District**

**WEST LOCH TARBERT**  
I W Purvis  
Cave, Shell Midden  
NR 792 599  
Small cave or rock shelter about 9 ft by 9 ft containing a shell midden in cliff 120m from the shore of West Loch Tarbert.

**Western Isles Area**

**Lewis**

**DUN BHARABHAT, CNIP**  
D W Harding, P G Topping, T N Dixon  
Galleried Island Dun  
NB 098 353  
The site is approached by means of a causeway around 20m
Long leading out from the W shore of the loch. The dun measures overall approximately 10m SE NW and 11.5m NE SW. Its inner and outer walls are on average a metre thick, with a gallery space between of similar width. Removal of surface rubble in 1985 and 1986 very rapidly established the existence of three principal galleries, and a fourth cell adjacent to the dun entrance. The main entrance was over a metre wide at its outer end widening to approximately 1.4m immediately behind the door rebates. A pivot stone indicated the position of the swinging door itself, and two bar holes were contained within the flanking walls on either side. The floor of the entrance was paved, providing a link between the internal stratigraphic sequence and the external paving of the annexe.

The area so far exposed in the interior has produced relatively few internal fittings or furnishings. The centre of the dun, at any rate in its later phases of occupation, was dominated by a hearth of baked clay, defined by edge-set stones, and based upon a raft of hard green clay. An additional setting of stones just offset from the centre of the dun is also secondary, but there is some evidence that earlier hearths may lie below these features.

One noteworthy feature of the secondary occupation was the discovery around the NW side of the central hearth of an arc of animal teeth, disarticulated from any trace of jaw bones, and disposed individually in a line, or double line for a distance of 60cms to 70 cms within the excavated area.

Directly outwith the entrance to the dun a cutting 2m wide down to the water's edge exposed structural evidence for the use of the Annexe. A short length of cross wall, 1.0m thick and 1.20m from the dun wall, evidently provided protective cover for the dun entrance. Beyond the cross wall, by the water margin, a hearth like feature was defined by a series of edge set stones, while stone facing in the edge of the trench suggested a concentration of structures in the Annexe.

The benefits of the underwater excavation in the surrounding loch have been immediately evident from the volume of material recovered from a relatively small area, and from the fact that this material complemented rather than supplemented the finds from the land based excavation. Animal bone, barely recoverable from the interior, is preserved in quantity underwater, while shells, which were equally scarce within the dun, occur frequently in the underwater deposits. The 1986 excavation also exposed a length of walling, five courses high, and not obviously displaced, the footings of which sit nearly a metre below present water level.

Several decorative features within the pottery assemblage can be paralleled elsewhere, notably applied cordons, ring bosses, everted rims and incised linear decoration, but definition within the typology is not well established.

Bragar Broch, Loch an Duna

I B M Ralston, P G Topping

Vitrified Material

NB 286 474 A fragment of vitrified material was recovered from the outer wall of the broch in its northern arc. The area of burning is not extensive. A small piece of the vitrified mass has been deposited at the Callanish Archaeological Research Centre.

Cnoc na File (Nuist p) Lord & Lady Granville, G R Curtis, M R Ponting

Long Cairn

NF 869 614 In boggy moorland at base of a cliff on S side of Cnoc na File are the extensive rubble remains of a long cairn about 25m long.
ending in a steep grassy slope to E which may be part of the original structure. Its long axis is oriented at about 115 degrees with respect to true N. Several relatively modern shielings and a cairn have been built on and beside it. There is no evidence of original chambers but, with surrounding deep peat bog disguising height of structure, original internal features may yet be undisturbed.

**AIRIGH NA GAOLTHE (N Uist p)**

**Chambered Long Cairn**

NF 827 676  On the summit (elevation 48m) are extensive rubble remains of a long cairn about 10m wide and 28m long, oriented at about 248 degrees with respect to true N. At N end are a 2.0m wide orthostat and large wall stones of an empty chamber approximately 1.5m by 1.0m. There may be a second chamber near the centre. Two relatively modern circular shielings or beehive houses, and a small cairn, the latter marking summit of hill, have been built on the long cairn. 6m to SE are flat stones looking like roof slabs but more probably bedrock.

**Standing Stone & Probable Alignment**

NF 825 676  A conspicuous standing stone 2.1m high, 3.1m wide and up to 0.45m thick is located approximately 210m W of small summit cairn built on Airigh na Gaoithe chambered long cairn. It is oriented at 260 degrees with respect to true N.

The alignment, approximately 275m, runs W from the long cairn and consists of (from E to W) -

(a) A leaning stone about 7m from N side of long cairn
(b) A possible fallen stone
(c) A leaning boulder
(d) The above standing stone
(e) A boulder

**BETWEEN BAGH A BHIORAIN & LOCH CROGAVAT (N Uist p)**

**Probable Long Cairn**

NF 913 627  Between two low rock ridges are extensive remains of a large rubble structure, probably a long cairn, about 55m long and 20m broad, oriented approximately EW. There is no evidence of chambers but one long slab is visible in the original structure. Six relatively modern rectangular drystone structures have been built on and beside it, mostly 2m by 3m internally. At the N side is evidence of a low stone setting representing possibly either original kerbing or recent walling. At the W end are two grassy hollows about 3m diameter. 10m beyond the E end is the cup marked boulder between Bagh a Bhiorain and Loch Crogavat.

**Cup Marked Boulder**

NF 913 627  There are 2 or 3 cup marks (50mm diameter) and a bowl (165mm diameter and 65mm deep) on the upper face of a large glacially smoothed boulder lying on surface of ground, about 10m outside E end of the long cairn between Bagh a Bhiorain and Loch Crogavat. The bowl has been ground smoothly to a conical shape and a rounded base.

**SKEALTRAVAL, EAST (N Uist p)**

**Mound**

NF 858 706  An oblong grass and reed covered mound or slightly raised area, 14m long and 4m wide, oriented EW, with a hollowed centre and several exposed stones, stands on a low col 25m NE from corner of lochan.

**SKEALTRAVAL, SOUTH (N Uist p)**

**Mound**

NF 854 704  A grass covered mound stands on top of the west most mini-
cliff on S side of Skealtraval. On it are the remains of a relatively modern shieling, approximately 2m by 3m internally, with an entrance on E side.

BURRIVAL, NORTH WEST (N Uist p) G R Curtis, M R Renting

Mound
NF 906 625 A small sub-rectangular grass covered mound stands in heather some 75m S of the Burrival, North West, mound and enclosure. On it are the remains of a relatively modern shieling, approximately 2m by 3m internally, with entrance.

Mound & Enclosure
NF 906 626
A sub-rectangular grass covered rubble mound or raised area with flat top, as marked on the 1:25,000 map, is surrounded by a moat some 7m to 9m wide (now filled with moss) which is possibly crossed by stepping stones to SW. Height of mound may be disguised by peat in moat and internal features may yet be undisturbed. On the mound partly ruined drystone walls form a relatively modern enclosure, about 12m in width and length internally. Concave walling on SW edge of mound may or may not be part of the original mound.

LOCH SCADAVAY, WEST (N Uist p)

Walled Island
NF 838 684 At the W end of Loch Scadavay and overlooked by Airigh nan Seilicheag Chambered Cairn (RCAHMS NO 226) is an oval island some 60m long surrounded by a ruined drystone wall about 1m high and 5m wide with up to 5 entrances for boats. Along part of the walling larger stones are set on edge to form the outside face. The loch has a sluice so that its present level is nearly 1m below its natural level, thus exposing the walling and drying out the old shoreline above it. A pile of stones and a semi-circular hollow are also exposed. No structures were visible under the thick peat and dense undergrowth on the island.

SKEALTRAVAL (N Uist p)

Standing Stones (Fallen) & Probable Alignment
NF 853 707 (Main Stone) An alignment, approximately 150m long, crosses Skealtravel summit in a SE NW direction, comprising (from SE to NW): (a) possible stone to SE of summit, (b) a fallen stone 1m long, (c) another fallen stone 1m long, (d) a pair of possible smaller pointed fallen stones near (e), (e) a fallen standing stone slab 1.6m by 1.6m and 0.3m thick lying on its large packing stones on bare bedrock (and originally oriented at about 315 degrees with respect to true N, as judged by a large single undisturbed packing stone) and (f) a boulder 1.5m long.

The main fallen stone (e) is about 80m NW of the summit, which is marked by a very small cairn.

LEWIS

BARVAS SANDS (Barvas p) T G Cowie, M Ponting, P McFarlane

Crouched Inhumation, Midden & Eroding Structure
NB 348 518 Small scale excavations were carried out following the discovery by Mr P McFarlane of an eroding burial in a sizeable deflation area towards the N edge of Barvas Sands. The very tightly crouched, unaccompanied inhumation of a female lay in the remains of a shallow oval grave. The grave had been scooped into windblown sand and midden deposits, the latter apparently lying to one end of, and probably
associated with an eroding structure only a few metres from the site of the burial. Finds recovered from the exposed surface of the midden include fragments of Beaker, undecorated coarse pottery and a small lithic assemblage.
Sponsor: Dept of Archaeology, Royal Museum of Scotland
Archaeological Survey

1. Ground Survey

A List of Archaeological Sites and Monuments for North Kyle (Kyle and Carrick District, Strathclyde) was issued. Lists for East Rhins (Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway) and Shapinsay (Orkney Islands) are in preparation.

Because of shortage of resources on the part of RCAMS and basic changes in the OS mapping programme, little fieldwork was done for the OS revision programme.

2. Aerial Survey

Volatile weather-conditions in early spring led to a late start of the main summer programme, but at least 500 sites were recorded as cropmarks. The most productive areas were in Eastern and South-eastern Scotland, but the Solway and Moray Firth districts were also surveyed with profit. Particularly noteworthy were the new details observed in the Holywood cursus (Nithsdale District, Dumfries and Galloway), new elements in the Roman Forth-Tay frontier, and the cropmark complex in upper Strathtay (possible including a previously unrecorded early monastic site at Forthingall (Perth and Kinross District, Tayside).

Systematic Topographic Survey

Fieldwork for Volume 6 of the Inventory of Argyll (Prehistoric Mid-Argyll and Cowal) is complete and work on the text is at an advanced stage. Fieldwork continues for the final volume (Medieval and Later Mid Argyll and Cowal).

Threatened Buildings and Industrial Survey

During the period October 1985-September 1986 160 notifications to demolish listed buildings (excluding those in category C) and 25 notifications to demolish unlisted buildings in Conservation Areas were received. During the same period 49 applications are known to have been granted Listed Building Consent. Many other buildings were reported to be at risk through progressive decay, vandalism and other agencies. Notification was also received of numerous proposals to alter or restore listed buildings. The total number of surveys initiated was 161 (including some covering groups of buildings), the more important of which were as follows:

Borders Region

Chirnside School
Fairnilee, Clewenthords
Dinlabyre Aisle
Black Barony Hotel, Eddleston
59-6 Horsemarket, Kelso
Liddelbank House
HORS A building, Newcastleton
Rose Cottage, Skirling

Central

Mar and Kellie Mausoleum, Alloa
Cottage, Grangewells, Acre Road, Bo'ness
Tillicoultry Mains Steading
Tillicoultry Town Hall
Dumfries and Galloway

6-8 Butts Street, Annan
Annan Railway Station
Chapel, The Mount, Carnsloch
Creetown Railway Station
148-50 High Street/1 Queensberry Square, Dumfries
Craighaugh Cottage and Steading, Eskdalemuir
12 Rosevale Street, Langholm
2 Church Road, Sanquhar
Caldonshill Farm, Stoneykirk
Outer Blair Farm, Stoneykirk
Tinwald Old Manse
Wanlockhead Church

Fife

Chalmers Memorial Church, Anstruther
14-15 Harbour Place, Burntisland
33-7 Harbour Place, Burntisland
West Saline Farm, Dunfermline
18 High Street, Kinghorn
27 High Street, Newburgh
Parkhill Mill
Peat Inn and Village
St Andrew and St George Church, Rosyth

Grampian

Albion and St Paul’s Church, Aberdeen
1-3 Correction Wynd, Aberdeen
Northern Co-operative Society Store, George Street, Aberdeen
Loch Street, Aberdeen: various buildings
1-17 St Nicholas Street, Aberdeen
19-25 St Nicholas Street, Aberdeen
St Paul’s Church, Aberdeen
Redevelopment schemes, Aberdeen (eight items)
Drum Castle
Queen’s Hotel, Forres
Fyvie Castle
Logie Coldstone Parish Church
Regal Cinema, Lossiemouth
Lossiemouth: various streets
Mount Pleasant, Port Elphinstone
East Side Tollhouse, Turriff
Turriff Tollhouse

Highland

‘Auld House’, Achanalt, Strath Bran
103 High Street, Ardersier
Cannich/Tomich: various buildings
Guisachan House

Guisachan Home Farm and estate buildings
Invergordon-Georgemas railway line, signal boxes,
3-7 Castle Street, Inverness
3 Friars Street, Inverness
5-7 Friars Street, Inverness
17-19 Friars Street, Inverness
33 Friars Street, Inverness
12-14 High Street, Inverness
16-22 High Street, Inverness
Inverness area railway signal boxes
Fire Station, Harbour Street, Nairn
Bridge Street/High Street, Wick
Pavilion Cinema, Wick

Lothian

Cromwell House, Dunbar
Bingham Estate, Edinburgh
113 Dundas Street, Edinburgh
Dean Path Buildings, Edinburgh
East Silvermills Lane, Edinburgh
(various buildings)
Eyre Place Church, Edinburgh
Street-island lamps, Great Stuart Street, Edinburgh
Advocates Close, 357 High Street, Edinburgh
9a India Street, Edinburgh
1-2, 29-30 Kemp Place, Stockbridge, Edinburgh
Leith Central Redevelopment Area, Edinburgh (three items)
Leith Fort Redevelopment Area, Edinburgh
148-154 Morrison Street, Edinburgh
Northumberland Place Lane, Edinburgh
Garages, Northumberland Street Lane, Edinburgh
123 Princes Street, Edinburgh
7 Queen Street, Edinburgh
64 Queen Street, Edinburgh
6 Regent Terrace, Edinburgh
South Gyle Railway Station, Edinburgh
7 West Brighton Crescent, Edinburgh
6 Young Street Lane South, Edinburgh
MacGillivray Tombstone, Gogar
Churchyard
Cockpen Old Parish Church, Gorebridge
Gothenburg Tavern, Prestonpans
Pressmennan Farm, Stenton
Sydserf, Kingston, North Berwick

Strathclyde

Abington Church
Tulliechewan Castle, Alexandria
99-101 High Street, Ayr
Rosebank House, 14-16 Rosebank Crescent, Ayr
Schaw Hospital, Bearsden
Castlehill Church, Campbeltown
Windsor Cinema, Carlisle
Harecarns, Carnwath
New Bush Inn, Carnwath
Carstairs House
Crawford Church
Crawfordjohn Church
Cumbernauld Town Centre
Drumlemlie, Machrihanish
East Trodidal, Machrihanish
St Leonard's Estate, East Kilbride
Torrance House, East Kilbride
Elvanfoot Church
St Andrew's Church, Girvan
Argyle Street/West Campbell Street/
Blythswood Street/Holm Street, Glasgow
Warehouse, Bell Street, Glasgow
36-62 Bothwell Street, Glasgow
14-44 Glassford Street, 39-51
Hutcheson Street, Glasgow
61-3 Hillhead Street, Glasgow
Tenements, Holm Street/Blythswood
Street/Argyle Street, Glasgow
40 Nithsdale Street, Glasgow
Pollokshaws C.D.A., Glasgow
Prince's Square, Glasgow
Red Road Estate, Glasgow
178-186 St Vincent Street, Glasgow
Spreull's Court, Trongate, Glasgow
81-3 Wellington Street/36-48 Waterloo
Street, Glasgow
136 West George Street, Glasgow.
136 West George Street, Glasgow
160 West George Street, Glasgow
123-39 West Regent Street, Glasgow
126-8 West Regent Street, 129-31
Wellington Street, Glasgow
Blackfriars Church, Wester Craigs,
Glasgow
Winton House, Winton Drive, Glasgow
21-31 Hood Street, Kilmarnock
Holy Trinity Church, Kilmarnock
Kilmarnock Sheriff Court
Knock Castle, Largs
Knock (Old) Castle
Lamington Church
18-20 Broomgate, Lanark
Leadhills Church
29-43 Alexandra Avenue, Lenzie
'Ancorahe', Hamilton Road, Motherwell
'The Moorings', Hamilton Road,
Motherwell
The Institute, New Lanark
17-19 Ferguslie Walk, Paisley
Paisley Sheriff Courthouse
Rockhill Castle, Rothesay
Tunnock's Tearoom, Main Street,
Uddingston
Tunnock's Bakery, Bellshill Road,
Uddingston
Wiston Church

Tayside
Muirheadstone Farm, Bankfoot
Vayne Farmhouse, near Brechin
Camperdown House, Dundee
City Square, Dundee
Dudhope Castle, Dundee
Overgate Centre, Dundee
Garden Cottage, Lundie Castle
Perth area railway signal boxes
(three items)
Dron Steading, Rossie

Grampian
Capstan, Aberdeen Harbour
Sandilands Chemical Works, Links Road,
Aberdeen
Threshing Machines, Mill of Uras, near
Stonehaven

In addition, 105 surveys of industrial sites
and monuments were initiated, the
more important of which were as follows:

Central
Boiler Houses, Kilncraigs Mill, Alloa

Dumfries and Galloway
Annan Railway Station
Barburgh Mill, Closeburn
Lime Works, Park, Closeburn, Thornhill
Ecclefechan Railway Station
Glenwhilly Railway Station
Hollows Mill, Canonbie
Nithsdale Mills, Dumfries

Grange Distillery, Burntisland
Dye Works (George Halley & Co Ltd),
Nicol Street, Kirkcaldy
Scottish Linoleum Works (Nairn Floors),
Kirkcaldy (Video Record)
West Bridge Works (Textiles), Kirkcaldy
Beam-Engine House, Thornton

In addition, 105 surveys of industrial sites
and monuments were initiated, the
more important of which were as follows:

Central
Boiler Houses, Kilncraigs Mill, Alloa

Dumfries and Galloway
Annan Railway Station
Barburgh Mill, Closeburn
Lime Works, Park, Closeburn, Thornhill
Ecclefechan Railway Station
Glenwhilly Railway Station
Hollows Mill, Canonbie
Nithsdale Mills, Dumfries

Grange Distillery, Burntisland
Dye Works (George Halley & Co Ltd),
Nicol Street, Kirkcaldy
Scottish Linoleum Works (Nairn Floors),
Kirkcaldy (Video Record)
West Bridge Works (Textiles), Kirkcaldy
Beam-Engine House, Thornton

Grampian
Capstan, Aberdeen Harbour
Sandilands Chemical Works, Links Road,
Aberdeen
Threshing Machines, Mill of Uras, near
Stonehaven

File

56
Highland

Cast-iron Bollard, Cromarty Harbour
Cromarty Brewery
Stables, Cromarty House
Threshing Machine, Dorrachan, Delny
Dovecot, Mains of Geanies, Fearn
Golspe Mill
Bridge, John O' Groat's Mill
Horizontal Watermill, Kiltomy
Horizontal Watermill, Lamigo
Horizontal Watermill, Loch Eriboll
Rockfield Mill, Portmahomack
Gravestone, Clachan Cemetery, Raasay
Grain Mill, Inverarish, Raasay
Iron Ore Mine, Raasay
Iron Ore Processing Plant and Pier, Suisnish Point, Raasay
Railway Junction and Winding Engine House, Raasay
Wrought-Iron Gates, Raasay
Lime kilns, Shinness, The Airds, Lairg
Brewery, Thurso
Ribgill Steading, Tongue
Horizontal Watermill, Strathan, Bettyhill
Threshing Machine and Buildings, Swordale, Evanton

Lothian

Chieftain Shovel Forge, Bathgate
Preston Mill, East Linton
Holyrood Brewery, Edinburgh
Millstones, Dean Bridge, Edinburgh
Hand crane, Forth Railway Bridge Maintenance Depot, Dalmeny
Hand crane, Hepburn Engineering Works, West Harbour Road, Edinburgh
Drying Kiln, Luftness Mill, Aberlady
Gilby-Brunton's Wireworks, Musselburgh
Hand crane and Boom, North Berwick Harbour
Ratho Railway Station
Statford Railway Station, Edinburgh
Tanfield Hall Gas Works, Canonmills, Edinburgh

Strathclyde

Bitumen Refinery, Ardrossan (incl. Video Record)
Ice-House and Ice-Stacks, Auchencruive
Balloch Central Railway Station
Balloch Pier and Railway Station
Stewart and Lloyd's Calder Tube Works, Coatbridge
Kiloran Mill, Colonsay
Horse-powered Threshing machine, Scrutien, Colonsay
Crosslee Mills (former Explosives factory), Houston
Dumbarton Central Railway Station
Gartcosh Steel Works (incl. Video Record)
Barclay Curle's North British Diesel Engine Works, Whiteinch, Glasgow
Bell Street Warehouses and Bonds, Glasgow
Benalder Street Substation, Partick, Glasgow
Dalhouse Street Substation and Tram Depot, Cowcaddens, Glasgow
Kelvin Marine Diesels, Kyle Street, Glasgow
Former NCB Office Block, 36 Robertson Street, Glasgow
Pinkston Power Station (for Tramways), North Canal Bank Street, Glasgow
Four Winds Hydraulic Power Station, Princes Dock, Glasgow
Seaward Street Substation, Kinning Park, Glasgow
Sir William Arrol's Dalmarnock Works, Glasgow
Test House, Glengarnock Steel Works Kaim Millstone Quarry, West Kilbride
Kilmuir's Mill
Loudounhill Viaduct, Galston
Neilston Railway Station
Oban Distillery
Anchor Mills, Paisley
Saucel Distillery, Saucel Street, Paisley
Millstones, Saucel Mill, Paisley
Sheepford Boiler Works, Coatbridge
Millstone, Town Mill, Strathaven
West Kilbride Railway Station
Suspension Footbridge, Tam o' Shanter
Hone Stone Works, Dalmore, Stair
Threshing Mill, Wester Kittochside
Horse-powered Threshing machine, Wester Kittochside, East Kilbride

Tayside

Pool Mill, West John Street, Arbroath
Drying kiln, Upper Mill, Barry
Boysack Mill, Inverkeilor
Boiler, Mains of Brigton Farm, Forfar (now in RMS)
Bower Works, Douglas Street, Dundee
Dura Works, Dens Road, Dundee
East Mill, Guthrie Street, Dundee
Edward Street Works, Dundee
Hillbank Works, Alexander Street, Dundee

57
The volume Monuments of Industry: an illustrated historical record was published in June. This contains an illustrated account of the principal industrial and engineering monuments recorded by RCAMS since the early 1950s.

Regional Guides: Exploring Scotland's Heritage

Three more volumes in this series were published between December 1985 and October 1986, namely The Clyde Estuary and Central Region, by Jack Stevenson, Orkney and Shetland, by Anna Ritchie and Dumfries and Galloway, by Geoffrey Stell.

National Monuments Record of Scotland

During the period October 1985-September 1986 the number of visitors to the archive totalled 2,694 and there were 4,591 written and telephone enquiries. 579 items were issued on loan from the photographic library and 13,076 photocopies were supplied. Receipts from the sale of photographs and from reproduction fees amounted to £9,359.20.

The amalgamation of the NMRS and ex-OS records was completed, as also the re-arrangement of photographic box-files in the Architectural Record. The computerised information and retrieval system became operational in October and steps are now being taken to begin data input. Progress has been made on the preparation of a new Cataloguing Manual.

Map Revision

Work included the provision of the following information to the OS:

(a) Large Scale Maps 65 Antiquity Models issued.

(b) Small Scale Maps

36 Pathfinder maps (1:2,500) revised.
3 Landranger maps (1:50,000) prepared for OS fieldwork.
17 Landranger maps updated following OS fieldwork and Antiquity Models issued, including the addition of 656 sites and the deletion of 90 sites.
Tourist information on ancient monuments supplied for 32 maps.

Accessions

These comprised 20,308 photographs, 2,323 prints and drawings, 183 reports and MSS and 464 books and periodicals.

The principal accessions were as follows:

REPORTS, MANUSCRIPTS ETC

Prehistoric and Roman


3. Report describing the evidence for Palaeolithic and other early implements found in deposits in Ayrshire and Lanarkshire, Strathclyde Region, by H McFadzean, 1985. (Mr H McFadzean).


Medieval and Later


12. Reports on the survey and excavations of the chapel and early Christian settlement at Brough of Birsay, Orkney, 1974-82, the Chapel and monastic site at Brough of Deerness, Orkney, 1975-7, the multi-period site at Freswick Links, Caithness, Highland Region, 1985, and Birsay 'Small Sites', Orkney, 1976-80. (VESAR project per Mr C D Morris and Dr C Batey).


14. Collection of working documents and publications relating to the recording of historic buildings in the USA and Canada undertaken as part of a Churchill Fellowship, 1979. (Mr Nic Allen).

15. Report and correspondence on the excavations at Glasgow Cathedral,
The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

16. Letterbook No 5 relating to the firm of John Smith & Sons, containing correspondence concerning jobs from 1850-8, including work at Abbotsford, and the building of the Roman Catholic Church at Galashiels, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region. John Smith & Sons' copy of the contract for building alterations and additions at Bowhill, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, 1831. Copy of an Extract from the Transactions of the Institute of British Architects, 1835-6, on Whinstone Construction by Messrs Smith of Darnick, communicated by Thomas Hamilton, Architect of Edinburgh. (Mr Lewis Smith).

17. Dissertation on the development and landscape setting of Balcarres House, North-East Fife, Fife Region, for the Department of History of Art, University of St Andrews, 1984. (Miss Mary Miers per The Earl of Crawford and Balcarres).


20. Correspondence from John Smith to Thomas Smith concerning work for the Earl of Buchan, 1811, diaries for 1822 and 1864 by John Smith, and two journals of journeys in 1839 and 1848 to Buxton, Derbyshire, by John Smith. (Mr Lewis Smith).

PRINTS AND DRAWINGS

Prehistoric and Roman


23. Plan and colour photographs of the chambered cairn at Cairnholy 1, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by J Scott Wood, 1983. (Mr J Scott Wood per Mr T Cowie).

24. Survey drawing and location map of a hut-circle at Twinners, Sutherland District, Highland Region, by D Ross and D Reed, 1985. (Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).

25. Plan of the excavation of a wheelhouse at A Cheardach Mhor, Drumore, South Uist, Western Isles, by A Young and K Richardson, 1956. (Historic
Buildings and Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).

Medieval and Later

26. Plans of St Peter's Kirk, Campston, St Andrews, and a structure on Grassholm, Orkney, by R Lamb, 1985. (Dr R Lamb).


28. Excavation plans, drawings prepared for publication, context and sample sheets, colour slides, negatives, correspondence and draft reports of the excavation at the motte, Castlehill of Strachan, Kincardine District, Grampian Region, by P A Yeoman, 1980-1. (Mr P A Yeoman).


31. Photograph of an oil painting of The Royal Mile, Edinburgh, by David Octavius Hill (1802-70), and Edinburgh from the Calton Hill, Circle of David Octavius Hill, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Sothebys).


34. Collection of drawings relating to the Architectural practice of H E Clifford, died 1932. (Purchased).

35. Measured plans of details of entrance doors at Rothiemay Castle, Moray District, Grampian Region, Northfield House, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, 98-102 West Bow, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, 1940, and a plan and elevation of a thatched cottage at Clashmunnin Hillock, Rothiemay, Moray District, Grampian Region, 1930. (Mr W G Dey).

36. The Architectural papers of the Revd John Sime (1790-1864), including his album of memorabilia, and two portfolios containing additional survey material, his own designs, and a collection of designs and theoretical studies attributed to John Douglas (fl. 1730-37), including drawings for Archerfield House, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, c. 1747. (Merchant Company of Edinburgh).

37. Watercolour perspective of Lochton House, City of Dundee District, Tayside Region, by Charles Wilson, 1852. (Purchased).
38. Three drawings for St Mary's Episcopal Cathedral, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by Sir G G Scott, 1879, and J Oldrid Scott, 1890. (The Provost per Crichton Lang Willis and Galloway).

39. Plans for designs for shop fronts and shop layouts in the major Scottish towns for James Allan & Son Ltd, Shoemakers, 1920-60. (James Allan & Son Ltd).

40. Photographs of watercolours of Newark Castle, Renfrew District, Strathclyde Region, by Henry Pether, and a view of Alloa, Clackmannan District, Central Region, by John Clark, c. 1820. (Sothebys per Mr D Moore-Gwyn).

41. Album of mid-19th-century architectural drawings, including plans for Mr Baylis's Theatre, Cowcaddens Street, the proposed Theatre Royal, Bath Street, Glasgow, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, and Blantyre Parish Church, Clydesdale District, Strathclyde Region. The index to the album is signed by A MacQueen. (Purchased).

42. Plans and notebooks describing a survey on North Rona, Western Isles, by Miss H Nisbet and R Gailey, 1958. (Miss H Nisbet).


44. Drawings prepared for publication of the excavations at Kelso Abbey, Roxburgh District, Borders Region, by C J Tabraham, 1975-6. (Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD, per Mr C J Tabraham).

45. Plans and specifications for Wishart U P Memorial Church, King Street, Dundee, Angus District, Tayside Region, by T Martin Cappon, 1899. (Simpson and Brown).

46. Watercolour drawing of a scheme of decoration for Tain Town Hall, Ross and Cromarty District, Highland Region, by P C B 1903. (Tain Museum).

47. Mid 19th-century folio of sketches by an amateur including views of Invergarry House, Lochaber District, prior to the large addition of 1866, and Fasnakyle House and Affrick Cottage, Inverness District, Highland Region. (Purchased).


49. Colour slides of drawings of a design for Sir Lawrence Dundas by James Byres, 1768, thought to be for Dundas House, St Andrew Square, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Purchased).


51. Two volumes of designs for architectural woodwork and furniture inscribed Drawings of Ornaments, created from the papers of George Potts (1801-1874), foreman to William Trotter, the leading cabinetmaker and upholsterer in Scotland. The volumes include schemes for work at Murthly and Taymouth Castle, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, and
Holyroodhouse and George Heriot's Hospital, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. Some of the designs are from the office of A W N Pugin. (Purchased with the aid of a contribution from the National Art-Collections Fund).

52. Two photographs of drawings for the elevation of the Heriot Watt Institute, Chambers Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Rhind, 1872, one as prepared by the Architects of the City Improvements Trust, and one as altered by Rhind, and executed. (Heriot Watt University Archives).

53. Colour transparency and photograph of an oil painting by J H Lorimer of The Birthday Party showing the Earl's Bedroom, Kellie Castle, North-east Fife District, Fife Region. (Phillips).

The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

54. Two volumes of watercolour views of Aberdeenshire Castles by James Giles, 1839-40. (National Trust for Scotland).

55. Plan and elevation of a proposed Footbridge over the River Nith, Dumfries, Nithsdale District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by James Barbour, 1874. (Dumfries Burgh Museums per Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD).

56. Bound volume of designs for houses and record drawings by Alexander Johnston, c. 1813, including designs for Springkell House, Annandale and Eskdale District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, and a drawing of the elevation of Ardgowan House, Inverclyde District, Strathclyde Region. (Mr M Johnson-Ferguson of Springkell per Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD).

57. Four volumes of plans and accounts relating to the building and furnishing of Abbotsford, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, 1812-14, as bound up in 1941. (Mrs P Maxwell-Scott).

58. Lithograph of the Old Jail, High Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by David Somerville, 1817. (Mr D J Black).

59. Photocopies of late 18th-century drawings for bridges, gateways and lodges, some identified for Blackadder House, Berwick District, Borders Region, attributed to William Elliot. (British Architectural Library: Drawings Collection).

60. Design for the improvement of Prestonhall, by Thomas White, 1794, and plans of the Estate of Prestonhall by John Lauder, 1806; the Lands of Ford by Thomas Carfrae, 1842, the Estate of Crichton by William Alexander, 1801, and John Lauder, 1820, Midlothian District, Lothian Region. (Major and Mrs J D Callander).

61. Two designs for a proposed addition to St Baldred's Episcopal Church, North Berwick, East Lothian District, Lothian Region, by John Kinross, c. 1885. (Miss D Mays).

62. Nine sketch plans for alterations and additions to Dalkeith House, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, designed to provide a new dining room, north terrace and entrance porch, c. 1834, and a drawing attributed to James Playfair (1755-94), used to show later alterations. (His Grace
63. Watercolour of the Bobbin Mill and Brewery, Gatehouse-of-Fleet, Stewartry District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1847. (Mrs E Murray-Usher).

64. Designs for a new house and proposed additions to Fintray House, Gordon District, Grampian Region, attributed to John Smith, 1820s. (National Trust for Scotland).


66. Dyeline copies of plans of Barra Castle and Westhall House, Gordon District, Grampian Region. (Mr N Bogdan).

67. Plan of the Estate of Dryden, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, 1832, including vignettes of Dryden House and Porter's Lodge and Gate. (Trotter of Bush per SRO).

68. Volume of Plans of the Lands in East Lothian belonging to the Earl of Wemyss attributed to John Ainslie, 1807, including Gosford, Amisfield House, Beanston House, Seton House and Port Seton, East Lothian District, Lothian Region. (The Earl of Wemyss and March).

69. Drawings of designs for an addition to Lochnaw Castle, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by Archibald Elliot and one attributed to James Gillespie Graham, c. 1820. (Sir Crispin Agnew per SRO).

70. Plans and elevations for alterations to Lochside, Lochwinnoch, Renfrew District, Strathclyde Region, by J Robertson, 1909, and drawings for additions by J R Johnstone and J Harold Hughes, 1925. (Blair Deans Associates).

71. Design for a competition entry for Donaldson's Hospital, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by W H Playfair and David Roberts, 1836. (The Headmaster, Donaldson's School for The Deaf).

72. Volume of plans of the Estate of Penicuik, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, surveyed by John Ainslie, 1796, including a plan of the garden and landscape round Penicuik House, and a plan of the town with names of feuars. (Sir John Clerk Bt.).

73. Volume of sketches of Melrose Abbey by John Smith, 1804, and a folio of unexecuted plans for additions to Darnlee, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, by Brown and Wardrop, 1872, and early schemes for the house by J and T Smith. (Mr Lewis Smith).

PHOTOGRAPHS

Prehistoric and Roman

75. Collection of glass slides of various sites in Scotland, 1950s. (Royal Museum of Scotland per Mr T Cowie).

76. Negatives and photographs of Eildon Hill North fort, Ettrick and Lauderdale District, Borders Region, taken by M Brooks. (Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD, per Mr G J Barclay).

77. Negatives and colour prints of archaeological sites throughout Scotland. (Mr G J Barclay).

78. Aerial photographs of sites in Scotland taken by Professor B Jones. (Professor B Jones).

79. Colour slides of various sites in Mull, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region. (Mrs U V G Betts).

80. Negatives of aerial photographs of various sites in Scotland. (Mr S Driscoll).


83. Negatives and photographs of various sites throughout north Scotland, 1986. (Dr J Close-Brooks).

84. Colour negatives and report of sites visited during the Keep Whithorn Tidy campaign, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by Mrs L Taylor, 1985-6. (Mrs L Taylor).


Medieval and Later

86. Eleven postcards including views of the Industrial Hall and Palace of History, Scottish Exhibition, Glasgow, 1911, and Sauchiehall Street, Glasgow, 1924, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, Dunira House and Lily pond, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region, 1935, and Seafield Street, Cullen, Banff District, Grampian Region, 1929. (Purchased).

87. Early 20th-century postcards of Lamington House, Clydesdale District, Strathclyde Region, Comlongan Castle, Nithsdale District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, and Dunrobin Castle, Sutherland District, Highland Region. (Mr P M Reid).

88. Eight photographs of views of the mining village of Blackburn, West Lothian District, Lothian Region, 1920s. (Mrs Marion Findlay).


91. Early 20th-century photographs of Beldorney Castle, Gordon District, Grampian Region, and of an unidentified house. (SRO).

92. Postcard of Rawcliffe House, Langside, Glasgow, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, 1920s. (Mr P M Reid).


94. Postcards of Glen Caladh Castle, Argyll District, Strathclyde Region, 1950, and Lochinch Castle, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, c. 1900. (Mr P M Reid).

95. Negatives and photographs of Scottish subjects taken by Alec Grierson, 1960s and 70s. (Purchased).

96. Postcard of the gardens at Belladrum House, Inverness District, Highland Region, photographed by Valentine of Dundee, c. 1900. (Mr Derek Sherborn per Mr P M Reid).


98. Late 19th-century postcard of the Barclay Church and Glengyle Terrace, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, photographed by Ramsay Russell. (Mrs J G Dunbar).

99. Album of photographs dating from the 1870s including views of streets in Dundee, City of Dundee District, Tayside Region, Inveraray Castle taken before the fire in 1877, and The Street, Iona, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region. (Purchased).

100. Photographs, colour slides, plan and report, recording an investigation of foundations beneath Livingston Old Parish Church, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, undertaken by R M Spearman, 1985. (Historic Buildings and Monuments, SDD, per Dr N Fojut).

101. Aerial photographs of sites in Shetland by D Wheeler. (Dr A Ritchie)

102. Photograph of a cross-slab at West Crosherie, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by D J Craig, 1986. (Mr D J Craig).


104. Photograph of an ogam inscribed stone from Lochnaw, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, by D J Craig, 1985. (Mr D J Craig per Dr A Ritchie).

105. Negatives of the excavation at Kilmory Chapel, Argyll and Bute District,
106. Negatives and prints of architectural subjects in Scotland taken by Eric de Mare', 1960s, including views of Rockville House, Napier Road, and Salisbury Street, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, before demolition. (Purchased).


109. Photographs of Drum Castle, Kincardine and Deeside District, Grampian Region, July 1901. (Mr N Bogdan per National Trust for Scotland).

110. Early 20th-century photograph of Ardwall House, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region. (Mr P Powell).

111. Album of late 19th-century and early 20th-century photographs including views of the construction of the West Highland Railway line and the Glasgow Central Railway. The photographs probably illustrate the work of Formans and McColl, Civil Engineers, and the social life of the Forman family. (Purchased).

112. Early 20th-century photograph of Craigneuk Free Church, Motherwell District, Strathclyde Region. (Mr I R Gow).

113. Photographic copy of a stereoscopic view of Torphichen Preceptory, West Lothian District, Lothian Region, 1860s. (Mr B McNair per Mrs D M Reynolds).

114. Two late 19th-century photographs of St Mary's Episcopal Cathedral and Easter Coates House, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Miss E Strong).


116. Photograph of a lithographed portrait of James Leslie, CE, 1801-89. (Mr H Colvin).

117. Two late 19th-century photographs of Pitferrane House, Dunfermline District, Fife Region. (The late Mrs D Hunter per Miss B W Robertson).

118. Photograph of New Street Gasworks, 1906-11, Meadowflats Gasworks, the 'New' Quarry, Pennywell Parks, 1901, and Granton Castle, Edinburgh, 1899, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Scottish Gas).

119. Postcard of Gelston Castle, Stewartry District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1920s. (Mr P M Reid).

120. Postcards of Hugh Miller's Cottage, Cromarty, Ross and Cromarty.
District, Highland Region, and Old Leanach Farmhouse, Culloden, Inverness District, Highland Region, 1983. (Dr J Close-Brooks).

121. Copy negative and prints of photographs of Rosneath Castle, Argyll and Bute District, Strathclyde Region, and Glasserton House and Garden, Wigtown District, Dumfries and Galloway Region, 1901. (NMR, England).

122. Early 20th-century postcards of Graemeshall, Holm, Orkney, and Duncarthish, Perth and Kinross District, Tayside Region. (Mr D Sherborn per Mr P M Reid).

123. Aerial photographs of Preshome and Priest Farm, Preshome, Moray District, Grampian Region, c. 1970, before demolition of the old steading. (Miss Judith Scott).


126. Copy photographs of calotypes of St Salvator's College Church, St Andrews, North-east Fife District, Fife Region, and the Tomb of the Denniston family, Greyfriars Churchyard, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, by D O Hill and R Adamson, 1840. (Christies).

127. Colour transparencies of buildings in Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, and Glasgow, City of Glasgow District, Strathclyde Region, taken by Eric de Mare, 1960s. (Purchased).

The following items were copied while on temporary deposit

128. Album of late 19th-century photographs of Cloncaird House and garden, Kyle and Carrick District, Strathclyde Region, taken by H R W. (Mr Peter Beath per Carnegie Library, Ayr).

129. Late 19th-century photographs of Scott Morton and Co's Works at Tynecastle, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region, a photographic portrait of William Scott Morton, and various designs by William Scott Morton. (Mrs E Hardie).

130. Late 19th- and early 20th-century collection of photographs from Lauriston Castle, including views of Lauriston Castle, Easter Barnton, Messrs Morison & Co's shop at 78 George Street, and a family home at 4 Glenorchy Terrace, Edinburgh, City of Edinburgh District, Lothian Region. (Edinburgh City Museums and Art Gallery).

131. Album of photographs including views of Barra Castle, Gordon District, Grampian Region, 1860s. (Mr N Bogdan).


133. Late 19th-century photographs of Dryden House and The Bush, Midlothian District, Lothian Region. (Trotter of Bush per SRO).

134. Photographs of Barnbarroch House and garden, Stewartry District,
19th century, and Lochryan House, Wigtown District, 1906, Dumfries and Galloway Region. (Mr T Lloyd).

135. Photograph of the interior of Roslin Chapel, Midlothian District, Lothian Region, by George Washington Wilson, c. 1860. (Mr Ivan A Barnard).

136. Postcards and photographs of buildings in Grampian Region, including views of Kemnay House, 1870s, and Tulliefoure Castle, 1885, Gordon District, and Manor House and Glenmuick House, 1903, Banff and Buchan District. (Mr N Bogdan).
A Scottish Bibliography for 1985 and 1986

This section has been compiled by Anne O'Connor and D V Clarke

GENERAL

Archaeology in Britain 1985

Council for British Archaeology Report No 35
- London, 1985 Coun Brit Archaeol

Council for British Archaeology Report No 36
- London, 1986 Coun Brit Archaeol

British Archaeological Abstracts. 18
- London, 1985 Coun Brit Archaeol, £15

British Archaeological Abstracts. 19

Recent publications relevant to lithic studies. Britain and Ireland: regional studies
Healy, F, Saville, A & Wickham-Jones, C Lithics, 5, 1984, 41-49

Bibliography of Scotland. 7. 1985
- Edinburgh, 1985 Nat Lib Scot, £10

Bibliography of Scotland. 8. 1986
- Edinburgh, 1986 Nat Lib Scot, £10

A list of articles on Scottish history published during the year 1985
Graham, T W Scot Hist Rev 64 (2) 1985, 168-77

Scottish local studies resources: a directory of publications from Scottish public libraries
Osborne, B D (ed) Motherwell, 1986 Scot Lib Assoc, £2.85

Sources for Scottish agrarian history
Shaw, J P Scot Local Hist 6, 1985, 16-24

Bibliography of British gardens
Desmond, R Winchester, 1985 St Paul's Bibliographies, £20

Ancient Monuments Board for Scotland: 31st Annual Report
- Edinburgh, 1985 HMSO, £2.30

Ancient Monuments Board for Scotland. 32nd Annual Report 1985
- Edinburgh, 1986 HMSO, £2.40

- Edinburgh, 1986 HMSO, £7.70
Catalogue of aerial photographs 1983
- Edinburgh, 1985

Alexander Thom (obituary)
Atkinson, R J C
J Hist Astron, 17, 1986, 73-75

Daniel Wilson - the man who invented prehistory?
Ash, M
Popular Archaeol, 6(7), May 85, 12-16

Memorial of Iain C Walker (1938-1984)
Jones, O R
Hist Archaeol 19, 1985, 106-10

J M Corrie, archaeologist
Reynolds, D M

John Hope 1725-1786: a Scottish botanist
Morton, A G
Edinburgh, 1986
Edin Botanic Garden (Sibbald) Trust, £2

"To foster and enrich": the first 50 years of the Saltire Society
Bruce, G
Edinburgh, 1986
Saltire Soc, £4

A lang pedigree: an essay to mark the centenary of the Scottish History Society 1886-1986
Donaldson, G
Scot Hist Rev 65(1) 1986, 1-16

The shape of the past. 1 & 2. Essays in Scottish ethnology
Fenton, A
Edinburgh, 1985
John Donald, £12 each vol

Scots: the mither tongue
Kay, B
Edinburgh, 1986
Mainstream Publ, £9.95

The concise Scots dictionary
Robinson, M (ed)
Aberdeen, 1985
Aberdeen Univ Press, £17.50

An introduction to church archaeology
Morris, R
London, 1983
Ecclesiol Soc, no price given

Hallelujah: recording chapels and meeting-houses
Stell, C
London, 1985
Counc Brit Archaeol, £2.95

National Heritage (Scotland) Act 1985
- London, 1985
HMSO, £3.70

- Edinburgh
HMSO, 1985, £5.30

Final report
- Edinburgh, 1986
HMSO, £3.90

The Royal Scottish Museum final report 1983-84-85
- Edinburgh, 1986
Royal Scottish Museum, no price given

Scotland's National Museums
Anderson, R G W
Nat Art Coll Fund Mag, 28, 1985, 15
A new start for the Nationals
Anderson, R G W Mus J 86(1), 1986, 3-6

A portrait gallery for Scotland: the foundation, architecture and mural decoration of the Scottish National Portrait Gallery
Smiles, H Edinburgh, 1985 Trustees Nat Gall Scot, £4.95

Museums in Scotland: report by a working party 1986
Mus Gall Comm London, 1986 HMSO, £7.90

The non-Nationals of Scotland: an introduction to the Museums and Galleries Commission report
Longman, P Mus J 86(1), 1986, 42-43

Museums and galleries in Great Britain & Ireland 1987
Alcock, S (ed) East Grinstead, 1986 Brit Leisure Publ, £2.75

Scottish museums and galleries guide
- Edinburgh, 1986 Scot Mus Counc/Polygon/Glasgow Herald, £2.95

Museums are for people
- Edinburgh, 1985 Scot Mus Counc, £5

Wha's like us?: A personal view of the way ahead for Scotland's military museums.
Wood, S C Mus J 86(1), 1986, 13-15

Independent industrial museums
Arnold, J E Mus J 86(1), 1986, 45-49

Halliwell's House Museum, Selkirk
Brown, I Mus J 86(1), 1986, 18-21

Dr I F Grant (1887-1983): The Highland Folk Museum and a bibliography of her written works
Cheape, H ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 113-25

The Scottish Mining Museum
Cotterill, M Scot Indus Hist, 7, 1984, 34-37

People's Palace and Glasgow Green
King, E Glasgow, 1985 Richard Drew Publ, £1.50

Held in trust: the National Trust for Scotland
Crawford, I Edinburgh, 1986 Mainstream Publ/STV, £12.95

Scotland's historic buildings and monuments: a directory of sites open to the public
- Edinburgh Scot Dev Dept/Hist Buildings & Monuments, £1.50

A Shell guide to British archaeology
Hawkes, J with Bahn, P London, 1986 Michael Joseph, £14.95

Blood of the British from Ice Age to Norman Conquest
Hills, C London, 1986 George Philip/Channel 4, 1986, £12.95
GUIDES TO ANCIENT MONUMENTS PUBLISHED IN 1985 & 1986

A complete list of all SDD(AM) publications (guide-books, guide-leaflets, post cards, slides and slide-packs - including several slide-packs with texts on Prehistoric Scotland, the Antonine Wall, the Roman Army, Scottish Castles, Scottish Churches, Mary Queen of Scots and the Jacobites in Scotland) is available from Historic Buildings and Monuments, Scottish Development Department, 20 Brandon Street, Edinburgh EH3 5DX.

1985

Aberdour Castle
Apted, M R 2nd ed HMSO, £1.00

Bothwell Castle
Simpson, W D revised by Breeze, D J & Hume, J R 3rd ed HMSO, £1.00

Cairnpapple
Piggott, S with reconstruction drawings by T Borthwick 2nd ed HMSO, £0.60

Callanish
Ashmore, P J
- guide leaflet HBM, £0.35

Duff House
Tait, A A HMSO, £1.00

Glasgow Cathedral
Fawcett, R HMSO, £1.00

Huntly Castle
Simpson, W D & Tabraham, C J HMSO, £1.00
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Author(s)</th>
<th>Publisher</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jedburgh Abbey</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td>HBM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lincluden Collegiate Church</td>
<td>Hume, J R</td>
<td>HBM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lochleven Castle</td>
<td>Bogdan, N</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scotstarvit Tower</td>
<td>MacIvor, I</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seton Collegiate Church</td>
<td>Fawcett, R</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skelmorlie Aisle</td>
<td>no author stated</td>
<td>HEM, £0.30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smalholm Tower</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td>HMSO, £0.60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tolquhon Castle</td>
<td>Simpson, W D &amp; Tabraham, C J</td>
<td>HMSO, £0.60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Torphichen Preceptory</td>
<td>Hume, J R</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1986</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Borough of Birsay</td>
<td>Ritchie, A</td>
<td>HMSO, £1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caerlaverock Castle</td>
<td>O'Neil, B H St J revised by Hume, J R</td>
<td>3rd ed HMSO, £1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corgarff Castle</td>
<td>MacIvor, I</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duffus Castle and Chapel</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dumbarton Castle</td>
<td>MacIvor, I</td>
<td>HMSO, £0.60</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunfermline Abbey</td>
<td>Fawcett, R</td>
<td>HEM, £0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location</td>
<td>Author(s)</td>
<td>Edition</td>
<td>Publisher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------------</td>
<td>---------</td>
<td>-----------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dunstaffnage Castle</td>
<td>Simpson, W D &amp; Dunbar, J G</td>
<td>2nd ed</td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edinburgh Castle</td>
<td>Fawcett, R, Maclvor, I and Petersen, B revised ed</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Glenluchat Castle</td>
<td>Simpson, W D</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greenknowe Tower</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gurness Broch</td>
<td>Ashmore, P J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hailes Castle</td>
<td>Richardson, J H</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jedburgh Abbey</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kildrummy Castle</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bishop's Palace and Earl's Palace, Kirkwall</td>
<td>Simpson, W D</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orchardton Tower</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orkney, The Ancient Monuments of</td>
<td>Richie, A and G</td>
<td>2nd ed</td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ravenscraig Castle</td>
<td>Fawcett, R</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St Andrews Cathedral</td>
<td>Cruden, S</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tantallon Castle</td>
<td>Tabraham, C J</td>
<td></td>
<td>HMSO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Third Statistical Account of Scotland. 16. The county of Inverness</td>
<td>Barron, H</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scot Acad Press</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Third Statistical Account of Scotland. 20A. The county of Orkney</td>
<td>Miller, R (ed)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Scot Acad Press</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The Third Statistical Account of Scotland. 20B. The county of Shetland
Coul, J R (ed) Edinburgh, 1985 Scot Acad Press, £22.50

The Third Statistical Account of Scotland. 22. The county of Midlothian
Kirkland, H (ed) Edinburgh, 1985 Scot Acad Press, £22.50

Insegall : the Western Isles
Barber, J & Magee, D Edinburgh, 1985 John Donald, £5

Fraser Darling's Islands
Boyd, J M Edinburgh, 1986 Edin Univ Press, £12.95

Benbecula
Burnett, R Benbecula, 1986 Mingulay Press, £10

Some objects from peat bogs

Upper Teesdale : the archaeology of a north Pennine valley

The road to Mingulay : a view of the Western Isles
Cooper, D London, 1985 Routledge & Kegan Paul, £12.95

The archaeological sites and monuments of Scotland. 24. West Rhins, Wigtown district, Dumfries & Galloway region
Corser, P et al Edinburgh, 1985 Roy Comm Anc Hist Mon Scot

The archaeological sites and monuments of Scotland. 25. North Kyle, Kyle and Carrick District, Strathclyde region
Corser, P et al Edinburgh, 1985 Roy Comm Anc Hist Mon Scot

Essays in Shetland history : Heidursit to T M Y Manson
Crawford, B E (ed) Lerwick, 1984 Shetland Times, £15

Highland heritage
Fairweather, B Fort William, 1984 Glencoe & North Lorn Folk Museum, £12.95

Scottish urban archaeology - where do we go from here?
Fine, D Scot Archaeol Rev, 4, 1986, 53

A preliminary survey of hut circles and field systems in SE Perthshire
Harris, J Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 199-216

Gordon Parry's West Burra survey
Hedges, J W Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 41-59

Discovering West Lothian
Hendrie, W F Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £6.50

The northern counties to AD 1000
Higham, N London, 1986 Longman, £12.50
Fair Isle survey: interim 1985
Humber, J R (ed)  
Bradford Univ Schools of Archaeol, Sci & Physics Occas Pap 6, £2.50

Millstones and millstone quarries in Northumberland
Jobey, G Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 14, 1985, 49-80

The making of the Shetland landscape
Knox, S A Edinburgh, 1985 John Donald, £18

The archaeological sites and monuments of Scotland. 23. Eday and Stronsay, Orkney Islands area. An archaeological survey
Lamb, R G Edinburgh, 1984 Roy Comm Anc Hist Mon Scot

Discovering Galloway
Macleod, T Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £6.50

Archaeological field survey in Northern Scotland: III 1982-83
Mercer, R & Hill, P H Edinburgh, 1985  
Univ Edin Dept Archaeol Occas Pap 11, from Oxbow Books, Oxford, £13

Landscape with lake - dwellings: the crannogs of Scotland
Morrison, I Edinburgh, 1985 Edin Univ Press, £10 : pbk £6

The prehistory of Orkney

Excavations at Ardnadam, Cowal, Argyll, 1964-1982

Recent fieldwork in Angus [Surveys on marginal land]
Sheriff, J R Rescue News, 16, 1985, 6

Shetland archaeology
Smith, B (ed) Lerwick, nd Shetland Times Ltd, £15

An excursion guide to the geology of the Aberdeen area
Trewin, N H, Kneller, B C and Gillen, G Edinburgh, 1986  
Scot Acad Press/Aberdeen Geol Soc, £5.75 : pbk £5.50

Millstone making in Scotland
Tucker, D G Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 539-56

The archaeology of wetlands
Coles, J M Edinburgh, 1984 Edin Univ Press, £1 (cased); £5.50 (paper)

A procedure for use in stratigraphical analysis

The analysis of multilinear stratigraphic sequences
Harris, E Scot Archaeol Rev, 3, 1984, 127-33

A comment on Dalland and Harris
Dinantian stratigraphy and evolution of the Northumberland Trough near Kirkbean, Scotland
Froelicher, F Trans Dumfries Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc 59, 984, 15-20

Lake sediments and environmental history: studies in palaeolimnology and palaeoecology in honour of Winifred Tutin
Haworth, E Y & Lund, J W G (eds) Leicester, 1984
Leicester Univ Press, £39

The role of geomorphology and geology in archaeological studies: a synopsis

Rare earth element distribution patterns in Shetland steatite: consequences for artifact provenancing studies

Tropical drift fruits and seeds on coasts in the British Isles and Western Europe. II. (1560-c.1860) History and folk-lore

Second fish osteoarchaeology meeting: Table Ronde, Sophia Antipolis, Valbonne 14-16 octobre 1983
Desse-Berset, N (ed) Paris, 1984 CNRS
- Orkney sites

The estimation of the charcoal content of sediments: a comparison of methods on peat sections from the Island of Arran
Robinson, D Circaea, 2, 1984, 121-28

Late Devensian and Flandrian environmental changes at the Dod, Borders Region

A summary of some recent shell midden analyses
Sloan, D Circaea, 3, 1985, 143-50

Shorelines and isostasy
= Spec Publ/Inst Brit Geogr, 16

Pollen diagrams from Dubh Lochan, Near Loch Lomond

Flandrian environmental history of the Isle of Mull

The survival of feral reindeer in northern Scotland
Whitaker, I Archiv Natur Hist, 13(1), 11-28
A project in experimental archaeology: Avasjo 1982
Wickham-Jones, C, Clarke, P A & Barlow, A
ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 97-104

The prehistory of metallurgy in the British Isles
Tylecote, R F
London, 1986
Inst Metals, £19.95

The apparent tinning of bronze axes and other artifacts
Tylecote, R F
Hist Metall, 19, 1985, 169-75

PREHISTORIC

Summary excavation reports

Summary excavation reports

Catalogue of the excavated prehistoric and Romano-British material in the Greenwell collection
Kinnes, I A & Longworth, I H
London, 1985
BMP, £50

Symbols of excellence. Precious materials as expressions of status
Clark, G
Cambridge, 1986
Cambridge Univ Press, £12.95
- Jet necklace, Poltalloch

The social foundations of prehistoric Britain: themes and variations in the archaeology of power
Bradley, R
London & New York, 1984
Longmans, £6.95

Symbols of power at the time of Stonehenge
Clarke, D V, Cowie, T & Foxon, A
Edinburgh, 1985
HMSO, £25
- Exhib cat

Discontinuity, cultural evolution and the historic event
van der Waals, J D
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 1-14

Consumption, change and the archaeological record. The archaeology of monuments and the archaeology of deliberate deposits. Two Munro lectures given in the University of Edinburgh 27 and 28 November 1984
Bradley, R
Univ Edin Dept Archaeol Occas Pap 13,
from Oxbow Books, Oxford, £6

Mobility in the mesolithic of northwestern Europe: an alternative explanation
Woodman, P C in Price, T D & Brown, J A (eds), Prehistoric hunter-gatherers. The emergence of cultural complexity
London, 1985, 325-39
- Orkney

Postglacial hunter-gatherers and vegetational history in Scotland
Edwards, K J & Ralston, I
Proc Soc Antiq Scot 114, 1984, 15-34

Reindeer in the Scottish Quaternary
Lawson, F J.
Quat Newslett, 42, 1984, 1-7

A note on mesolithic sites in Bute
Cormack, W F
Trans Buteshire Natur Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 6
Subsistence strategies at a mesolithic camp site: evidence from stable
isotope analyses of shells

Deith, M R
- Morton, Fife

New mesolithic sites in south-west Scotland and their importance as
indicators of inland penetration

Edwards, K J, Ansell, M & Carter, B A

A new method for environmental analysis of particle size distribution
data from shoreline sediments

Fieller, N R J, Gilbertson, D D & Olbricht, W
- Oronsay middens

Early settlement in Scotland: the evidence from Reindeer Cave, Assynt

Lawson, T & Bonsall, C
- Quat Newslett, 49, 1986, 1-7

Flandrian environmental history of the Isle of Mull, Scotland. II,
pollen analytical data from sites in western and northern Mull

Lowe, J J & Walker, M J C
- New Phytol, 103, 1986, 417-36

Shell middens and chronology in Scotland

Sloan, D
- Scot Archaeol Rev, 3, 1984, 73-79

Mid Argyll cave and rock shelter survey. Report No 1

Smith, C
- Newcastle-upon-Tyne, 1985

Flandrian relative sea-level changes in the Montrose Basin area

Smith, D E & Cullingford, R A
- Scot Geogr Mag, 101, 1985, 91-104

An interim report on the excavations at Farm Fields, Kinloch, Rhum

1984

Wickham-Jones, C & Sharples, N
- Edinburgh, 1985
- Nat Mus Antiq Scot: Artifact Res Unit, Typescript

A red deer antler mattock from Willington Quay, Wallsend

Smith, C & Bonsall, C
- Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 13, 1985, 203-11
- Meiklewood

A flint artefact from the northern North Sea

Long, D, Wickham-Jones, C R & Ruckley, N A in Roe, D A (ed), Studies
in the Upper palaeolithic of Britain and northwest Europe

- Brit Archaeol Rep Int Ser, 296

A flint blade from Redkirk Point, Dumfriesshire

Cormack, W F

Neolithic Europe: a survey

Whittle, A
- Cambridge, 1985
- Cambridge Univ Press, £27.50 : pbk £9.95

Neolithic studies. A review of some current research

Bradley, R & Gardiner, J (eds)
- Oxford, 1984
- £12
- Brit Archaeol Rep Brit Ser, 133/Reading Stud Archaeol, 1
L'age du cuivre européen : civilisations à vases campaniformes
Guilane, J (ed) Paris, 1984

Powerful pots : beakers in north-east prehistory
Shepherd, I A G Aberdeen, 1986 Anthropol Mus Univ Aberdeen, £2.50

Shell middens of Scotland
Sloan, D
Shelborne, A G Popular Archaeol, 7(1), 1986, 10-15

A grooved ware pit and prehistoric spademarks on Hengistbury Head (Site 6), Dorset, 1984

Preswick Links, Caithness : report on environmental survey 1979
Rackham, D et al Circaea, 2, 1984, 29-55

Orkney survey project : interim report, 1984
Richards, C Glasgow, 1985 Univ Dept Archaeol, typescript

The animal remains from the beaker settlement at Newgrange, Co Meath : final report

Report on the excavation of a neolithic mound at Boghead, Speymouth Forest, Moray, 1972 and 1974

The Clochmabenestane, Gretna
Crone, A Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Nat Hist Antiq Soc, 3 ser, 58, 1983, 16-20

Tomb of the eagles : a window on stone age tribal Britain
Hedges, J W London, 1984 John Murray, £12.50

Individual and community : the changing role of megaliths in the Orcadian neolithic

Excavations at Pierowall Quarry, Westray, Orkney
Sharpies, N M Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 75-126

Radiocarbon dates from three chambered tombs at Loch Calder, Caithness
Sharpies, N Scot Archaeol Rev, 4, 1986, 2-10

The excavation of a neolithic cairn at Street House, Loftus, Cleveland
Vyner, B E Proc Prehist Soc, 50, 1984, 151-95

Evidence for mortuary practices in the neolithic burial mounds and cairns of northern Britain
Vyner, B E Scot Archaeol Rev, 4, 1986, 11-16

The Copt Hill, Houghton-le-Spring, round cairn : a reassessment
Young, R Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 13, 1985, 7-17

- Pitnacree
Cists from Kilbride, Mid Argyll
Campbell, M & Ritchie, G Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 571-74

Two cists from Boatbridge Quarry, Thankerton, Lanarkshire
Clarke, D V, Ritchie, G & Ritchie, A Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 557-60

A short cist beaker inhumation from Chealamy, Strathnaver, Sutherland
Gourlay, R B Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 567-71

A beaker burial at Mains of Balnagowan, Ardersier, Inverness district

Balfarg
- Curr Archaeol, 9, 1985, 50-52

Stone circles and megalithic mathematics

Some newly discovered ritual monuments in mid Devon
- Cairnpapple

A prehistoric calendrical site in Argyll?
- Brainport Bay

Ritual enclosures at Whitton Hill, Northumberland
Miket, R Proc Prehist Soc, 51, 1985, 137-48

New light on the stones of Callanish
Ponting, G & M Callanish, 1984 priv printed, £3.95

The stones around Callanish : a guide to the minor megalithic sites of the Callanish area
Ponting, G & M Callanish, 1984 priv printed, £2.50
- both available from Olcote, Callanish, Isle of Lewis, PA 86 9DZ

A new study of the Aberdeenshire recumbent stone circles, 1 : site data
Ruggles, C L N Archaeoastronomy, 6, 1984, 855-79

A new study of the Aberdeenshire recumbent stone circles : 2, interpretation
Ruggles, C L N & Burl, H A W Archaeoastronomy, 8, 1985, 525-560

The linear settings of Argyll and Mull
Ruggles, C L N Archaeoastronomy, 9, 1985, 5105-32

Prehistoric astronomy : evidence for a new site
The two major megalithic observatories in Scotland
Thom, A & A S  
-  
Archaeoastronomy, 7, 1984, S129-49
-  
Brodgar & Temple Wood

The nature of the source and the manufacture of Scottish battle-axes and axe-hammers
Fenton, M B  
-  

A prehistoric chipping-floor of agates on the hills of South Bute
McFadzean, H  
-  
Trans Buteshire Nat Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 34-35

Spuren minoisch-mykenischen und orientalischen Einflusses im atlantischen Westeuropa
Schauer, P  
-  
Jhrb Rom-Germ Zentralmus Mainz, 31, 1984, 137-86

Spuren orientalischen und agaischen Einflusses im bronzezeitlichen Nordischen Kreis
Schauer, P  
-  
Jhrb Rom-Germ Zentralmus Mainz, 32, 1985, 123-95

Exchange and social distance - the structure of bronze age distributions
Bradley, R  
-  
Man, N ser 20, 1985, 629-704

Upland settlement in Britain. The second millennium BC and after
Spratt, D & Burgess, C (eds)  
-  
Oxford, 1985 £20
-  
= Brit Archaeol Rep, 143

An Sithean, Islay
Barber, J & Brown, M M  
-  
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 161-88

The excavation of a hut circle at Cul a'Bhaile, Jura
Stevenson, J B  
-  

Diving for wood: underwater excavation in Loch Tay
Dixon, N  
-  
Country Life, 178, 1985, 386

The excavation of eighteen round barrows near Shrewton, Wiltshire
Green, C & Rollo-Smith, S  
-  

The investigation of Kilbride Cairn NS 045687
Marshall, D N  
-  
Trans Buteshire Nat Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 21-25

Excavations at the prehistoric cemetery at Rullion Green, Midlothan
Watkins, T  
-  
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 589-90
-  
= Lecture summary

Groups of small cairns in northern Britain - a view from SW Scotland
Yates, M J  
-  
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 217-34

Excavations at Drumnakeel, County Antrim
Williams, B B  
-  
Ulster J Archaeol, 48, 1985, 51-61
-  
Craigentinny

The Crinan Canal cup-marked stones
-  
The Kist, 32, 1986, 7
The enigmatic cup-mark carvings on Bute
Marshall, D N
Trans Buteeshire Natur Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 7-20

Prehistoric sculpture in Angus
Sherriff, J R np nd [1985]
Trans Buteshire Natur Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 7-20

Unpublished bronze axes in Carlisle Museum and a recent find from Carrock Fell, Cumbria
Burgess, C & Richardson, C
Trans Cumberland Westmorland Antiq Archaeol Soc, 85, 1985, 43-52

A hoard of late bronze age gold objects from Heights of Brac, Ross and Cromarty District, Highland Region
Clarke, D V & Kemp, M M G
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 189-98

Les bois sculptes des sources de la Seine
Deyts, S Paris, 1983

- Supp Gallia, 42
- Ballachulish

Some recent finds of bronze age antiquities from Wales
Green, H S
Bull Bd Celt Stud, 32, 1985, 275-87

A bronze socketed axe and a blue glass bead
Longley, D
Bull Bd Celt Stud, 32, 1985, 268-72

Hallstatt imports in Britain
Meyer, M

- Traprain, Adabrock, etc

Peter Karl Schmidt & Colin B Burgess, The axes of Scotland and northern England, PBF IX/7
Northover, J P
Praehist Z, 60, 1985, 104-07

- Review article concentrating on metallurgical issues

Celtic migrations
Hanna, W A Belfast, 1985

The gods of the Celts
Green, M Gloucester, 1986

La Tène in Ireland : problems of origin and chronology
Raftery, B Marburg, 1984

- Veroff Vorgesch Seminars Marburg Sonderbd, 2

Celtic warriors
Ritchie, W F & J N G Princes Risborough, 1985

- Shire Archaeol, 41

Ritual and religion in iron age Britain
Wait, G A Oxford, 1985

- Brit Archaeol Rep Brit Ser, 149

Environmental change and iron age land management in the area of the Antonine Wall, Central Scotland : a summary
Boyd, W E
Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 75-81
A sense of proportion: a contribution to the study of double-ring roundhouses
Hill, P H
Scot Archaeol Rev, 3, 1984, 80-86

The pit alignments at Eskbank Nurseries
Barber, J et al
Proc Prehist Soc, 51, 1985, 149-66

Interim report on the structures at Howe, Stromness, Orkney
Carter, S P et al
Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 61-73

Excavations at Crosskirk Broch, Caithness
Fairhurst, H
Edinburgh, 1984
£17

Excavations at Risepain Camp, Whithorn 1978-81
Haggarty, A & G

Brochs and the Roman occupation of lowland Scotland
MacInnes, L
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 235-50

The brochs, duns and enclosures of Skye
MacSween, A
Northern Archaeol, 5-6, 1984-85, 1-57

Excavation on the Dunion, Roxburghshire, 1984: interim report
Hideout, J S
Edinburgh, 1984
typescript, CEU, SDD (HBKD)

Excavations at Castle Craig, Auchterarder, 1978
Sherriff, J R
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 574-77

Excavations at Howe, Stromness, Orkney
Smith, B
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 590-91
- Lecture summary

Dod Law '84
Smith, C
Northern Archaeol, 4(2), 1983, 14-17

The broch at Stair Haven, Wigtown District
Yates, M J

Celtic art in Britain before the Roman Conquest
Stead, I M
London, 1985
EMP, £4.95

British iron age strap-unions
Taylor, R J & Brailsford, J W
Proc Prehist Soc, 51, 1985, 247-72

ROMAN & POST-ROMAN

Roman Britain in 1982
Frere, S S, Hassall, M W C & Tomlin, R S R (comps)
Britannia, 15, 1984, 265-356

Roman Britain in 1983: sites explored; inscriptions
Frere, S S, Hassall, M W C & Tomlin, R S O
Britannia, 16, 1985, 251-332
Corpus Signorum Imperii Romani: Great Britain vol 1 fasc 4, Scotland

Scotland's Roman remains. An introduction and handbook
Keppie, L. J. Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £7.50

Les Romains arrivent
Richet, C (ed) Dijon, 1984 FF 25
- Dossiers Hist Archeol, 86
- Roman forts

Roman military deployment in north England
Breeze, D. J. & Dobson, B. Britannia, 16, 1985, 1-19

Summers and winters in Tacitus's account of Agricola's campaign in Britain
Hind, J. G. F. Northern Hist, 21, 1985, 1-18

Zeugnisse Romischen Schiffbaus in Mainz - Die Severer und die Expedition Britannica
Herz, P. Jhrb Rom-Germ Zentralmus Mainz, 32, 1985, 42-35

The Roman Way: an illustrated, explanatory guide to the Antonine Wall in Falkirk District
- Falkirk, 1985 rev ed, Falkirk Mus, £0.42

Roman forts revealed in Scotland

The function of Hadrian's Wall
Dobson, B. Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 14, 1986, 1-30

Roman military signalling on the north British frontiers
Donaldson, G. H. Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 13, 1985, 19-24

The wild frontier: Scotland's Roman wall
Johnstone, A. Edinburgh, 1986 Moubray House Press, £2.50

Fortlets and distance slabs on the Antonine Wall
Maxwell, G. S. Britannia, 16, 1985, 25-28

Defensive outworks of Roman forts in Britain
Wilson, D. R. Britannia, 15, 1984, 51-61

The plan of the legionary fortress at Chester: a reconsideration
Carrington, P. J Chester Archaeol Soc, 68, 1985, 23-51
- Inchtuthil

A Roman castra at the Forths: excavation at Thomshill, near Elgin
Daniels, C. Popular Archaeol, 7(3), 1986, 10-12

Inveresk Roman fort: trial trenching
Hanson, W. S. Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 251-60

Elginhaugh Project 1986: excavation strategy
Hanson, W. S. & Breeze, D. J. Scot Archaeol Rev, 4, 1986, 44-45

86
Roman military site at Cawdor?  
Jones, B  
Popular Archaeol, 7(3), 1986, 13-16

'In fines Borestorum' - to the land of the Boresti  
Keillar, Ian  
Popular Archaeol, 7(3), 1986, 2-9

Auchendavy Roman fort and settlement  
Keppie, L J F & Walker, J J  
Britannia, 16, 1985, 29-35

Cameron Roman forts 1899-1981  
Maxfield, V A  
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 592-3  
- Lecture summary

New frontiers : the Roman fort at Doune and its possible significance  
Maxwell, G S  
Britannia, 15, 1984, 217-23

Inchtuthil. The Roman legionary fortress excavations 1952-65  
Pitts, L F & St Joseph, J K  
London, 1985  
= Britannia Monogr Ser, 6

The search for Mons Graupius  
Maxwell, G  
Scots Mag, Feb 85, 511-19

Excavations in Caernarfon 1976-77  
White, R B  
Archaeol Cambrensis, 134, 1985, 53-105

Palaeobotanical evidence from Mollins  
Boyd, W E  
Britannia, 16, 1985, 37-48

Biological investigations of waterlogged deposits in the Roman fortress ditch at Exeter  
Straker, V, Robinson, M & E  
Proc Devon Archaeol Soc, 42, 1984, 59-69  
- Bearsden

The Roman road near Moffat - observations during gas pipeline construction  
Yates, M J  

The Roman aqueduct at Chester  
Stephens, C R  
J Chester Archaeol Soc, 68, 1985, 59-69  
- Newstead; Fendoch

The archaeology of Doncaster. 1. The Roman civil settlement  
Buckland, P C & Magilton, J R  
Oxford, 1986  
= Brit Archaeol Rep Brit Ser, 148

Roman Derby : excavations 1968-1983  
Dool, J et al  
Derbyshire Archaeol J, 105, 1955, 7-345

Excavations at Dorchester on Thames, 1963  
Frere, S S.  
Archaeol J, 141, 1984, 91-174  
- Newstead

Coventina's Well. A shrine on Hadrian's Wall  
Allason-Jones, L & McKay, B  
Chester, 1985  
Trustees of the Clayton Collection, no price given
Bacchus in Roman Britain: the evidence for his cult

Ein Halb-fabrikat von der Wangenkappe eines römischen Reiterhelms aus dem Lager von Eining-Unterfeld, Gde Neustadt, Ldkr Kelheim
Fischer, T Bayerische Vorgeschichtsbl, 50, 1985, 477-82

- Camel burials
Romische Grabfunde aus dem östlichen Graberfeld von Paimingen-Phoeibiana, Ldkr Dillingen a d Donau
Fasold, P & Hussen, C-M Bayerische Vorgeschichtsbl, 50, 1985, 287-340

- Newstead

Pottery studies and the use of ceramic data: the case of Housesteads Ware
- Comment by K Greene, pp 33-34

The production and distribution of Roman military equipment: proceedings of the Second Roman Military Equipment Research Seminar
Bishop, M C (ed) Oxford, 1985 £20

- Newstead ever

A trulleus from Caerleon with a stamp of the First Cavalry Regiment of Thracians
Boon, C C Antiq J, 64, 1984, 403-07

Romano-British face pots and head pots
Braithwaite, G Britannia, 15, 1984, 99-131

- Newstead

A cheek-piece from a cavalry helmet found in Leicester
Clay, P Britannia, 15, 1984, 235-38

- Newstead

Die Starnadeln von Montbellet (Saone-et-Loire). Ein Beitrag zur antiken und islamischen Augenheilkunde
Feugere, M, Kunzl, E & Weisser, U Jhrb Rom-Germ Zentralmus Mainz, 32, 1985, 436-508

- Cramond instruments; Tranent stamp

Romische Lederfunde aus Mainz
Gopfrich, J Saalburg Jahrb, 42, 1986, 5-67

- Newstead; Bar Hill

The Canterbury late Roman treasure
Johns, C M & Potter, T W Antiq J, 65, 1985, 312-52

- Traprain treasure

Medizinische Instrumente der Romerzeit aus Trier und Umgebung im Landesmuseum Trier
Kunzl, E Trierer Zeitschr, 47, 1984, 153-237
Two pieces of polychrome mosaic glass table-ware from Roman Britain
Price, J      Antiq J, 65, 1985, 468-71
- Waulkmill, Tarland, Aberdeenshire 'gaming piece'

Two altars of cohors IV Gallorum from Castlesteads
Stephens, G R & Jarrett, M C
Trans Cumberland Westmorland Antiq Archaeol Soc, 85, 1985, 76-80

Silver picture plates of late antiquity : AD 300-700
- Traprain treasure

Medieval Britain and Ireland in 1983

Medieval Britain and Ireland in 1984

Medieval artefacts and structures dated by dendrochronology
Fletcher, J M & Tapper, M C      Medieval Archaeol, 28, 1984, 112-32

The National Trust guide to Dark Age and medieval Britain 400-1350
Muir, R      London, 1985 Geo Philip, £14.95

The Dark Ages

The Scandinavians in Cumbria

Studies in late Anglo-Saxon settlement

A note on Viking settlement in Galloway

Scottish church history
Donaldson, G      Edinburgh, 1985 Scot Acad Press, £18.75

Aspects of Viking and early-medieval timber building in Ireland and Scotland
Murray, H K      Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 593
- lecture summary

Early medieval radiocarbon dates and plant remains from Rhuddlan, Clwyd
Manley, J et al      Archaeol Cambrensis, 134, 1985, 106-19

Bede, Iona and the Picts

89
Rath Melsigi, Willibrord, and the earliest Echternach manuscripts
O Croinin, D
Peritia, 3, 1984, 17-42

Three miniatures in the Book of Kells
Harbison, P
Proc Roy Ir Acad, 85, Sect E, No 7

The non-Ogam inscriptions of Pictland
Okasha, E
Cambridge Medieval Celtic Stud, 9, 1985, 43-69

Bede, Adomnan, and the writing of history
Picard, J-M
Peritia, 3, 1984, 50-70

The Celtic Church in the Age of Saints: a beginning enquiry
Hudson, T F
Typescript thesis: Rock Hill, S Carolina 1985
Copy housed in NMS QS Lib

The childhood of Scottish Christianity: a note on some place-name evidence
Barrow, G W S
Scot Stud, 27, 1983, 1-15

Aspects of the monastery and monastic life in Adomnan's Life of Columba
MacDonald, A D E
Peritia, 3, 1984, 271-302

Knapdale dedications to a Leinster saint: sculpture, hagiography and oral tradition
MacLean, D
Scot Stud, 27, 1983, 49-65

St Cuthbert and Cumbria
Tudor, V
Trans Cumberland Westmorland Antiq Archaeol Soc, 84, 1984, 67-77

Irish Sea contacts in the Viking period - the sculptural evidence
Bailey, R N in Fellows-Jensen, G & Lund, N (eds), Tredje tværfaglige vikingsymposium, Hojbjerg, 1984, 6-36

Number and symbol in early Christian Irish art
Richardson, H
J Roy Soc Antiq Jr, 114, 1984, 28-47
- Hunterston, etc

Whithorn
- Curr Archaeol, 9, 1985, 27-29

Excavations at Dundurn, St Fillans, Perthshire, 1976-77. Revised interim report
Alcock, L & Driscoll, S T
Glasgow, 1985
Univ Dept Archaeol, typescript

Freswick Castle, Caithness: report on rescue excavations carried out in 1979
Batey, C et al
Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 83-118

Hirsel excavations 1984: 5th Summary report
Cramp, R J
np [1985]
Typescript report

Some field monuments in the townlands of Clonmelsh and Garryhundon, Co Carlow
Fanning, T
Peritia, 3, 1984, 43-49
Excavations at Urquhart and Dunnottar Castles 1983 & 1984 : interim reports
Foster, S M, Driscoll, T & Alcock, L Glasgow 1985
Univ Dept Archaeol, typescript

Rescue excavations on the Brough of Birsay 1974-82
Hunter, J R Edinburgh, 1986
= Soc Antiq Scot Monogr, 4

Excavations at Dacre, 1982-4 : an interim report
Leech, R H & Newman, R
Trans Cumberland Westmorland Antiq Archaeol Soc, 85, 1985, 87-93

Cille Bharra : the church of St Finnbarr, Barra. A short history
MacQuarrie, A Droitwich, 1984 Grant Books, £1.50

The excavation of the early Christian enclosure of Killenderdadrum in Lackenavorna, Co Tipperary
Manning, C
Proc Roy Jr Acad, 84C, 1984, 237-68
- E ware sherd of 'Buston beaker' variety

The excavation of a long-cist cemetery at Carnanton, St Mawgan, 1943
Preston-Jones, A
Cornish Archaeol, 23, 1984, 157-77

A neglected Viking burial with beads from Kilmainham, Dublin, discovered in 1847
Briggs, C S
Medieval Archaeol, 29, 1985, 94-108
- Dowalton Loch

An unpublished Irish grave group from Norway
Liversage, D
Acta Archaeol, 54, 1983, 147-51
- Breadalbane brooch

A runestone from Skara Brae, Orkney
Ashmore, P J & Johnsen, I S
Medieval Archaeol, 28, 1984, 183-85

The iconography of St Andrew Auckland Cross
Calvert, J
Art Bull, 66(4), 1984, 543-55

The Kilmahumaig Stone
Campbell, M
The Kist, 32, 1986, 13-15

The origins of the free-standing stone cross in Ireland : imitation or innovation?
Edwards, N
Bull Bd Celtic Stud, 32, 1985, 393-410

The Christ and the beasts panel on the Ruthwell Cross
Hanley, K E

The symbol stones of Scotland
Jackson, A Stromness, 1984 Orkney Press, £12

The Anglo-Saxon friezes at Breedon-on-the-Hill, Leicestershire
Jewell, R H I
- Aberlady cross-shaft
The date and origin of the Pictish symbols
Laing, L & Laing, J Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 261-76

Archaeological notes on some Scottish early Christian sculptures

The cross-shaft at Killevin
Mackenna, P S & Ferguson, C F The Kist, 30, 1985, 20-21

Pictish symbol stones : a handlist 1985
Ritchie, Graham Edinburgh 1985

A house-shaped Irish-Scots reliquary in Bologna, and its place among other reliquaries
Blindheim, M Acta Archaeol, 55, 1984, 1-53

A crozier and bell from Inishmurray and their place in ninth-century Irish archaeology
Bourke, C Proc Roy Ir Acad, 85C, 1985, 145-68
- Iona

An enamelled iron object from Rathmullan, County Down
Bourke, C Ulster J Archaeol, 48, 1985, 134-37

Two Viking-age silver brooch fragments believed to be from the 1858 Skaill (Orkney) hoard

A note on grass-marked pottery
Ivens, R J J Ir Archaeol, 2, 1984, 77-79

Some fragments of exotic porphyry found in Ireland
Lynn, C J J Ir Archaeol, 2, 1984, 19-32

A late single-piece dugout canoe from Loch Doon, Ayrshire
Mackie, E W Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 132-33

Vendel period glass from Eketorp-II, Oland, Sweden. On glass and trade from the late 6th to the late 8th centuries AD
Nasman, U Acta Archaeol, 55, 1984, 55-116
- Birsay; Mote of Mark

Six silver finds of the Viking period from the vicinity of Lough Ennell, Co Westmeath
Ryan, M et al Peritia, 3, 1984, 334-81

A late Saxon strap-end mould from Carlisle
Taylor, J & Webster, L Medieval Archaeol, 28, 1984, 178-81
- Coldingham
MEDIEVAL and LATER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Publisher</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Post-medieval Britain in 1984</td>
<td>Egan, G</td>
<td>Post-medieval Archaeol, 19, 1985, 159-91</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scotland and the Crusades 1095-1560</td>
<td>Macquarrie, A</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1985</td>
<td>John Donald, £16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Wallace</td>
<td>Fisher, A</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1986</td>
<td>John Donald, £6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>William Elphinstone and the kingdom of Scotland 1431-1514; the struggle for order</td>
<td>Macfarlane, L J</td>
<td>Aberdeen, 1985</td>
<td>Aberdeen University Press, £30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Queen of Scots</td>
<td>Marshall, R K</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1986</td>
<td>HMSO, £7.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Jacobite cause</td>
<td>Lenman, B</td>
<td>Glasgow, 1986</td>
<td>Richard Drew Publ/Nat Trust Scot, £4.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The union of Scotland and England 1603-1608</td>
<td>Galloway, B R</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1986</td>
<td>John Donald, £20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Union of 1707 and Scottish development</td>
<td>Devine, T M</td>
<td>Scot Econ Soc Hist, 5, 1985, 23-40</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Thistle and the Crown : a history of the Scottish Office</td>
<td>Gibson, J S</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1985</td>
<td>HMSO, £5.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scottish lifestyle 300 years ago</td>
<td>Kelsall, R K &amp; H</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1986</td>
<td>John Donald, £10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Scottish life 1750-1945</td>
<td>Wood, S</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1985</td>
<td>Blackwell, £2.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Great Scots</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Trustees Nat Gall Scot, £2.95</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edinburgh portraits</td>
<td>Turnbull, M</td>
<td>Edinburgh, 1986</td>
<td>John Donald, £6.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Book to accompany exhibition</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

93
Rethinking the politics of commercial society: The Edinburgh Review 1802-32
Fontana, B Cambridge, 1985 Camb Univ Press, £22.50

The enterprising Scot
Calder, J (ed) Edinburgh, 1986 EMSO, £10
- Book to accompany exhibition

Who was who in Edwardian Scotland
Bell, P Edinburgh, 1986 P Bell, £3

Calendar of documents relating to Scotland preserved in the Public Record Office and British Library. V (Supplementary) AD 1108-1516
Simpson, G G and Galbraith, J D (eds) Edinburgh, 1986 Scot Rec Off, £40

Popular courts in medieval Scotland; some suggested place-name evidence - additional note
Barrow, G W S Scot Stud, 27, 1983, 67-68

The importance of social factors in determining the composition of the town councils in Edinburgh 1550-1650
Dingwall, H Scot Hist Rev, 65(1), 1986, 17-33

Caithness place-names
Waugh, D Nomina, 8, 1984, 15-28

Early place-names of Jura
McArthur, M The Kist, 30, 1985, 3-5

The place-names of Upper Deeside

Midlothian - or the shire of Edinburgh
Barrow, G W S Book Old Edin Club, 35, 1985, 141-48
- Place-names

Kirk-compound place-names in Galloway and Carrick

Earl, saint, bishop, skald - and music: the Orkney earldom of the 12th century. A musicological study
de Geer, I Uppsala, 1985 Inst Musik, Uppsala Univ, no price given

The Kirk and the Highlands at the Reformation
Kirk, J Northern Scotl, 7(1), 1986, 1-22

The 17th century in the Highlands
- Inverness, 1986 Inverness Field Club, £6.50

A Scottish postbag: eight centuries of Scottish letters
Bruce, G & Scott, P (eds) Edinburgh, 1986 Chambers/Saltire Soc, £9.95
Protocol book of John Poular 1526-1534
Durkan, J (ed) Edinburgh, 1985
= Scot Rec Soc MS 10

Eilean na Circe
Campbell, M
The Kist, 29, 1985, 19-23

Medieval villages: a review of current work
Hooke, D (ed) Oxford, 1985
= Oxford Univ Comm Archaeol Monogr, 5
Oxbow Books, £19.50

Some aspects of the evolution of small towns and villages in Scotland
= Oxford Univ Comm Archaeol Monogr, 5

The Glenkens 1275-1456: snapshots of a medieval countryside

The formation of farm mounds on the island of Sanday, Orkney

A resistivity survey at Tofts Ness, Sanday, Orkney
Dockrill, S Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 586-88

The Devil's Dyke II. Ruthwell, Dumfries and Galloway

New light on medieval Aberdeen

Excavation of 145-47 Gallowgate, Aberdeen
Murray, H Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 303-14

Digging up Auld Ayr: an excavation at 102-104 High Street
Lindsay, W J Ayrshire Collect Archaeol Natur Hist, 14, 1985, 194-224

Clubbemosses from medieval Perth
Robinson, D Antiquity, 60, 1986, 49-50

Excavation of medieval metal-working site, Braddan Vicarage, 1966

An excavation in Holy Island village, 1977
O'Sullivan, D M Archaeol Aeliana, 5 ser, 13, 1985, 27-116
- medieval pottery

Excavations at Castlehill of Strachan, 1980-81
Yeoman, P A Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 115, 1985, 315-64

Excavations at Bothwell Castle, Lanarkshire, 1981
Lewis, J H  Glasgow Archaeol J, 11, 1984, 119-28

Archaeological survey of St Mary's Church and the Wirk, Skail, Rousay, Orkney, in relation to the collections of architectural fragments at Westside, Trumland and Eynhallow
Lowe, C E  Durham, 1984  Typescript

A catalogue of architectural fragments from Rousay and Eynhallow, Orkney
Lowe, C E  Durham, 1984  Typescript

Ecosse Romane

Scottish medieval churches
Cruden, S  Edinburgh, 1986  John Donald, £25

Scottish medieval churches
Fawcett, R  Edinburgh, 1986  HMSO, £3.50

Ayrshire abbeys - Crossraguel and Kilwinning
Cowan, I B  Ayrshire Collect Archaeol Natur Hist, 14, 1986, 266-95

Excavations at Kelso Abbey

Jedburgh Abbey (chapterhouse, abbot's lodging)
Selkirk, A  Curr Archaeol, 9, 1985, 58-59

Jedburgh Friary and the Border Burghs Project
Dixon, P  Curr Archaeol, 9, 1985, 59-61

Excavation at Brydekirk, Annan, 1982-84

Sacrament House, Avoch
Beaton, E  Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 581-83

A report on early artefacts found at St Ninian's Chapel

Finds from the chapel site at St Ninian's Point
Scott, J G  Trans Buteshire Natur Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 28-31

Scottish family histories

Information technology in genealogy
Reid, A S  Scot Geneal, 31, 1984, 105-10

"Wigtown free press" : a local index to the Galloway Advertiser and Wigtownshire Free Press newspaper. 3. Personal names 1915-25

96
Anderson families of Westertown and the north east of Scotland
Anderson, M A, London, nd Phillimore, £12.50

Notes on some charters of the Bruces of Annandale, 1215-95

The Beatons : a medical kindred in the classical Gaelic tradition
Fannerman, J Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £20

The Bramwells of Edinburgh : a medical dynasty
Ashworth, B Edinburgh, 1986 Roy Coll Phys Edin, £12

Reports and surveys of archives in northern Scotland. The Duff genealogical papers of Alistair & Henrietta Taylor : Aberdeen University Library MS 2226
Johnston, D B Northern Scotl, 7(1), 1986, 61-69

The heraldry of the Gunns
Gunn, M Double Tressure, 7, 1985, 3-9

A Highland family : the MacNaughtons of Remony 1780-1930
MacNaughton, D A 1985 priv printed, £4.95

The Stewarts in Underbank : two decades in the life of a covenanting family
Richens, R Scot Hist Rev, 54(2), 1985, 107-27

Watson of Saughton - funeral heraldry
Cowper, A S Double Tressure, 7, 1985, 18-20

The nuptials of Alexander III of Scotland and Margaret Plantagenet
Staniland, K Nottingham Medieval Stud, 1986, 20-45

The impact of Jacobitism on the Scottish Heralds 1689-1760
Innes, M Double Tressure, 7, 1985, 28-43

Understanding Scottish graveyards : an interpretative approach
Willsher, B Edinburgh, 1985 Chambers/Counc Brit Archaeol Scot, £2.95

How to record Scottish graveyards : a companion to 'Understanding Scottish graveyards'
Willsher, B Edinburgh, 1985 Counc Brit Archaeol Scot, £2.25

Ruins and remains : Edinburgh's neglected heritage. A commentary of Edinburgh's graveyards and cemeteries
Boyle, A et al Edinburgh, 1985 Scotland's Cultural Heritage, Edin Univ, £3

Pre-1855 gravestone inscriptions in Upper Deeside

Pre-1855 gravestone inscriptions in Kilmarnock and Loudon District
Pre-1855 inscribed gravestones in Knapdale. 2 pts
Campbell, M et al

The Kist, 29, 1985, 8-14
30, 1985, 6-12

Monumental inscriptions for Dunnottar churchyard (old section)
Bathie, A L Aberdeen, 1985 Aberdeen & NE Scot Family Hist Soc, £1

Monumental inscriptions for Hatton of Fintray churchyard
Speirs, S Aberdeen, 1985 Aberdeen & NE Scot Family Hist Soc, £1

Monumental inscriptions for Monymusk churchyard
Shewan, J M Aberdeen, 1986 Aberdeen & NE Scot Family Hist Soc, £1

Monumental inscriptions for Peathill Old Churchyard
Spiers, S M Aberdeen, 1984 Aberdeen & NE Scot Family Hist Soc, £1

Stewartry gravestone pre-1918 5v
- Copy housed in NMS Queen St Library

Scottish architects in conservation: a directory of architects’ skills and experience listing projects with their consultants and craftsmen
- Edinburgh, 1985 Conservation Bureau, Scot Dev Agency/Roy Incorp Archit Scot, £7.90

The beginnings of the architectural profession in Scotland
Colvin, H
Archit Hist, 29, 1986, 168-82

A W Pugin and the patronage of Bishop James Gillis
Sharples, J
Archit Hist, 28, 1985, 136-58

Destruction, damage and decay: the collapse of Scottish medieval buildings
Stell, G
RGSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 59-69

Stone buildings with timber foundations: some unanswered questions
Stell, G
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 584-95

Scottish castles and fortifications
Tabrahara, C Edinburgh, 1986
HMSO, £3.50

Die Frühen Steinburgen in den westlichen Inseln und Hochlanden Schottland
Zeune, J W
Burgen und Schlosser: Zeits der Burgenvereinigung EV für Burgenkunde und Denkmalflege, 24, 1983, 13-26

The long pause - a reconsideration of Scottish castle-building c.1480-1560
Zeune, J W
Publ Univ Bamberg W Germany 1984

Scottish baronial houses
Fenwick, H London, 1986
Robert Hale, £12.95

Buildings of the Scottish countryside
Naismith, R J London, 1985
Gollancz, £12.95
Aberdeen: an illustrated architectural guide

The South Clyde estuary: an illustrated architectural guide

New view on an old vision: tower house restoration in Scotland
Ellington, M Country Life, 30.10.86, 1332-34

Owners, tenants urgently sought. Country houses around Edinburgh
Binney, M Country Life, 176, 1984, 372-73

Challenge to a townscape: the future of Glasgow churches
Edwards, B Country Life, 176, 1984, 404-6

An early 16th century French architectural source for the Palace of Falkland
Bentley-Cranach, D ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 85-95

A "palace worthy of the grandeur of the King": Lord Mar's designs for the Old Pretender, 1728-30
Friedman, T Archit Hist, 29, 1986, 102-33

The development of Fyvie Castle
Bryce, I B D Aberdeen Univ Rev, 51, 1985, 74-82

Treasures of Fyvie. Exhibition 4 July-29 Sept, 1985 in the Scottish National Portrait gallery
- Edinburgh, 1985 HMSO, £2.50

Glamis: the "Great Rebuilding" on a Scottish estate
Walker, B Scot Geog Mag, 101, 1985, 139-49

Buildings, paintings and statuary at Glamis Castle under Patrick, 1st Earl of Strathmore, c.1670-95
Apted, M R Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 593
- Lecture summary

Lennowlie, East Lothian. 2 pts
Aslet, C Country Life, 8.8.85, 366-70: 15.8.85, 446-49

Cullen House, Banffshire. 2 pts
Binney, M Country Life, 19.12.85, 1970-74:
- 26.12.85, 2038-42

Formakin, Renfrewshire
Aslet, C Country Life, 14.8.86, 490-94

The treasures of Penkill
Andrew, K Scots Mag, Feb 85, 175-81

Conheath Chapel
Hersey, M Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc, 58, 1983, 97
Lion Chambers: a Glasgow experiment
Cusack, P Archit Hist, 28, 1985, 198-211

Mary Queen of Scots and Sir Simon Preston's house
Harris, S Book Old Edin Club, 35, 1985, 149-59

Beastly buildings: the National Trust book of architecture for animals
Lambton, L London, 1985 Jonathan Cape, £12.95

Barns of rural Britain
Hughes, G London, 1985 Herbert Press, £12.95

Tenements: the industrial legacy
Robinson, P ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 71-83

Tollhouses of Angus district: with a note on turnpikes and tollhouses in Dundee District
Adams, D G Brechin, 1985 Chanonry Press, £2

Railway sleeper buildings
Kerr, D Dundee, 1986 Scottish Vernacular Buildings Working Group

A survey of Scottish brickmarks

'Plaster gimcracks': the handicraft of Allan Ramsay the poet

Up the lum
Walker, B Scots Mag, Sept 1986, 607-11

--- Thatched chimneys for food smoking

The sundials of Scotland: have they a Dutch connection?
Somerville, A R Bull De Zonnewijzerkring, Sept 1984, 1-14

A sun, moon and tidal dial
Rohr, R R J Antiquarian Horology, Sept 1986, 227-232

The sundials of John Bonar, schoolmaster of Ayr
Somerville, A R Antiquarian Horology, Sept 1986, 233-242

Edinburgh Princes St and the New Town
Birrell, E Edinburgh, 1986 Gemini Publ, £1.95

Historic houses of Edinburgh
Wallace, J M Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £6.50

The streets of Edinburgh
--- Edinburgh, 1984 Edinburgh Impressions, £12.50

'The living city: a television panorama of the City of Edinburgh'
Coutts, H Mus J, 85, 1985, 81-83

Building change and plot ownership on an early urban fringe: a Glasgow example
Celtic warfare 1595-1763
Hill, J M Edinburgh, 1986

John Donald, £12.50

Images of Culloden
Harrington, P
J Soc Army Hist Res, 63(256), 1985, 201-20

Defending the Forth, 1880-1910
Smith, V
Fort, 13, 1985, 89-102

The Edinburgh Old Town Guard
Hendry, C
Guns Rev, Dec 85, 910-14

The Stirlingshire Yeomanry Cavalry and the Scottish radical disturbances of April 1820. 2 pts
Mileham, P J R

The art of Scottish firearms
Caldwell, D H
Man-at-Arms, Jan-Feb 85, 26-30

Skottenes raulige bevæpning ved Kringen i 1612
Christopherson, C E
Morsk Vapenhist Selskap Arbok, 1984, 111-22

Possible Scottish armament at Kringen in 1612

HM Tower Armouries: wrought iron cannon project
Smith, R
Hist Metall, 19, 1985, 193-95

Some aspects of the alkaline sulphite method for the treatment of marine archaeological iron
Skinner, T
Bull Scots Soc Conservation Restoration, 1, 1983, 12-16

ammunition from the Dartmouth

A 16th century group of gun towers in Scotland
Caldwell, D H
Fort, 12, 1984, 15-24

The story of Fort George. 4 pts
A A F
Queens Own Highlander, 24(67), 1984, 113-36 ; 24(68), 1985, 30-34 ; 25(69), 1985, 152-60 ; 26(70), 1986, 28-31

Defence of the realm: the restoration of Fort George
Worsley, G
Country Life, 14.8.86, 498-500

Inchkeith: the water supply of an island fortress
Ruckley, N A
Fort, 12, 1984, 67-82

The French prisons in Edinburgh Castle
Allen, N
Book Old Edin Club, 35, 1985, 160-70

Post-medieval pots and potters at Throsk, Stirlingshire
Caldwell, D H & Dean, V E
ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 103-12

Pypis of tabaca: Edinburgh tobacco pipemakers and their pipes
Gallacher, D B & Sharp, A
Edinburgh, 1986

City of Edin District Councl Mus & Art Gall, £4.50
French Connections: Scotland and the arts of France
Roy Scot Mus Edinburgh, 1985 HMSO, £10.50
- Book to accompany exhibition

Royal exile in sanctuary: furniture for the Comte d'Artois at Holyroodhouse
Swain, M Country Life, 8.8.85, 402-04

Understated elegance: Trotter furniture at Holyroodhouse
Swain, M Country Life, 22.8.85, 510-11

Early vernacular furniture in (National) Trust houses
- Heritage Scotland, 3(4), 1986, 11

Scottish embroidery: medieval to modern
Swain, M London, 1986 Batsford, £17.50

Scottish knitting
Bennett, H Princes Risborough, 1986 Shire Publ, £1.25

If it wasnae for the weaver: the work of the weaver in Scotland
Calder, J Edinburgh, 1986 Trustees Nat Mus Scot, £1.50
- Spotlight pack

Auchindrain's loom
Cammock, R The Kist, 32, 1986, 17-22

St Andrews mint under David I

Monnaies "Au globe et a la croix" appartenant a des collections Belges
- James III black coinage

Sterling and usual money of Scotland 1370-1415
Scott, W W Scot Econ Soc Hist, 5, 1985, 4-22

A 15th century coin hoard from Leith

The Tobermory Treasure: the true story of a fabulous Armada galleon
McLeay, A London, 1986 Conway Maritime Press, £12.50

A fifteenth-century copper pyx from the Victoria and Albert and a fourteenth-century candlestick from the National Museum of Antiquities, Edinburgh
Campbell, M Antiq J, 65, 1985, 465-68

The colour cauldron: the history and use of natural dyes in Scotland
Grierson, S Perth, 1986 priv printed, £10.50

Natural dyes of the Scottish Highlands

Dyes on Scottish tartans
Dalrymple, H E (ed) in Dyes on Historical & Archaeological Textiles 3rd meeting York 1984, Edinburgh, 1985, 3-7

102
Costume in Scottish portraits
Marshall, R K Edinburgh, 1986
HMSO, £3.50

"Drottning Margareta s gyllene kjortel" feldaterad pa 100 ar?
Danielsson, A Konsthistorisk Tidskrift, 55(1), 1986, 3-6, 44
- Gown of Margaret of Denmark, Queen of Scotland?

The Perth Glovers sword-dance dress of 1633
Bennett, H
Costume, 19, 1985, 40-57

The Edinburgh milliners 1720-1820
Sanderson, E
Costume, 20, 1986, 18-28

"Bettie Burk's" brogues
Stevenson, R B K
1745 Assoc Quart News, 60, 1986, 1-3

The wearing of wedding rings in Scotland
Marshall, R K
ROSC : Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 1-12

The Arnold Lulls book of jewels and the Court jewellers of Queen Anne of Denmark
Hayward, J

'I am come home' : treasures of Prince Charles Edward Stuart
Dalgleish, G & Mechan, D Edinburgh, 1985 Nat Mus Antiq Scot, £1.50
- Exhibition booklet

Prince Charlie's canteen
Dalgleish, G
Scottish Field, Oct 85, 66-71

For treasonable toasts : the Breadalbane "Amen" glass
Seddon, G R
Country Life, 19.6.86, 1786-87

Wemyss Ware : a decorative Scottish pottery
Davis, P & Rankine, R Edinburgh, 1986 Scot Acad Press, £45

James Tassie, 1733-1799
Holloway, J Edinburgh, 1986 Trustees Nat Gall Scot, £2.95

Painting in Scotland : the golden age
Macmillan, D Oxford, 1986 Phaidon Press, £12.95

The book designs of Talwin Morris (1865-1911)
Seaton, C S
ROSC : Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 13-17

Glasgow Art Deco
Kenna, R Glasgow, 1985 Richard Drew Publ, £3.50

Printed light : the scientific art of William Henry Fox Talbot and David Octavius Hill with Robert Adamson
Ward J & Stevenson, S Edinburgh, 1986 HMSO, £12

Masterpieces of photography from the Riddell collection
Stevenson, S & Lawson, J Edinburgh, 1986 Trustees Nat Gall Scot, £8.95
Town and country. The social scene in Scotland 1850-1920: an exhibition of art and photography
- Glasgow, 1986
  Dept Hist Art, Univ Glasgow, £2

George Washington Wilson in Edinburgh
Durie, A J Keighley, 1986
  Aberdeen Univ Lib, no price given
  Photographs from the GWW collection in Aberdeen Univ Lib

George Washington Wilson in Orkney & Shetland
Smith, J S Keighley, 1986
  Aberdeen Univ Lib, no price given
  Photographs from the GWW collection in Aberdeen Univ Lib

Kinross in old picture postcards
Munro, D M Zaltbommel/Netherlands, 1985
  European Library, £6.95

Brechin in old photographs
Adams, D G & Pitkethly, M Brechin, 1985
  Chanonry Press, £2

Scottish seaside towns
Edwards, B London, 1986
  BBC Publ, £6.95

Villages of Edinburgh. I. North Edinburgh
Cant, M Edinburgh, 1985
  John Donald, £12 : pbk, £5.95

Newhaven-on-Forth: port of grace
McGowran, T Edinburgh, 1985
  John Donald, £3.50

Traditions of Trinity and Leith
Wallace, J M Edinburgh, 1985
  John Donald, £5

The life and times of Leith
Marshall, J S Edinburgh, 1986
  John Donald, £12 : pbk, £5.95

The faces of Leith
McKay, S Edinburgh, 1986
  Moubray House Press, £2.50

The feuars of Gifford
Simpson, J H Edinburgh, 1986
  Scotland's Cultural Heritage Unit, Univ Edin, £3

Kelsae: a history of Kelso from earliest times
Moffat, A Edinburgh, 1985
  Mainstream Publ, £5.50

Ardler, a village history and The planned railway village of Washington
Dingwall, C H Dundee, 1985
  Abertay Hist Soc Publ, £2.25

Kilrenny and Cellardyke
Watson, H D Edinburgh, 1986
  John Donald, £10

The Highlands and Islands: a 19th century tour
Bowman, J E Gloucester, 1986
  Alan Sutton, £10.95

The discovery of the Hebrides: voyagers to the Western Isles 1745-1883
Bray, E Glasgow, 1986
  Collins, £14.95
Daughters of the glen
Stewart, A Aberfeldy, 1986
- Glenlyon

Glencoe and the end of the Highland war
Hopkins, P Edinburgh, 1986

Corrie and Cardenden
Hutchison, A (ed) Edinburgh, 1986

The history of Irvine
Strawhorn, J Edinburgh, 1985

Dumfriesshire and Galloway observed: the diaries of A O Curie 1911-13
Stell, G Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc, 58, 1983, 84-91

A century of the Scottish people 1830-1950
Smout, T C London, 1986

Labour in Scotland: a pictorial history from the 18th century to the present day
MacDougall, I (ed) Edinburgh, 1985

Social concern and social control in 19th century Scotland: Paisley 1841-43
Dickson, T & Clarke, T Scot Hist Rev, 65(1), 1986, 48-60

Migration to 19th century Barrow-in-Furness: an examination of the Census Enumerators' Books 1841-1871

"Frequent flitting": geographical mobility and social structure in mid-19th century Greenlaw
Houston, R Scot Stud, 27, 1983, 31-48

No ordinary man: William Anderson's Edinburgh journal, 1903-1906
- Edinburgh, 1986

Scottish literacy and the Scottish identity: illiteracy and society in Scotland and northern England 1600-1800
Houston, R Cambridge, 1985

Some researches selected from the period 1557-1731 into early schooling in Bute

Agricultural science in higher education: problems of identity in Britain's first Chair of Agriculture, Edinburgh 1790-c.1831
Richards, S Agric Hist Rev, 33, 1985, 59-65
A neglected Scottish agriculturalist: the "Georgical Lectures" and agricultural writings of the Rev Dr John Walker (1713-1803)
Withers, C W J
_Agric Hist Rev_, 33, 1985, 132-46

For the people's cause - from the writings of John Murdoch, Highland and Irish land reformer

William Marshall, agricultural writer, in Scotland
Withers, C J

The distribution and significance of 'Bordland' in medieval Britain
Winchester, A J L
_Agric Hist Rev_, 34(2), 1986, 129-39

Scottish agriculture over two centuries
Sprott, G
_Rev Roy Highland Agric Soc Scot_, 16, 1984, 7-12

Corn rigs and barley rigs: 200 years of change on the Scottish farm
Bryden, M Edinburgh, 1986
- Spotlight pack

From lairds to louns: country and burgh life in Aberdeen, 1600-1800

The shaping of 19th century Aberdeenshire
Wood, S Stevenage, 1985

Highland communities in Dundee and Perth 1787-1891
Withers, C W J
_Abertay Hist Soc_, £4.75

The laird, the Church, the crofter: Strachur and district 1783-1983
Morton, A Ayr, nd
- The author, 38, Chalmers Ave, Ayr, no price given

A history of the Highland clearances. 2. Emigration, protest, reasons
Richards, E London, 1985
_Croom Helm_, £25

Go listen to the crofters: the Napier Commission and crofting a century ago
Cameron, A D Lewis, 1986
_Acair Ltd_, £8.95

As an shearrann: from the land. Clearance conflict and crofting - a century of images of the Scottish Highlands
Maclean, M Edinburgh, 1986
_Mainstream Publ_, £6.50

Crofter power in Easter Ross: the Land League at work 1884-98
Gibson, R np 1986
_Highland Heritage Educ Trust_, £2

Crofter colonisation in Canada, 1886-1892: the Scottish political background
MacDonald, S
_Northern Scotl_, 7(1), 1986, 47-59

Three mid-Argyll stances
Fergusson, C F
- Drove roads

106
The plaque in the grass (grass sickness in horses)
Fraser, A F. ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 23-29

Seaweed and the North Ronaldsay sheep
Paterson, I. Ark, 12, 1985, 304-5

Papers relating to game poaching on Deeside, 1766-1832

Some 18th century dykers
Campbell, M. The Kist, 29, 1985, 1-5

The Scots in Canada
Humsted, J M. Ottawa, 1982 Canadian Historical Association
$8.71 (delivered price)

Scotland and its first American colony, 1683-1765
Landsman, N. Princeton, nd Princeton Univ Press, $35

Polar Scots: Scottish explorers in the Arctic and Antarctic
Bunyan, I. Edinburgh, 1986 Trustees Nat Mus Scot, £1.50

The corncob for Scotland: Scots in India
Cain, A M. Edinburgh, 1986 Nat Lib Scot, £3.50

Craigston and Meldrum Estates, Carriacou, 1769-1841

The convicts of 1830: Scottish criminals transported to New South Wales

Shetland life and trade
Smith, H D. Edinburgh, 1984 John Donald, £20

Scottish trade with Ireland in the 18th century
Cochran, L E. Edinburgh, 1985 John Donald, £16

Scotland's North Sea gateway: Aberdeen harbour, 1136-1986
Turner, J R. Aberdeen, 1986 Aberdeen Univ Press, £7.90

John Ewen of Aberdeen, 1745-1821: merchant, politician, poet and connoisseur
Maxwell, S. Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 596

- Lecture summary

Trade and traders: some links between Sweden and the ports of Montrose and Arbroath 1742-1830
Duncan, J G. Northern Scotl, 7(1), 1986, 23-38

Hanseatic port of call (Symbister, Whalsay, Shetland)

Harnessing the wind: Captain Thomas Mitchell of the Aberdeen White Star Line
Carnegie, H. Aberdeen, 1985 Centre for Scottish Studies, Kings College, £2

107
Who were the sailormen?
Sprott, G C
ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 23-51

Pearl fishing in Scotland
Sprott, G C

The fringe of gold: the fishing villages of Scotland's east coast, Orkney and Shetland
Maclean, C Edinburgh, 1985 Canongate Publ, £5.95

Wick Harbour and the herring fishing.
Sutherland, I Wick, nd Camps Bookshop/Wick Society, £1.75

The Lammas drave and the winter herring: a history of the herring fishing from East Fife
Smith, P Edinburgh, 1985 John Donald, £5.95

Focus on fishing - Arbroath and Gourdon
Hay, E R & Walker, B Abertay Hist Soc Publ, 23

Notes on long-line fishing from Arbroath, Ferryden and Gourdon
Adams, D G ROSC: Rev Scot Culture, 2, 1986, 37-42

The tyranny of tide: an oral history of the East Sutherland fisherfolk
Dorian, N C Ann Arbor, Mich., 1985 Karoma, £11.45

At Scotland’s edge: a celebration of the lighthouse service in Scotland and the Isle of Man
Allardyce, K & Hood, E M Glasgow, 1986 Collins, £14.95

Southerness Lighthouse
Stell, G Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc, 59, 1984, 64-69

Thomas Winter’s chart of the Solway Firth

TheRoy map: the Protracted and Fair Copies - part 1
Whittington, G Scot Geogr Mag, 102, 1986, 18-28

Additions to "The early printed maps of Dumfriesshire and Galloway"

Monuments of industry: an illustrated historical record
Hay, G D & Stell, G P Edinburgh, 1986 RCAHMS, £28

A guide to industrial archaeology sites in Britain
Minchinton, W London, 1984 Granada, £10.95: pbk, £4.95

60 industrial archaeology sites in Scotland
- Edinburgh, 1985 Assoc Indus Archaeol, 95p

108
The ownership of coal royalties in Scotland
Brunskill, I et al
Scot Econ Soc Hist, 5, 1985, 79-89

The iron industry of the Monklands (concluded) : The individual ironworks. 3.
Thomson, G
Scot Indus Hist, 7, 1984, 8-33

The charcoal-fired blast furnaces of Scotland : a review
Lewis, J H
Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 433-80

Life after the blast - Bonawe Iron Furnace, Argyll
Tabraham, C
Country Life, 176, 1984, 1222-24

A survey of Scottish windpumps
Douglas, G & Oglethorpe, M
Indus Archaeol Rev, 7, 1984, 74-84

Draining the Wanlockhead lead mines : a note on the introduction and use of hydraulic pumping engines
Downs-Rose, G
Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc, 59, 1984, 70-81

Survey of Garroch waterpower system, Closeburn, Nithdale
Clarke, R J
Trans Dumfriesshire Galloway Natur Hist Antiq Soc, 59, 1984, 82-93

New flame : an illustrated history of piped gas
Barty-King, H
Tavistock, 1985

The railways of Scotland : papers of Andrew C O’Dell
Mellor, R E H
Aberdeen, 1985
Centre for Scottish Studies, King’s College, £2

The railways of Brechin
Simms, W
Forfar, 1985
Angus District Lib & Mus, £2.75

Renaissance of the Scottish station (Wemyss Bay, Stirling, Aberdeen, Perth)
Binney, M
Country Life, 178, 1985, 622-23

Glasgowtrammerung : the twilight of the Glasgow tram
Greenwood, C
Turriff, 1986
Heritage Press (Scotland), £7.50

Bridge across the century : the story of the Forth Road Bridge
McKay, S
Edinburgh, 1985
Moubray House Press, £2.50

Post Offices on the Isle of Bute
Patterson, E M
Trans Buteshire Natur Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 49-55

An illustrated catalogue of stocks in Great Britain
Sporne, K R
Cambridge, 1986
priv printed, £6
- from author, I Westberry Court, Grange Road, Cambridge CB3 98G

The policing of Rothesay and the county of Bute
Patterson, G N
Trans Buteshire Hist Soc, 22, 1985, 57-62
Food in change: eating habits from the Middle Ages to the present day
Fenton, A & Kisban, E Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £12.50

Not just haggis: food and drink in Scotland
Hazell, K Edinburgh, 1986 Trustees Nat Must Scot, £1.50
- Spotlight pack

The good Scots diet: what happened to it?
Steven, M Aberdeen, 1985 Aberdeen Univ Press, £13.90; pbk, £7.90

Food on Sunday
Fenton, A

Mrs M'CIntock's receipts for cookery and pastry-work 1736
Macleod, I intro Aberdeen, 1986 Aberdeen Univ Press, £3.95

The roaring game - memories of Scottish curling
Smith, D B Glasgow, 1985 Glasgow Mus & Art Gall, £2

The Hibernians: story of Hibernian Football Club
Mackay, J R Edinburgh, 1986 John Donald, £5.95

St Andrews
Stanley, L T London, 1986 W H Allen, £2
- History of golf

Music hall memories: recollections of Scottish music hall and pantomine
House, J Glasgow, 1986 Richard Drew Publ, £3.50

Highland balls and village halls: a look at the Scot and his dancing
Lockhart, C W Barr, 1985 Luath Press, £3.95

The Hebridean connection: accounts and stories of the Uist sennachie
Ferguson, D A & Macdonald, A J Halifax, Nova Scotia, 1986 priv printed, no price given

Songs and ballads of Dundee
Gatherer, N Edinburgh, 1985 John Donald, £7.50

The Burry Man of Queensferry
Cruickshank, G Mus J, 86(1), 1986, 32-33

Who comes here? A history of the Freemasons at Keith
Ramden, J W Keith, 1985 Lodge St James No 713, Keith, no price given

Masonry, symbolism and ethics in the life of Sir Robert Moray FRS
Stevenson, D Proc Soc Antiq Scot, 114, 1984, 405-32

The performance of the Standard Life Assurance Company in the ordinary market for life insurance 1825-50
Treble, J H Scot Econ Soc Hist, 5, 1985, 57-77
CONTRIBUTORS to this issue of DISCOVERY & EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND are listed below. Comments or queries should be addressed to the contributors.

Archer, E 18 Hope Street, Lanark
Armit, I Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh

Bailey, G Falkirk Museum, 15 Orchard Street, Falkirk
Bell, B See NoSAS
Blance, M See Fojut, N
Boag, D See Marshall, D
Bodys, D See Marshall, D
Bowler, D See SUAT

Caldwell, D RMS, Queen Street, Edinburgh
Callender, R 6 Learmonth Gardens, Edinburgh
Campbell, D 3E Lismore Crescent, Dunollie, Oban
Candow, R G See Proudfoot, E
Cannell, J 6 Bongate View, Jedburgh
Carmichael, K See Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society
Connock, K Tir-n-an-Og, Taynuilt, Argyll
Cormack, W 16 Dryffe Road, Lockerbie
Cowie, T G Royal Museum of Scotland, Queen Street, Edinburgh
Curtis, G 4 Braid Mount Rise, Edinburgh

Dale, P 7 Simpson Avenue, Tillicoultry, Clackmannan
Dick, A 13 Grampian Drive, Kirriemuir, Angus
Dockerill, S School of Archaeological Sciences, Bradford

Edinburgh Archaeological Field Society: See Mitchell, K
Emery, N Dept of Archaeology, University of Durham
Evans, D Art Gallery & Museum, Schoolhill, Aberdeen
Ewart, G 23 Eyre Crescent, Edinburgh
Exton, H Nyuggel, Lunabister, Dumrossness, Shetland.

Fojut, N SDD-HBM
Foxon, A Museum & Art Gallery, Kelvingrove, Glasgow.

Gentles, D See Harden, G
Gladwin, PF Braigh Varr, Minard, Argyll
Gourlay, R See Harden, G
Granville, Lord & Lady See Curtis, G
Grove, D Little Croft, Eildon, Melrose, Roxburghshire.

Haggerty, A 56A Ravensheugh Road, Musselburgh
Hall, D SUAT
Harden, G Museum & Art Gallery, Kirk Wynd, Inverness
Harding, D Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh
Hoek, M van Hoogstraat 60, 5061 Ex Oisterwyk, Holland
Holdsworth, P SUAT
Holmes, N Lady Stair's House Museum, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh
Hunter, C Lerags House, Lerags, by Oban.

Jones, G See Keillar, I
Kahane, Mrs A Kilchoan Lodge, Poltalloch, Kilmartin, Argyll
Keillar, I 80 Duncan Drive, Elgin, Moray
Keppie, L Hunterian Museum, University of Glasgow
Knox, R c/o Cowie, T G

111
Leask, R
Lewis, J
Lind, M
Lonie, W
Love, P
Lowe, C
Lynn, D

MacBrien, J H
McFadzean, H
McFarlane, P
McLeod, J
Main, L
Marshall, D
Marshall, I
Mercer, R
Middleton, R
Mitchell, K
Morris, R
Mowat, R
Murray, H K
Murray, J C
Murray, Mr & Mrs M
Newall, F

NoSAS

Owen, O
Patterson, E
Pearson, M
Perrons, M
Perry, D
Pollock, D
Ponting, M
Proudfoot, E

Purvis, I W

Ralston, I
Reed, D
Reid, A
Reid, J
Rennie, E
Richards, C
Rideout, J
Rieder, R
Ross, A
Ross, D

RCAHMS

RMS

SDD - HBM

See Fojut, N
329 Easter Road, Edinburgh
SUAT
11 Dean Place, Newstead
Rosebud Cottage, 12 Rosetta Road, Peebles
See Owen, O
See NoSAS

SUAT (Glasgow), 4/2 30 Bell Street, Glasgow
13 Dunster Road, Stirling
c/o Cowie, T G
See Harden, G
Central Regional Council, Planning Dept,
Viewforth, Stirling
23 Ardbeg Road, Rothesay, Bute
20 Calderwood Road, Rutherglen
Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh
See Marshall, D
4 Muir Wood Drive, Currie, Midlothian
22 Belmont Road, Kilmacolm, Inverclyde
49 Grieve Street, Dunfermline
See Murray, J C
Art Gallery & Museum, Schoolhill, Aberdeen
Kilmahumaig, Crinan, by Lochgilphead
Bridge of Weir
N of Scotland Archaeological Services,
Nisthouse, Orkney, Harrey.

25 Caldwell Road, W Kilbride, Ayrshire
See Cannock, K
Bruichladdich, Islay, Argyll
29 Balfoulsie Street, Perth
Douglasmuir, Friockheim, Angus
Olcote, New Park, Callanish, Lewis
Fife: Archaeological Index,
St John's House, University of St Andrews
Tornaveen, Clachan, Tarbert, Argyll

Dept of Archaeology, University of Edinburgh
Artefact Research Unit, 5 Coates Place, Edinburgh
Art Gallery & Museum, George Street, Perth
Cowl, 2 Hopetoun Lane, Bathgate, West Lothian
Upper Netherby, Kirn, Dunoon
Dept of Archaeology, University of Glasgow
SDD - HBM
See Harden, G
See Harden, G
Poynztfield Herb Nursery, Black Isle, by Dingwall
Royal Commission on the Ancient & Historical
Monuments of Scotland, 54 Melville Street,
Edinburgh
Royal Museum of Scotland, Queen Street, Edinburgh
Scottish Development Dept, Historic Buildings &
Monuments, 20 Brandon Street, Edinburgh

112
Scott, J G
Sherriff, J
Selby, Mrs
Siggins, Mrs G
Smith, B
Smith, H
Spearman, R M
Stones, J
Strong, P
SUAT

Topping, P
Vass, D
Walker, J
Ward, T
Welsh, T
Wickham-Jones, C R
Woodham, A
Wordsworth, J

Woodrow Bank, Creebridge, Newton Stewart
RCAHMS, 54 Melville Street, Edinburgh
See Harden, G
Glencarra, Carradale, Argyll
See Fojut, N
SUAT
RMS
Art Gallery & Museum, Schoolhill, Aberdeen
Rattenrow, Dalston, Carlisle
Scottish Urban Archaeological Trust,
55 South Methven Street, Perth

Callanish Research Centre, Callanish, Lewis
See Harden, G

4 James Square, Biggar
7 Ambassador Close, Mudeford,
Christchurch, Dorset
RMS/ARU
Scardroy, 1 Greenhill Street, Dingwall
See Harden, G
The Council for British Archaeology is an independent organisation whose object is to further the cause of Archaeology. In Scotland its activities are carried out by CBA SCOTLAND.

**MEMBERSHIP**

**INSTITUTIONAL MEMBERSHIP** is available for Institutions/Societies - museums, university departments, schools, local authorities, archaeological, historical, amenity, record societies and other bodies interested in the recording of Scotland's past.

**ASSOCIATE MEMBERSHIP** is available for individuals, whether or not they are members of Institutions or Societies.

**CONSOLIDATED SUBSCRIPTIONS** are available for bodies wishing to purchase annual publications only.

**PUBLICATIONS**

**DISCOVERY and EXCAVATION IN SCOTLAND.** Back issues are available for most years from 1966 to 1984.

**SCOTTISH ARCHAEOLOGICAL GAZETTE.** Back issues Nos 2 to 9 are available.

Other publications:

**ANCIENT MONUMENTS, HISTORIC BUILDINGS and PLANNING : OCCASIONAL PAPER NO 1, 1984.** Published by CBAS & Univ of St Andrews. £2 plus post & packing.

**UNDERSTANDING SCOTTISH GRAVEYARDS** by Betty Willsher. Published by W & R Chambers. Available direct from CBAS or from booksellers. £3.75 plus post & packing.

**HOW TO RECORD SCOTTISH GRAVEYARDS** by Betty Willsher. Published by CBAS. £2.25 plus post & packing.

Available from:
The Publications Secretary
CBA Scotland
c/o Royal Museum of Scotland
York Buildings, Room 313
1 Queen Street
EDINBURGH, EH2 1JD.
Are you concerned about the past in Scotland?

Do you want to know more about the archaeological remains of your area?

Have you ever thought about joining your local Archaeological Society?

Do you know who is responsible for ancient sites in Scotland?

Do you know who to contact if you find an archaeological site or object?

If you want to know more about archaeology in Scotland contact: THE COUNCIL FOR BRITISH ARCHAEOLOGY SCOTLAND.

Registered as a Charity

For further information and Application for Membership apply to:-

The Hon Treasurer
CBA Scotland
c/o The Royal Museum of Scotland
York Buildings, Room 313
1 Queen Street
EDINBURGH, EH2 1JD.

PRICE: £2.50 (plus post & packing)